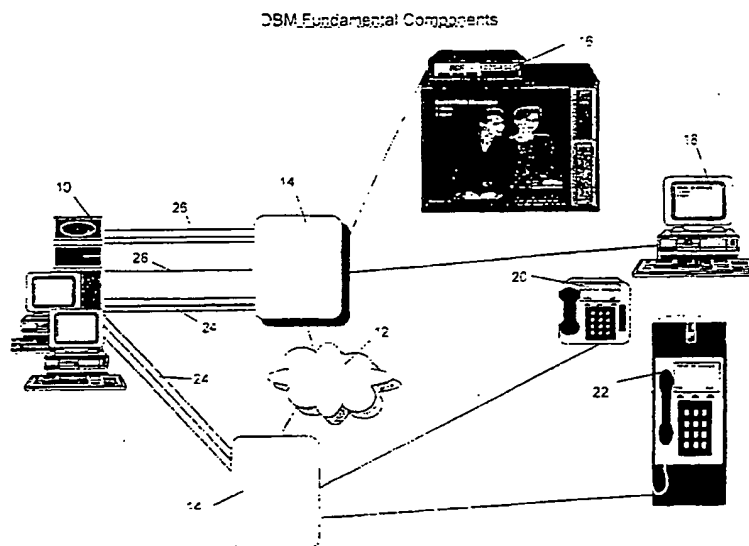




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(54) Title: DISPLAY BASED MARKETING MESSAGE CONTROL SYSTEM AND METHOD



## (57) Abstract

A marketing system for use in a public switched telephone system having stored program controlled switches connected to customer premise equipment having an Analog Display Service Interface, comprises a storage device for storing predetermined information respecting each of customer premise equipment, a device for assembling and managing messages including creating a message to be delivered to one or more of the customer premise equipment, linking each message with one or more of the customer premise equipment, scheduling the delivery of the messages at a predetermined time, and measuring the response of each customer premise equipment to messages delivered thereto.

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DISPLAY BASED MARKETING MESSAGE CONTROL SYSTEM AND METHOD

The present invention relates to a method and an apparatus for creating a marketing communications channel whereby display based informational, promotional and advertisement messages are delivered through a public telephone network to unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

As screen based telephony becomes more prevalent, there is a need to employ these screens to provide a marketing communications channel that has attributes that exceed those of traditional mass marketing communications channels - television, radio, direct mail and telephone soliciting. Existing channels are not intrinsically targetable and measurable, i.e. they do not intrinsically have the ability to target a single screen based device or any group of screen based devices with messages that are based on consumer demographics or buying behaviour.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a marketing communications channel that is intrinsically targetable and measurable. The ability to target a single screen based device or any group of screen based devices with messages that are based on consumer demographics or buying behaviour means that messages have more relevance to consumers and advertisers. Targeting can be controlled by: direct marketers - thereby increasing the effectiveness of the message; and by the consumer - thereby increasing the acceptance of the message. Since this medium is connected to the public telephone network, it provides for a high degree of measurability. Messages prompt users to generate calls directly to the marketer or to interactive information systems. These calls can be counted by traditional telephony means providing response measurement statistics for the direct marketer.

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One aspect of the present invention is defined as a marketing system for use in a public switched telephone system having stored program controlled switches connected to customer premise equipment having an Analog Display

5 Service Interface, the system comprising a storage device for storing predetermined information respecting each of customer premise equipment, a device for assembling and managing messages including creating a message to be delivered to one or more of the customer premise equipment,

10 linking each message with one or more of the customer premise equipment, scheduling the delivery of the messages at a predetermined time, and measuring the response of each customer premise equipment to messages delivered thereto.

Another aspect of the present invention is defined as

15 a process for non-intrusively delivering informational, promotional and advertisement messages over a public telephone network to unattended screen based devices, comprising the steps of creating a message to be delivered, storing said message, selecting one or more of said screen

20 based devices to which said message is to be delivered, scheduling said message for delivery at a predetermined time, delivering said message at said predetermined time, detecting a response to said message; and storing said response.

25 The preferred embodiment introduces DBM messages as targeted display based informational, promotional and advertising messages delivered through the public switched telephone network to consumer's unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner. A second embodiment

30 expands this fundamental concept and calls this component of DBM messages the "little". After viewing the "little" message, the consumer may call up a detailed message known as the "lot" and then, if desired, place a call to a retailer in the "call" step.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other features of the invention will become more apparent from the following description in which reference is made to the appended drawings wherein:

5           FIGURE 1 is a diagrammatic view illustrating the preferred embodiment of the message control system of the present invention connected to display based devices via stored program controlled switches of a digital Public Switched Telephone Network;

10           FIGURES 2a-2c are diagrammatic representations of display based telephone units and FIGURES 2d-2e are diagrammatic representations of television units serving as screen based devices contemplated by the present invention;

15           FIGURES 3a-3d are diagrammatic representations of how DBM messages are reviewed in the Feature Download Management Facility of a SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> compliant device;

20           FIGURES 4a-4c are diagrammatic representations of how DBM messages are reviewed on the idle display of a Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone;

            FIGURE 5 is a view similar to FIGURE 1 but illustrates other aspects of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

25           FIGURE 6-00 through 6-12 illustrate various computer screens of the preferred embodiment of the control system of the present invention;

30           FIGURE 7 is a block diagrammatic view of how Message Delivery Circuits are employed for a stored program controlled switch equipped with telemetry trunk type accesses;

            FIGURE 8 is a block diagrammatic view of how Message Delivery Circuits are employed for a stored program controlled switch equipped with non-telemetry trunk type accesses;

35           FIGURE 9 is a block diagrammatic view illustrating delivery of the messages in accordance with Feature

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Download Management as specified for Server-initiated service script updates after stored program controlled switch cut through connections have been established;

FIGURE 10 is a view similar to FIGURE 9 but for message delivery to Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone after stored program controlled switch cut through connections have been established;

FIGURES 11-01 through 11-25 illustrate various computer screens showing the results of a variety of control system processes;

FIGURE 12 is a flow chart illustrating the Message Input process according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 13 is a flow chart illustrating the Scheduler process according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURES 14 and 15 are a flow chart illustrating the Spooler process according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 16 is a flow chart illustrating the Refresh and the MADS Additional Information processes according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 17 is a flow chart illustrating the Response process according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 18 is a flow chart illustrating the Response Report Generation process according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 19 is a block diagram representation of typical functional components of the overall Message Control System;

FIGURE 20 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating how a DBM "little" message will be presented on the display of a screen based device and how the consumer will interact with the message;

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FIGURE 21 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating how a DBM "lot" message will be presented and heard on the display of a screen based device and how the consumer will interact with the message;

5       FIGURE 22 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating the message presented on the display of a screen based device when a consumer selects the "call" soft key;

10       FIGURE 23 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating the system context of the second embodiment of the system;

FIGURE 24 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating the system physical partitioning of the second embodiment of the system;

15       FIGURE 25 is a diagrammatic representation illustrating the system software components of the second embodiment of the system;

20       FIGURE 26 is a diagrammatic representation of how DBM "little" messages are reviewed in the idle state of a Northern Telecom Vista 350 in the second embodiment of the system;

25       FIGURE 27 is a diagrammatic representation of how DBM "little" messages are reviewed in the Feature Download Management facility of FR-NWT-000012 compliant screen based devices;

FIGURE 28 is a diagrammatic representation of how the CallMall is accessed from the Feature Download Management facility of FR-NWT-000012 compliant screen based devices; and

30       FIGURE 29-01 through 29-33 illustrate the various screens viewed by the consumer on their screen based device while interacting with the CallMall.

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DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTGeneral Description

Three fundamental components are required to establish the new marketing communications channel according to the present invention. As shown in FIGURE 1, these include a Display Based Marketing (DBM) control system 10, a digital Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) 12 having Stored Program Controlled Switches (SPCS) 14, and screen based devices 16, 18, 20 and 22 connected to the public telephone network and which have the ability to receive and store display based messages when unattended. The control system provides the ability to create messages, target messages to individual screen based devices, deliver messages to those devices, offer additional information on messages, and gather response rates to messages by those devices. Message delivery is non-intrusive, that is message delivery is initiated by the system through the SPCS to unattended screen based devices without ringing the screen based device. To perform this, message delivery circuits 24 must be provided by the SPCS that provide the means to make a connection through the SPCS to the screen based device without ringing the screen based device. The type of message delivery circuits required for each SPCS depends upon the functionality of the SPCS. The marketing communications channel achieved by the present invention provides targetability to the resolution of a single screen based device. Thus, a unique connection must be established, through the SPCS, between the control system and each screen based device targeted for delivery of messages according to the present invention. The number of message delivery circuits required for each SPCS can be determined by simple traffic engineering.

Screen based devices 16-22 initially manifest as devices compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, devices with adjuncts that are compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, and devices that are prototypes of SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> like the

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Northern Telecom Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone. The control system initiates non-intrusive delivery of messages to unattended screen based devices to be viewed at the leisure of the device user. The screen based device must, therefore, in the unattended state, accept control system initiated message delivery and allow the storage of messages until the control system overwrites the messages with new messages or the user of the device erases the messages. Devices compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, have the ability to permanently store messages. Devices that are prototypes of SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> can only temporarily store messages and can be erased before the user has viewed them. To overcome this problem, the control system provides a refresh facility so that users of prototype devices like the Northern Telecom Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone may request another delivery of lost messages.

Individual message content may include, but is not limited to, community service information, straight advertising, electronic coupons redeemable for discounts, and sponsored information. Message delivery to screen based devices is scheduled-hourly, daily, weekly, etc. During a scheduled delivery, numerous individual messages from numerous message sponsors are grouped together and delivered by the control system to screen based devices. The number of individual messages included in the delivery is a function of the storage capability of the targeted screen based device and, thus, as initially defined by SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. The manner in which messages appear on the screen of a screen based device is a function of the screen size of the device.

The messages delivered to the screen based devices program soft-keys on the screen based device as defined by SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. Messages will typically program soft-keys as:

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- More - when pressed causes the screen based device display more of an individual message.
- 5 Next - when pressed causes the screen based device to skip to the next message of a multi-message delivery.
- Call - when pressed causes the screen based device to auto dial the telephone number programmed by the display based message. The destination of the call is the retailer/direct marketer.
- 10 Listen - when pressed causes the screen based device to auto dial the telephone number programmed by the display based message. The destination of call is an interactive information system.
- 15 Start - appears with the last message and when pressed causes the screen based device to display the first message.
- 20 Quit - when pressed returns the display of the screen based device to its default state.

Individual messages will prompt users to depress a soft key programmed with Call or Listen to allow the user to obtain additional information about a particular message, a product or a service. The Call soft key causes the screen based device to generate a call to a retailer or direct marketer. The Listen soft key causes the screen based device to generate a call to information sources such as a voice mail box, an interactive voice response (IVR) system, or an interactive system that follows SR-NWT-002495<sup>2</sup>.

25 Regardless of the destination, these calls are crucial to the communications channel because they can be counted by traditional telephony means, providing response measurement statistics which are of great value to the direct marketer.

30

35 One component of the system provides the mechanism for providing additional information. These components are:

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voice mail system or interactive voice response system, an interactive system that follows the recommendations of SR-NWT-002495<sup>2</sup>. As these systems receive telephone calls, lines or trunks 26 are required from the SPCS serving the system.

The system collects the call count/response measurement information by employing an SPCS feature and data link 28 compliant with TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup>. This SPCS feature is assigned to all telephone lines and numbers that receive calls generated by depressing a soft key on a screen based device in response to a message. This feature and the required data link may be required from multiple SPCS.

#### Detailed Description

In the current form, the marketing communications channel includes screen based devices compliant, and screen based devices with adjuncts that are compliant, with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. It will also include the Northern Telecom Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone that is a near compliant prototype of SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. In the near term, screen based devices will proliferate the public telephone network with numerous competing standards arising. The technology based components of the present invention will evolve to support these new standards, though the principles and fundamental concepts of the marketing communications channel will remain the same-a marketing communications channel whereby display based informational, promotional and advertisement messages are delivered through the public telephone network to unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner.

The following detailed description describes specifically a method and an apparatus for the delivery of display based informational, promotional and advertisement messages through the public telephone network to unattended screen based devices compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, unattended screen based devices with adjuncts that are

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compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, and unattended Northern Telecom Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephones.

#### Screen Based Devices

Before describing the method and apparatus of the present invention, it would be useful to review screen based devices. Messages are stored in screen based devices compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> and adjuncts compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> as service scripts employing the Feature Download Management (FDM) facility of these devices. The actual commands (Feature Download Message Parameters) for downloading service scripts to the screen based device are described in TR-NWT-001273<sup>4</sup>. The messages are delivered to unattended screen based devices employing the Server-initiated service script update methodology defined in SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> section 3.1.3.1.2. DBM messages or screenTalk<sup>®</sup> or some other name that uniquely identifies these messages will appear on the FDM Page.

FIGURES 2a, 2b and 2c illustrate display based devices in the form of telephone units 30 having display screens 32. The messages delivered to the units in FIGURES 2a and 2b are in the form of community service messages while that of FIGURE 2c is a straight advertising message. Each of these units includes conventional handsets 34 and keypads 36. In addition, each includes a number (three in FIGURES 2a and 2b and six in FIGURE 2c) of soft-keys 40, i.e. programmable keys, in the form of spring loaded depressible buttons. The appropriate label for each key is imbedded in the message delivered to the unit as explained more fully later. The display based devices illustrated in FIGURES 2d and 2e are in the form of television sets. The messages in these cases are sponsored messages. These units are not provided with physical buttons. Rather, selections are made by manipulating a remote screen control unit (not shown) which controls a cursor on the television screen. The manner in which selections are made does not form part of the present invention and, accordingly, are

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not described in detail. FIGURES 3a through 3d illustrate the procedure for reviewing DBM messages, where messages are stored in the FDM facility of a SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> compliant device.

5           The Northern Telecom Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone is a prototype of SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. This screen based device does not support the FDM facility and thus cannot store messages as service scripts. Since these devices do not support the FDM facility, they cannot be forced off-hook as defined in  
10 SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> section 3.1.3.1.2. Because of this, the messages are delivered to on-hook Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephones. The Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone closely follows the Data Transmission Protocol and Data Link Layer requirements for on-hook data transmission without power ringing as defined in TR-NWT-  
15 000030<sup>5</sup>. As such, the Sesame<sup>®</sup> does not provide Data Link Layer acknowledgments. However, the Sesame<sup>®</sup> closely adheres to the Server Display Control facility of SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, and it is this facility that is employed by the present invention to store messages in these devices. The  
20 actual commands (Server Display Control Messages) closely follow those defined in TR-NWT-001273<sup>4</sup>. FIGURE 4 illustrates the procedure for reviewing DBM messages, where messages are stored in a Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone and available on the idle display. The Sesame<sup>®</sup> erases the contents of the  
25 Server Display Control facility when the telephone is taken off-hook. As a result, messages are lost if the Sesame<sup>®</sup> is taken off-hook, and it is possible that the user can erase the messages before they are viewed. To overcome this problem, the system provides a Refresh Mechanism, described  
30 later, through which users can request the immediate re-delivery of messages.

#### Message Control System

FIGURE 5 illustrates the three elements which comprise the Display Based Marketing (DBM) System. These  
35 elements are the Targeting and Response Database (TRDB) 60,

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the Message Assembly and Delivery System (MADS) 62, and the Interactive Information Platforms (IIP) 63 and 64.

Targeting and Response Database

In the preferred embodiment of the present invention,  
5 the Targeting and Response Database (TRDB) 60 is an executable software program which may be created using any commercially available database management program, such as Aston Tate's DB3+ software package which operates in the  
10 DOS (Disk Operating System) environment on a personal computer. The TRDB allows the DBM operator to create target groups of screen based devices and compile reports from the response measurements collected. All screen based devices connected to the public telephone network are identified by the telephone number assigned to it by the  
15 serving telephone company. The Targeting and Response Database relates the screen based device, its telephone number and a profile of the person(s) or family using the screen based device. The database user profile consists of demographic and purchasing habit information that can be  
20 used to target DBM messages. The screen based device user receiving DBM messages may have access to the profile to allow control over the message types and message contents the user will accept. Users may change their profile by calling the DBM System operator or by accessing an  
25 interactive response system that updates the user profile in the TRDB.

When DBM messages require targeting to specific user profiles, the defining attributes are selected from the available attributes in the TRDB (for example, age, salary,  
30 number of children, grocery store of choice, etc.) by the DBM system operator. The TRDB returns, in the form of an ASCII file, the telephone numbers of the screen based devices that are targeted. This file is then transferred to the Message Assembly and Delivery System (MADS).  
35 Response measurement information in the form of an ASCII file is transferred from the MADS to the TRDB. The TRDB

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processes this information into report format to be provided to the retailer or direct marketer.

The TRDB menus, as viewed from the operator's console, are illustrated in FIGURES 11-01 to 11-25. FIGURE 11-01 illustrates the main menu which appears when the TRDB is loaded. Option 1, "Load Survey Data", allows the DBM operator to input individual consumer information. Option 2, "Select Survey Data", allows the DBM operator to select a target consumer or a target group of consumers, based on specific consumer information found in the database. The request provides telephone number(s) and club card number(s). A club card is a means by which consumers who receive DBM messages may differentiate themselves, when interfacing with retailers, from consumers who do not receive DBM messages. Club cards may be used to claim electronic coupons from retailers as an example of the cards multiplicity of uses. Option 3, "Delete Survey Data", simply allows the DBM operator to remove all information on an individual consumer from the TRDB by telephone number. Option 4, "Print Survey Data", enables the DBM operator to print all survey data for an individual consumer in the database by telephone number. Option 5, "Load Unix Data", allows DBM operator to import response logs from the MADS into the TRDB. Option 6, "Select Unix Data", allows the DBM operator to view response activity on an individual or all consumers in the database. Option 7, "Print Unix Data", allows the DBM operator to print response activity on an individual or all consumers in database. Option 8, "Back Up Data", facilitates back up and restoration of TRDB.

FIGURES 11-02 to 11-12 illustrate the various data input and selection screens and the type and nature of information stored by the TRDB in connection with each display based device in an area. FIGURES 11-13 and 11-14 illustrate the results of a targeting process, i.e. a list of telephone numbers. This list is stored in electronic

form as an ASCII file, as previously mentioned, which will be accessed by the Message Assembly and Delivery System.

The screens illustrated in FIGURES 11-02 to 11-06 allow the operator to input and edit consumer information.

- 5 The screen illustrated in FIGS 11-02 allows the DBM operator to input consumer database information, such as customer name, telephone number, club card membership number, gender, family size, the various age categories of family members, marital status, employment status, level of
- 10 education, range of family income, number of household members contributing to family income and which bank is used for day to day banking requirements. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-03 allows the DBM operator to input consumer database information such as dwelling owned
- 15 or rented, the type of dwelling, source of heat, if customer has pets, listed by number and type, number of automobiles including the year, make, model, and if serviced by dealer, if customer has facsimile machine, voice messaging, photocopier, computer or typewriter. The
- 20 screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-04 allows the DBM operator to input consumer database information such as sports in which household members actively participate, their leisure activities, how much is spent weekly on movies, fast food, dining out, bingo, at the horse races, theatre, on
- 25 spectator sports and other categories of this nature, membership in clubs or associations, frequency of travel outside of the province, number of hours television viewed per day, radio station listened to and what radio information of greatest interest. The screen illustrated
- 30 in FIGURE 11-05 allows the DMB operator to input consumer database information such as customer ownership of video cassette recorder, microwave, compact disk player, video camera and Nintendo® or comparable unit, frequency of usage of a pager, cellular phone and banking machine (ABM/ATM),
- 35 comfortability factor in leaving a message on an answering machine and behaviour when reaching an integrated voice

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response system. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-06 allows the DMB operator to input consumer database information such as frequency of playing lotteries, preferred grocery store, number of banks dealt with, number of credit cards including type, acceptance of various promotional mediums, preferred time to review screenTalk messages, which family members view messages, and preferred shopping location for various products and services.

The screens illustrated in FIGURES 11-07 to 11-11 allow the operator to select consumer or target groups of consumers. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-07 allows DBM operator to select a target consumer or target group of consumers, based on specific consumer information such as customer name, telephone number, club card membership number, gender, family size, the various age categories of family members, marital status, employment status, level of education, range of family income, number of household members contributing to family income and which bank is used for day to day banking requirements. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-08 allows the DBM operator to select a target consumer or target group of consumers, based on specific consumer information such as dwelling owned or rented, the type of dwelling, source of heat, whether customer has pets, listed by number and type, number of automobiles including the year, make, model, and whether serviced by dealer, whether customer has a facsimile machine, voice messaging, photocopier, computer or typewriter. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-09 allows the DBM operator to select a target consumer or target group of consumers based on specific consumer information such as sports in which household members actively participate, their leisure activities, how much is spent weekly on movies, fast food, dining out, bingo, at the horse races, theatre, on spectator sports and other categories of this nature, membership in clubs or associations, frequency of travel outside of the province,

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number of hours television viewed per day, radio station listened to and what radio information of greatest interest. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-10 allows the DBM operator to select a target consumer or target group of consumers based on specific consumer information such as customer ownership of video cassette recorder, microwave, compact disk player, video camera and Nintendo® or comparable unit, frequency of usage of a pager, cellular phone and banking machine (ABM/ATM), comfortability factor in leaving a message on an answering machine, and behaviour when reaching an integrated voice response system. The screen illustrated in FIGURE 11-11 allows the DBM operator to select a target consumer or target group of consumers, based on specific consumer information such as frequency of playing lotteries, preferred grocery store, number of banks dealt with, number of credit cards including type, acceptance of various promotional mediums, preferred time to review screenTalk messages, which family members view messages, and preferred shopping location for various products and services.

FIGURES 11-12 and 11-13 are sample outputs of main menu item 2 "Select Survey Data". The outputs provide telephone number(s) and club card number(s). FIGURE 11-14 is a sample of screen information displayed from a submenu option of main menu item 2 "Select Survey Data". FIGURE 11-15 is a sample screen of main menu item 3 "Delete Survey Data" which allows the DBM operator to remove all information on an individual consumer from the TRDB by telephone number. FIGURE 11-16 is a sample screen of main menu item 4 "Print Survey Data" which allows the DBM operator to print all survey data for an individual consumer in the database by telephone number. FIGURE 11-17 is a sample screen of main menu item 5 "Load Unix Data" which allows the DBM operator to manually import response logs from the MADS into the TRDB. FIGURE 11-18 is a sample screen of main menu item 6 "Load Unix Data" which allows

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DBM operator to view response activity on an individual or all consumers in database. FIGURE 11-19 is a sample of screen information from a submenu option of main menu item 6 "Select Unix Data". FIGURE 11-20 is a sample of screen information from a submenu option of main menu item 6 "Select Unix Data". FIGURE 11-21 is a sample of screen information from a submenu option of main menu item 6 "Select Unix Data". FIGURE 11-22 is a sample of screen information from a submenu option of main menu item 6 "Select Unix Data". FIGURE 11-23 is a sample screen of main menu item 8 "Back Up Data" which allows back up and restore of TRDB.

With reference to FIGURE 12, when a marketer wishes to send a DBM message to a target group of subscribers (100), he or she sends the text of the message and target information to the DBM operator (102). The operator then determines at (104) whether there already exists an ASCII file containing the telephone numbers of devices which satisfy the target information. This would occur, for example, if the marketer had previously sent a message with identical target conditions. If there is no ASCII file containing the desired information or if new subscribers have been added to the database and it is desired to replace an existing file, the operator would input the target information into the TRDB (106) using option I "Load Survey Data" of the TRDB main menu (FIGURE 11-01) and then select option 2 "Select Survey Data" which will cause the TRDB to interrogate its database and produce the desired ASCII file (108). The operator would then log into the MMI (110) of the MADS, as described hereinbelow.

#### Message Assembly and Delivery System

The Message Assembly and Delivery System (MADS) 62 is used by the DBM operator, through the operator's console, to create and test a DBM message, assign a DBM message to a target group or groups and schedule a DBM message for delivery. The MADS delivers DBM messages to screen based

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devices at scheduled times and collects the responses of the screen based devices to the DBM messages. In the preferred form of the invention, the MADS is a personal computer running on a UNIX operating system. It is this  
5 element of the DBM control system that is connected to each SPCS by message delivery circuits and to the response measurement data lines compliant with TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup>.

The Message Assembly and Delivery System consists of six main software modules created with the SCO UNIX 3.2.2 C  
10 Language Development System. With reference to FIGURE 19, these modules are the DBM Man Machine Interface module 200, the Message Database module 202, the Scheduler Process module 204, the Refresh Mechanism module 206, the Spooler Process module 208, and the Response Mechanism module 210.  
15 These modules are described hereinbelow.

#### DBM Man Machine Interface Module (MMI)

The DBM control system operator interfaces the system through the Man Machine Interface module 200. The MMI executes when the operator logs in and it allows the  
20 operator to create, add and delete DBM message text, test DBM messages with an accompanying screen based test device, assign DBM messages to specific target groups, assign telephone numbers to target groups, schedule DBM messages for delivery at specific hours, review or archive to disk  
25 response measurement information, stop or restart Spooler Processes, and review alarm information. FIGURE 6-00 illustrates the menu of options provided by the MMI. Target group information, that is an ASCII file of the telephone numbers of the screen based devices to be  
30 targeted, is input to the Message Database through the MMI. The source of the ASCII file may be either the TRDB or a database of a retailer/direct marketer. The menu structure of the MMI is illustrated in FIGURE 6-01 to 6-12.

#### Message Database Module

35 The Message Database module 202 stores data relating to DBM messages. This includes message text, target

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groups, the telephone numbers of the display based devices which are receiving DBM messages, the target groups assigned to each number, download priority and scheduling information. The SCO Integra<sup>®</sup> database product has been employed although other commercially available products may be used without departing from the spirit of the present invention.

Referring once again to FIGURE 12, once the operator has created and stored the ASCII of telephone numbers in the TRDB (108) and logged onto the MMI of the MADS, the operator retrieves the ASCII file and defines the telephone numbers as the target group and stores the data in the message database (112). The operator enters and stores the message text into the database using the message entry screens (114) and assigns and stores the target group to the message (116). The operator then schedules the message for delivery and stores the schedule information (118). The operator tests the message on a test facility (120) and, when the test is successful, marks the message as verified and stores the verified message in the message database (122).

#### Schedule Processor

Schedule Processor 204 retrieves all messages to be delivered to each screen based device for each hour from the Message Database module. The Schedule Processor organizes this data into a plurality of ASCII files, one file per screen based device per hour. That is, each ASCII file contains all messages to be delivered to a screen based device for a given hour. The filename created by the Schedule Processor identifies the seven digit telephone number of the screen based device to receive the file and an indication of whether the device is compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> or a Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone. All files to be delivered for a given hour are stored in the same electronic directory. These directories are called "Hourly Spool Directories". These ASCII files are used by the

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Spooler Processor for delivery. The Schedule Processor can be invoked manually via the MMI for any specific hour (option 5 in FIGURE 6-00), but normally runs each evening in preparation for the next day.

5           Thus, with reference to FIGURE 13, at the prescribed time, indicated at 220, the scheduler process is invoked, causing the Schedule Processor to retrieve all of the messages for the next day from the message database (222), assembles the messages for each of the targeted devices for  
10       each scheduled hourly delivery into unique ASCII files (224), save each unique ASCII file with a filename indicating the telephone number and device type (226), and store each unique ASCII file into a spool directory for the prescribed delivery hour (228). The Processor then stops  
15       (230) until it is invoked again the next evening.

#### Refresh Processor

          Since DBM messages are lost if a Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone is taken off-hook, the DBM control system provides a Refresh Mechanism 206 by which a user can request immediate  
20       re-delivery of lost DBM messages. Referring to FIGURE 16, the Refresh Mechanism is automatically invoked on system startup (240). To request a re-delivery of lost DBM messages, the Sesame<sup>®</sup> user calls the refresh facility telephone number then goes on-hook. The call is  
25       transmitted over the telephone to the SPCS which then automatically presents the called line and calling line identification information the DBM control system in a manner compliant with TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup>. As can be seen at  
30       (242), the Refresh Processor continuously monitors the refresh line and when it receives refresh data, examines the called and calling numbers (244) and determines whether it is a refresh number (246). It identifies the call as a refresh request from the called number field. If it  
35       determines that it is a refresh request, it identifies the requesting Sesame<sup>®</sup> from the calling number field (248), and copies the appropriate ASCII file containing all messages

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to be delivered to the requesting Sesame® for the current hour to a Refresh Directory (250) and copies data to a refresh log (252). As explained below, the Spooler Processor will ultimately deliver the DBM messages.

5           Spooler Processor

Spooler Processor 208 is illustrated in FIGURE 14 and 15. It may be invoked manually or by system restart. The Spooler Process is implemented using Century Software's TERM® communications package along with C® and UNIX® routines. The Spooler Process can be started via a MMI menu command or on system initialization. It is the Spooler Process that communicates with the SPCS to establish connections through the SPCS to the screen based devices and invokes the message delivery process. It senses busy lines and reschedules when necessary. One Spooler Processor exists for each message delivery circuit to an SPCS. DBM has been designed to be unobtrusive, that is DBM messages are delivered to unattended screen based devices. Therefore, the Message Delivery Circuits provided by the SPCS must establish a connection to the screen based device without ringing the screen based device. The type of Message Delivery Circuits required to each SPCS depend upon the functionality of the SPCS. Two versions of the Spooler Process may exist, one for SPCS equipped with a Telemetry Trunk type accesses and one for SPCS not equipped with Telemetry Trunk type access.

(i) If the SPCS provides Telemetry Trunk type access, also referred to as "no-ring access" or "suppressed ring telemetry access", then connections may be made through the SPCS to idle lines without ringing the idle line. The Spooler Processor employs the "Off-Hook" call scenarios as described in Telemetry Trunk specifications as the BellSouth Telecommunications publication TA-73565<sup>6</sup> Generic Switching Requirements for Utility Telemetry Service or the Standards Committee IEEE SCC 31 which is responsible for developing the Industry Standards. On such

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equipped SPCS, the Spooler Processor is connected to the SPCS via the "no-ring access". The directory number of the targeted screen based device is out-pulsed with MF digits whereby the SPCS cuts through a connection between the DBM System and the screen based device without ringing the screen based device. FIGURE 7 illustrates a possible scenario.

(ii) If the SPCS is not equipped with Telemetry Trunk type access, then the DBM System connects to the SPCS via a Line Test Position. Typically, a Lines Maintenance Test Position on an SPCS consists of two physical accesses: first, a maintenance and administration access to which an asynchronous terminal is usually connected and through which commands may be issued to the SPCS, and, second, a test port to which analog test equipment for line testing is typically connected. Commands can be issued to the SPCS through the maintenance/administration access to establish a connection between the test port, and, thus, test equipment, and any idle line on the SPCS. The Spooler Processor emulates a maintenance type function on the maintenance/administration access. The Spooler Process issues commands to the SPCS to establish a connection between the test port and the directory number of the targeted screen based device, achieving a connection to the screen based device without alerting the screen based device. The DBM messages are transmitted over, through the test port, to the screen based device. The commands issued to the SPCS to establish the connection between the test port and a directory number vary with different SPCS vendors. The commands in FIGURE 8 are specific to a Northern Telecom DMS-100 where the maintenance/administration access is called a MAP and the test port is called a JACK.

As shown at 260 in FIGURE 14, the Spooler Processor may be invoked manually or on system restart. The processor then determines (262) whether the SPCS supports

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UTT. If it does then the process outlined in FIGURE 15 is invoked; otherwise the process outlined in FIGURE 14 is adopted in which case the processor issues a login sequence to the SPCS on maintenance/administration access (264), as discussed earlier. Thereafter, the Spooler Processor runs continuously and monitors the Refresh Directory (266) and the current hour Spool Directory (268) for files.

When a file is found (270), the filename is checked to determine the telephone number of the targeted screen based device and the type of screen based device targeted. Once the Spooler Processor establishes the "no-ring" connection through the SPCS to an idle screen based device, the Spooler Processor invokes the delivery sequence.

The delivery sequence employed depends upon the type of screen based device. If the screen based device is compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, then the Spooler Process delivers the DBM messages in accordance with Feature Download Management as specified for server-initiated service script updates (see FIGURE 9). If the screen based device is a Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone, the Spooler Process delivers the DBM messages in close accordance with the Server Display Control Messages provided in SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>. Since these devices do not support the FDM facility, they cannot be forced off-hook as defined in SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup> section 3.1.3.1.2. Because of this, the DBM messages are delivered to on-hook Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephones. The Sesame<sup>®</sup> telephone closely follows the Data Transmission Protocol and Data Link Layer requirements for on-hook data transmission without power ringing as defined in TR-NWT-000030<sup>5</sup>. As such, the Sesame<sup>®</sup> does not provide Data Link Layer acknowledgments and the Spooler Process does not expect such acknowledgments. The actual commands (Server Display Control Messages) closely follow those defined in TR-NWT-001273<sup>4</sup>. See FIGURE 10.

With reference to FIGURE 14, the processor issues the commands to connect the telephone number to the test port

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(272) and determines (274) whether a connection has been established. If it fails to make a connection after three failures, it creates an error log and marks the files as "failed" (276, 278 and 280). If a connection has been established, the processor examines the filename for the device type (282). If the device is compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, it translates the ASCII files into ADSI format (284) and delivers the messages through the test port in accordance with the Server Initiated Feature Download Management Messages (286). If the device is not compliant with SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, it translates the ASCII files into Sesame<sup>®</sup> format (288) and delivers the messages through the test port in close accordance with the Server Display Control Messages (290). In both cases, the processor then issues the command to release the connection (292), moves the ASCII file from the Current Hour Spool Directory to the Current Hour Save Directory (294) and repeats the process starting at 266.

The process illustrated in FIGURE 15, is very similar to that of FIGURE 14 and, accordingly, like reference numerals have been used to designate corresponding steps. The primary difference, as already mentioned, is at 272' where the telephone number is out-pulsed in MF tones.

#### Response Processor

With reference to FIGURE 17, the Response Mechanism is automatically invoked by system startup (300) and is implemented using in a manner similar to the Refresh Mechanism. Individual DBM messages prompt users to depress a soft-key programmed with "Call" or "Listen" to allow the user to obtain additional information about a particular message, a product or a service. The "Call" soft-key causes the screen based device to generate a call to a retailer or direct marketer. The "Listen" soft key causes the screen based device to generate a call to information sources such as a voice mail box, an interactive voice response (IVR) system, or an interactive system that

follows SR-NWT-002495<sup>2</sup>. When the call is presented to any of these locations or devices by the SPCS, called line and calling line identification information is transmitted from the SPCS to the DBM control system in a manner compliant with TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup> (302). The Response Processor stores this information as logs in a Report Directory (304). Through the MMI, the DBM System operator may extract this response data as an ASCII file and send it to the TRDB for report generation or other processing.

FIGURE 18 illustrates the process for generating a Response Report. The DBM operator logs in to the MADS via the MMI (320), copies the response log to an ASCII file (322) and clears the response log from the MADS (324). The operator then loads the ASCII file into the TRDB (326) and creates a Response Report in the TRDB for the or each specific marketer (328) and sends the report to the marketer in a predetermined format (330).

#### Interactive Information Platforms

The Interactive Information Platforms (IIP) allow the DBM System to provide additional information on DBM messages. The "Listen" soft key in a DBM message causes the screen based device to generate a call to an IIP. This has two benefits: first, the number of individual DBM messages sent at a scheduled delivery can be maximized by minimizing the size of each individual message; second, calls to these platforms generated through users pressing the "Listen" soft key are the principal means of providing a measurement of response to DBM messages. IIPs take the form of: voice mail systems and IVR systems providing voice only additional information; and interactive systems that follow SR-NWT-002495<sup>2</sup> providing interactive voice and display based additional information. The MADS functions as an additional information source through the Refresh Mechanism. To provide additional information from the MADS, calls made by users of screen based devices by pressing a soft key for additional information terminate on

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a voice mail system. The voice mail system simply thanks the user for calling and instructs the user to go on-hook. As illustrated in FIGURE 16, when the call is presented to the voice mail system by the SPCS, called line and calling line identification information is transmitted from the SPCS to the DBM System in a manner compliant with TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup>. The MADS Refresh Processor examines the called and calling numbers (246), identifies the call as a request for additional information on a specific DBM message from the called number field (310), locates the file with the filename equal to the Called Number in an additional information directory (312), identifies the requesting screen based device from the calling number field (314), and copies the file as ASCII file containing additional information into the current hour to a Refresh Directory (316). The Spooler Processor then delivers the DBM additional information message.

An IIP, with a data connection into the Targeting and Response Database, may provide the facility to allow the screen based device users to change their targeting profile. This affords the user control over the message types and message contents to be delivered.

1. SR-INS-002461<sup>1</sup>, Customer Premises Equipment Compatibility Consideration for the Analog Display Service Interface, Issue 1, Bellcore, December 1992.

2. SR-NWT-002495<sup>2</sup> Guidelines for Writing Applications Which Use the Analog Display Services Interface (ADSI) for Data Communications, Issue 1, Bellcore.

3. TR-TSY-000032<sup>3</sup> CLASS Bulk Calling Line Identification, Issue 1, Bellcore, November 1988.

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4. TR-NWT-001273<sup>4</sup>, Generic Requirements for an SPCS to Customer Premises Equipment Data Interface for Analog Display Services, Issue 1, Bellcore, December 1992.
5. TR-NWT-000030<sup>5</sup>, Voiceband Data Transmission Interface Generic Requirements, Issue 2, Bellcore, October 1992.
6. TA-73565<sup>6</sup>, Generic Switching Requirements for Utility Telemetry Service, BellSouth Telecommunications, April 1992.

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The paradigm being altered in the present invention relates to that of a community shopping mall. These malls lease retail space to retailers that sell product, services and information to the mall community of interest. The  
5 mall management coordinates advertising for its tenants, and provides mall activities/promotions (easter egg hunts, radio station setup, etc) to attract consumers into the mall. The mall management typically has a help desk to provide guidance to consumers in fulfilling their  
10 requirements. Consumers view mass advertising and promotions and enter the mall, for a variety of individual reasons, to line up in front of businesses wanting to sell to them product and services. The present invention takes the concepts of a physical mall and recreates them in an  
15 "electronic mall", but with a power shift in the buying-selling relationship where consumers are given the control.

The present invention creates a new marketing communication channel allowing tenants of the electronic  
20 mall to gain access to consumers with screen based devices and be accessed by consumers with screen based devices. The new marketing communications channel facilitates Display Based Marketing - targeted display based informational, promotional and advertising messages delivered through the  
25 public switched telephone network to consumer's unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner; facilitates the CallMall - powerful applications such as home banking, shopping and information services to screen based devices personalized by the consumer; and facilitates Enhanced  
30 Telephony Services as defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specification to screen based devices.

Display Based Marketing

Display Based Marketing is primarily a local advertising/direct marketing medium. It is Personalized  
35 Electronic Flyers. CallMall tenants will be able to send display based marketing messages that are targeted to

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consumers through consumer defined areas of interest. These messages will incite the consumer to go into the tenants CallMall store to buy some goods or services. Display Based Marketing becomes the advertising tool for the CallMall tenant. It plays a large role in moving consumers away from planned purchases and shifting them towards impulse purchases right from the household family room or kitchen. This is unlike the physical world where impulse buying takes place in the physical store through point of purchase displays. The traditional promotional methods available in the physical world are achieved differently in the electronic world. The differences amount to targetability - allows the message to be sent to the selected target market(s), non-intrusiveness - delivery of messages in a non-intrusive manner with messages having greater acceptance since they will be sent based on household's wants and demographic profile, timeliness - no long lead time required to send messages, measurability - message performance reports (response data) provided weekly with detailed response data provided to advertiser, environmentally friendly - paperless delivery, entertaining - consumer interactivity with combined voice and/or text information. These are significant advantages with today's "new consumers".

DBM is a unique interactive advertising/direct marketing medium which enables the delivery of targeted advertising to consumers in an efficient, cost effective manner and which will provide the advertiser with a true measure of actual consumer response in a timely manner. Delivered at various times of the day, this service provides non-intrusive, targeted delivery of marketing messages to screen based devices. The delivery of such messages also delivers prompts to activate auto dialers that access vendor information and/or special offers, providing businesses increased sales opportunities.

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DBM messages will normally follow the "little - lot - call" model.

The "little" - this is the component of the messages that is delivered through the public switched telephone network to consumer's unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner by the present invention. This brief snippet of information detailed in figure 20, or "little" message (1) will include a "more" soft key (2) that the consumer can select to obtain further information about the described product or service. A "next" (3) and "backup" (4) soft key will allow the consumer to navigate between "little" messages stored in the screen based device as numerous "little" messages are delivered at a time. Retailers could be charged a small fee for delivery of "little" messages to consumers.

The "lot" - when a consumer selects the "more" soft key (2), associated with a "little" message, a call will be placed through the public switched telephone network to the present invention that acts as an interactive server that follows specifications defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specification. Figure 21 details that the consumer will receive a detailed voice (5) and/or text (6) information for the selected message. The consumer may choose to be transferred through the PSTN to the associated retailer by pressing the "call" soft key (7). A "next" (8) and "backup" (9) soft key will allow the consumer to navigate between previous and subsequent "little" messages. These "little" messages will be the same "little" messages as previously defined, except they are viewed interactively. The interactive session will be maintained until the consumer exits the DBM service either by selecting the "call" (7) soft key or the "quit" (10) soft key. The "quit" (10) soft key will end the interactive session and cause the screen based device to go on-hook. The associated retailer could be billed each time a consumer views the "lot" message.

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The "call" - from the interactive session a consumer may select the "call" soft key (7) to contact the associated retailer. The "call" soft key (7) will instruct the present invention to place a call through the public switched telephone network to the retailer, and transfer the consumer to the retailer (11) as detailed in figure 22. Retailers could be billed a premium charge each time a consumer makes this selection

#### CallMall

The CallMall is an interactive electronic mall facilitated by the present invention where consumers can interactively shop, browse, and/or purchase product and services from retailers with their screen based device. Each consumer will have access to a Community Mall and will configure, with the help of an electronic Personal Agent, a Personal Mall with the most frequently visited stores from all stores available in the Community Mall. The Personal Agent acts on behalf of the consumer, providing the consumer with a customized guide to the other available service components. The components of the CallMall are:

1. The Catalogue Store
2. Community Mall
3. Personal Mall
4. Information Services
5. CallMall Activities
6. Personal Agent

#### Catalog Store

The Catalogue store will be the location where consumers order catalogues. This area of the CallMall provides a very cost effective marketing channel for cataloguers. This store allows existing customers to order catalogues quickly and easily and more importantly allows new customers to order catalogues they have never heard of or did not know how to obtain. This store creates a point of presence in the home for cataloguers and it only costs them a small fee each time someone orders a catalogue

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through the catalogue store. When a customer requests a particular catalog the system will send the cataloguer a fax with all the required information about the consumer to successfully mail the catalogue to the consumer.

5 Community Mall

The community mall will target stores and banks. Bank applications can provide the following services through the screen based device:

- Bill Payment
- 10 Intra Funds Transfer
- Balance Inquiry
- Interest Rates
- Transaction Review
- Services Information
- 15 Renewal Reminders

The system will be connected to a bank's host computer to provide these transactions, and the system provides the interactive interface to the consumer. The primary target for stores will be any business that has home delivery capability. The key groups will be cataloguers of consumer goods and retailers of consumer goods. There will also be some stores that do not have catalogues but are logical fits because they have home delivery capability or have some unique service capability they wish to provide, and also merchants that have a high level of brand awareness in the consumer market place. This will provide a level of confidence to consumers about the legitimacy of the service. The cataloguers who are in the catalogue store will also be in this section of the CallMall. This is the location where someone can place an electronic order with a cataloguer if the cataloguer is set up for this. Essentially a cataloguer, retailer, or specialty store can be set up one of three ways in the CallMall:

- 35 1. The first option is that when a consumer selects that store in the CallMall, the system will call

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transfer the consumer through the PSTN to one of the store's live agents or their own automated order taking system.

2. The second option places the shopping/ordering application on the server and the consumer interacts with the server through their screen based device. The system provides order screens that the consumer fills out with their screen based device in a means defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications. The completed order is faxed by the system to the store.

3. The third option is similar to option 2, except the system is directly connected by a plethora of data communication option to computer system. As the system is connected directly to the store computer system, up to date product information and prices are available and the completed order is transferred through the data communications facility to be processed by the store's computer. The system provides the interactive interface to the consumer.

#### 20 Personal Mall

The consumer's Personal Mall is configured by the consumer by interacting with the system through their screen based device and selecting the stores from the Community Mall the consumer wishes to have in their Personal Mall. The Personal Mall is basically the most frequently used stores by the consumer.

#### Information Services

The information services section of the CallMall is intended to provide consumers fast and simple access to information they value but is routine in nature. This would be information like daily weather and weekly winning lotto numbers. This area of the CallMall will also provides access to information exchange that is time consuming and difficult today. This would be things like government vehicle registration. The providers of this information benefit from this area of the CallMall in that

they are providing better service to consumers and are reducing their costs of handling these information inquiries. Service is improved due to the ease of access and the richer communication medium (i.e. sight and sound).

- 5 Cost reductions result from the elimination of live agents answering the inquiry call. They will only get involved if the caller is not satisfied with the information provided in the automated content. The following are potential information services:

- 10           1.     Weather Line
2.     Lotto Line
3.     Movie Line
4.     Federal Government Job Bank
5.     Government Road Report
- 15          6.     Community Events Line
7.     Entertainment Events
8.     Investors Line
9.     Education

Information services can be set up with the same three options identified in the Community Mall.

#### CallMall Activities

The CallMall Activity Center is where the CallMall gets its personality. This section of the CallMall is intended to be accessible from anywhere in the Mall and have linkages to the Merchant areas, Information Services, Display Based Marketing and Enhanced Telephony. Mall Promotions will be managed through this section of the CallMall. Many of the Mall promotions will take on a gaming element as a key strategy of "engaging" the consumers in the CallMall. The gaming strategy's intent is to create an environment that is "fun" and to continually bring the consumer back to the CallMall. By encouraging consumers that it is worthwhile to come back to the CallMall for free prizes they will at the same time become comfortable with navigating in the Mall, requesting information from the Mall and responding to the Mall.

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These promotions will be things like random "entry surprises" i.e. the 100th consumer to enter the CallMall gets a \$100.00 gift certificate to be spent in the CallMall. A "treasure hunt" involving all the tenants of the CallMall will be promoted that forces the consumers into using all the functionality of the CallMall. In essence the treasure hunt will be an exciting way of training consumers about all the features and services contained within the CallMall. The activity center will run a "speakers corner" where there will be a weekly topic of discussion that people debate through their TalkMail service. Again the intent of this is to get people involved in the CallMall and make it a place of shopping and banking but also a "fun" place for getting information and stimulation. There will be a loyalty program based on a consumer's level of use of the CallMall services. This is intended to again drive traffic into the CallMall which in turn helps drive demand for tenant space in the CallMall. There will be a suggestion box available at all times for customers and tenants to leave their ideas, problems or general comments on the CallMall.

#### Personal Agent

There will be a CallMall Help facility continuously available. This facility will be text and audio based and will be requested when the consumer selects the "help" soft key. This help facility is the consumers personal agent. Consumers will have the ability to define the voice of the personality and voice of their personal agent(e.g., Marilyn Monroe, Elvis Presley, etc.). The personal agent also guides the consumer through configuring their areas of interests for targeting Display Based Marketing messages. The personal agent also guides the consumer through configuring their Personal Mall from the available stores in the Community Mall.

#### Enhanced Telephony Service

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The present invention will facilitate the delivery of services scripts to screen based devices as defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specification, that enhance telephony features as defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specification.

GENERAL CONTEXT OF SECOND EMBODIMENT

Figure 23 details the present invention (12) and how it interacts with the following systems: telco customer information system (13); screen based devices (14); retailers (15); retailer provided services (16); sales brokers (17); advertisement creation house (18); billing system (19).

The system

The scope of the system in terms of activities are as follows:

Management of areas of interest, personal profile, preferred CallMall stores, and other consumer information by administrative personnel and by the consumer themselves;

Creation and scheduling of marketing messages for retailer advertisers;

Delivery of marketing and informational messages to consumers;

Creation and delivery of an ADSI telephony features script to the consumer, where the script is dependent upon the telco involved;

Collection of transaction information detailing consumer CallMall and Display Based Marketing interactions;

Collection of recent Fax Order information for inquiry purposes by administrative personnel;

Collection and completion of incomplete Fax Order information for the consumer by administrative personnel;

Generation of usage reports to retailer tenants in the CallMall, and to retailer advertisers;

Capture and rating of consumer usage events; passing rated usage events to be billed to the applicable retailer by the Billing system;

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Management of retailers leasing space in the CallMall; and

Management of advertisement and CallMall tenant sales.

5    Telco Customer Information System

The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the Telco Customer Information System. The Telco Customer Information System maintains customer information for purposes of service provisioning.

10 Consumers will request service for enhanced telephony features through the telco which in turn triggers a message to the system administration requesting the delivery of the ADSI FDM telephony feature scripts to the consumer's screen based device.

15    Consumer Screen Based Device

The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the consumer screen based devices. The consumer's screen based device is compliant with enhanced telephony services defined by Bellcore in FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specification. Display Based Marketing "little" messages delivered to screen based devices take the form of FDM scripts. The enhanced telephony services rely upon a FDM script. The DBM "lot" component are interacted through ADSI Server Display Control. All

20    interactions with the CallMall are through ADSI Server Display Control.

The consumer inputs personal profile management information (interests, demographic information, etc.) to the system through interactive sessions between the

30    consumer's screen based device and the system.

The consumer requests changes to his/her personal CallMall.

The consumer receives DBM "little" messages.

The consumer receives telephony feature scripts.

35    Consumer actions dealing with viewing "lot" messages and using "CALL" soft key will be recorded, rated, and

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ultimately billed to the appropriate Retailer/Advertiser via Billing System.

#### Retailer

5 The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the retailer. The retailer requests distribution of advertisement messages and lease of tenant space in the CallMall. The retailer receives from screenTalk usage reports and customer orders in the Fax format.

10 The retailer approves ad content and target criteria for any ads sent regarding their products or services.

Retailer may provide actual target lists of subscribers who should receive their ad.

15 Retailer/advertisers receive detailed reports on message delivery and consumer response (View of "lot" component of DBM messages) information, as well as calls placed to retailers as a result of ad campaigns. Reports will be sent to retailers weekly.

20 Retailer will be billed via the Billing System based upon the number of consumers who have received advertisements, viewed "lot" messages, and visited the CallMall store.

#### Tenant Provided Services

25 The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and tenant provided services. CallMall tenants provide their own retail services, with the exception of fax order forms. Most services will be provided on external platforms and will interface to the system as an external telephone number. User interface and  
30 program flow are under the direction of the Retailer. The system will call transfer the consumer through the PSTN to one of the store's live agents or their own automated order taking system. Retailer/CallMall tenants receive reports that summarize consumer usage of their mall.

35 Billing System

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The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the Billing System. The Billing System receives rated usage information from the system for the following events which are billable to the appropriate retailer:

individual setup charges;  
DBM usage charges at the campaign level; and  
CallMall usage at the retailer level.

#### AD Creative House

The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the Ad Creation House. Requests will go out to the AD Creative House to develop the text and voice requirements for specific screenTalk DBM advertisements. Once complete this information will be sent to screenTalk administration staff for entry into the system.

#### Sales Broker

The following summarizes the roles and information flows between the system and the Sales Broker. The Sales Broker agency sells DBM advertisements. The agency invoices the system for advertisements sold. The system administration manually issues a payment to the sales broker for advertisements sold.

Contracting retailers to advertise using screenTalk  
Determining criteria to select target population  
Demonstration of advertisements for retailer approval

#### SERVICE CONCEPTS OF SECOND EMBODIMENT

The service components implemented by the system are Display Based Marketing, the CallMall, and Enhanced Telephony Services.

#### DBM Service Concepts are as follows:

DBM message will not cause the consumer, or the system to incur long distance telecommunications costs to reach the retailer. Messages will be filtered to ensure the consumer can only access retailers whose messages are a free call.

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DBM messages may be available in multiple languages. The consumer controls whether he/she will see messages in one or more languages. In the event that a message is available in multiple languages, the messages will be presented in the consumer's language preference.

"Little" messages will be downloaded multiple times per day.

Consumers can not remove specific ads or retailers from their profile or set. Retailer deleted ads will remain on the set and server until the next day.

When consumer hits "CALL" from a "lot" message the action taken is that server flashes to activate three-way-call, dials retailer, waits for answer, flashes, and drops (this means that the system captures successful completion events).

Consumers served by SPCS that do not provide a suppressed ring facility will not be delivered DBM "little" messages. They will instead use the interactive session to view both "Little" and "Lot" components of messages; accessed from a different FDM script.

A consumer is represented by a combination of telephone number and a screen based device. A given household may have multiple screen based devices and therefore be viewed as multiple consumers by the system.

A message will be associated with one "CALL" telephone number only. There will be no dynamic routing of consumers to different retailer destinations for the same message based on consumer location.

When retailers provide consumer target lists and want detailed feedback, the "lot" message will ask the consumer for authorization to release telephone number to the retailer. No other information will be released. This only applies when retailers provide the target list. No other retailers will be provided this information. This protects consumer privacy.

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Messages in multiple languages will be viewed as a separate message per language for the same campaign. The pricing schema is to accommodate this approach.

- DBM areas of interest Categories are different from  
5 CallMall areas of interest Categories.

Message creation will include prioritization of DBM messages but will not allow bumping of messages based on the same priority.

- 10 Messages will be targeted on a geographic basis to the levels of granularity provided by the Postal Code structure.

A few standard reports will be created to satisfy all retailers; they will NOT be built on an individual retailer basis.

- 15 Maximum messages "little" messages sent to consumer's screen based device will be a

Message creation costs are a separate chargeable item.

- 20 Soft key labels will always be standard across all messages of a specific template. Soft keys will not be customized on a per message.

Message number does NOT have to be displayed on screen to let consumers know where they are.

- 25 Forty seconds after last voice segment an idle timer will disconnect caller to minimize server facility impact.

A PIN number is NOT required for access to Personal Agent services or Catalog Shopping services. It may be added at some future date.

- 30 Consumers will be allowed to view untargeted "little" messages in an interactive session with the CallMall. Consumers will only see untargeted "little" messages that can be reached within their free calling area.

- Small business will be viewed as potential consumers. Return telephone numbers must support different dialing plans (ie 9+).

CallMall Service Concepts are as follows:

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Consumers will not be billed for CallMall usage.

CallMall stores may be available in multiple languages. The consumer controls whether he/she will see stores in one or multiple languages. In the event that a store provides services in multiple languages, the store will be presented in the consumers language of preference.

A CallMall store will not cause the consumer, or system to incur long distance telecommunications costs to reach the retailer. Consumers will have access to CallMall stores in their Extended Area of Service (EAS) area only, unless 800 access or an application on the system is provided.

A store can be in up to 3 CallMall categories.

CallMall personal profile updates take effect on the next call after update by consumer.

Consumers customize the CallMall into a Personal Mall by specifically de-selecting stores by category. The default is to display all CallMall tenants within an EAS until specifically deselected by consumer.

There will be only one level of categorization for CallMall.

Telephony Service Script Service Concepts are as follows:

The system will support a delivery of a telephony service script for all users within a particular telco and residential/business service.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SECOND EMBODIMENT

##### Technical Implementations

##### System Partitioning

The system consists of 2 major physical component types as detailed in Figure 24: a Backend Administration and Operations Server (20), used for administrative, provisioning and billing functions, and one or more Frontend Application Servers (21), used to provide interactive application session with consumer's screen based devices and message delivery to consumer's screen based devices. The system was physically partitioned in

this manner to permit centralization of business and operations functions (Backend) and the geographic distribution of the application servers (Frontend) to place these engines as close to large consumer bases as possible minimizing voice communication costs of the interactive sessions and message delivery sessions. The Backend and Frontend servers can be connected together by a plethora of data communications schemes (33), either a local area network if co-located or a wide area network if geographically distributed. The administration and operations personnel access Backend Administration and Operations Server via work stations (30) on a local area network (31). The billing system (32) will be a workstation on the same local area network.

15       Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) Requirements

For interactive sessions the Frontend is connected to one or more SPCS (22) in the Public Switched Telephone Network (27) via telephone lines (23) as detailed in Figure 24. This is necessary as the Frontend must perform three-way-calls and call transfers. The Frontend physical connection is a T1 line (24) and the SPCS lines connection is an analog line requiring channel backs (25) to perform the signalling conversion. The Frontend requires calling number and called number information from the PSTN to identify consumers and what application to start. This information is provided to the Frontend by a Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) (26) from the serving SPCS. The Frontend requires a suppressed ring facility (28) in the serving SPCS to be able to deliver the DBM messages in a non-intrusive manner. The suppressed ring facility allows the Frontend to place calls to consumer's unattended screen based devices (29) and establish a connection with unattended screen based devices without ringing the device. Suppressed ring facilities will be a feature of the serving SPCS and will be provided in varying methods. Suppressed ring facilities can be provided by a plurality of means not

limited to Operator Verification type circuits that telephone operators use to "barge-in" on calls, or by Automatic Meter Reading Trunks as defined by IEEE SSC-31 Subcommittee 5, or by Generic Switching Requirements for Utility Telemetry Service TA-73565 as defined by BellSouth Telecommunication, or by Suppressed Ringing Service as defined by Stentor Resource Center Inc. Once the suppressed ring call has been made the means for communicating with an unattended screen based device are defined by Bellcore in the FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications.

#### System Components

Both the Backend and Frontend hardware components are implemented using IBM RS/6000 hardware technology with the AIX operating system and the workstation are personal computers running DOS and Windows as detailed in Figure 25. The major Backend software components (34), Frontend software components (35) and personal computer software components are primarily commercially available products. Some customer applications (37) and custom servers (38) are incorporated as custom C code.

#### Major Data Areas

The screenTalk system stores data in four major data areas: consumer, retailer, ad and event.

#### 25      Consumer

This data area contains information which pertains specifically to the consumer, as well as screen based device, available interest areas, etc. Consumer information deals with consumer identification, location, and profile data. The device information also deals with ADSI.

#### Retailer

This data area contains information that specifically defines a retailer. A retailer may be an advertiser in the case of Display Based Marketing (DBM), a tenant in the case of CallMall, or both. CallMall data in this area also covers types of CallMall applications and retailers'

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CallMall stores. Location information is also maintained within this area. Locations are defined in terms of a group of postal codes. Information is also maintained with respect to Extended Areas of Service (EAS's) or telephone free calling areas. An EAS is defined in terms of a group of NXX's.

#### Ad

This data area contains information which is specific to Display Based Marketing ads. This includes information that identifies and defines ads, and their contents. The contents include information involving the text, the voice, and the soft key components of the ads. This area also deals with information involving the targeting, reservation, and downloading of ads. Information involving the ad sales force, ad pricing, and ad discounting is also within this area.

#### Event

This facet contains information captured on the system for billing, reporting, and operational uses. Events are created for usage involving DBM Ads, CallMall stores, and consumer authorizations. Events created for retailers with respect to downloading ads, consumer responses to targeted ads (call and more), consumers entering CallMall stores, and consumers performing simple fax orders to CallMall stores are billable, whereas the others are merely reported. Operational events are those required to manage the screenTalk system itself and insure that it is performing properly. Information identifying specific consumer fax orders and their contents are also maintained in this area. This area also contains usage pricing information.

Table 1 defines the data tables inside each of the four major data areas.

#### Consumer Areas of Interest

Table 2 shows a small sample of possible consumer interest areas and category types that consumers would

select from when choosing their areas of interest in the personal agent section of the CallMall. These are used by the system for DBM message targeting.

#### System Processes

- 5           The System is composed of 6 SubSystems. The SubSystems and their purpose are as follows:

##### SS1 - Manage Consumer/Retailer/System Table Information

- 10           This grouping deals with the functionality that is required within the system administration office(s) for maintaining consumer, retailer, order, EAS, script, system table, back-end security and help information.

##### SS2 - Manage Consumer Interactions

- 15           This grouping of functionality contains all of the interactive processing that takes place between the consumer's screen based device and the Frontend interactive server. These interactions deal with Display Based Marketing messages, and CallMall services including both shopping and personal agent functions.

- 20           SS3 - Manage Ad Sales and Development

This grouping deals with the functionality that is required to administer, sell, create, forecast, and reserve Display Based Marketing messages. The administration deals with the sales force, as well as with ad development.

- 25           SS4 - Manage Information For Distribution

This grouping contains all of the functionality necessary to manage information that is to be distributed from the Backend to the Frontends, as well as acquiring information for the Backend central from the Frontends.

- 30           SS5 - Manage FDM Delivery

- 35           This grouping contains the functionality that deals with the delivery of Feature Download Management information to the consumer's screen based device. The FDM delivery deals with both scheduled downloads (unattended screen based device), and with those made upon consumer requests (on-line/interactive).



SS6 - Manage Event Information

This grouping contains the functionality that is required to create screenTalk reporting and billing events based upon the raw events captured in SubSystems 2 and 5.

- 5 It is also responsible for the creation of system reports.

Table 3 defines the functions that comprise each sub-system.

Administration and Operations

- 10 System administration and operations personnel will employ the administration and operations workstation (30) to perform the following tasks.

## 1. Manage DBM

- Establish retailer in ScreenTalk and billing (if new)
- 15 - Establish new campaign (if needed)
- Establish new Ad
  - input setup charges
- Duplicate Ad and change language
- Request Audio
- 20 - Import target list from diskette
- Determine postal codes to be targeted (optional)
- Determine Target penetration for Ad
- Respond to sales queries on potential target size and cost for criteria
- 25 - Schedule Ad
- Import Audios
- Assemble Ad
- Test/review Ad
- Update Ad / request new audio
- 30 - Replace audio
- Ensure scheduled Ads in production status
- Follow-up with retailers for next Ad
- Respond to Queries about Ads
- Provide diskette of consumer telephone numbers
- 35 wanting info

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- 2. Manage CallMall
  - Add/remove catalogues from catalogue store
    - input setup charges
  - Add/remove speed call stores
    - 5       - input setup charges
  - Add/remove fax order stores
    - input setup charges
  - Send out fax orders
  - Update stores
  - 10       - Update catalogues
- 3. Manage Billing
  - Execute monthly billing Run
  - Manage physical mailing
  - Handle bill inquiries
  - 15       - Follow-up on past due accounts
  - Provide input to the GL
- 4. Manage report Preparation
  - Prepare and distribute report on consumers by interest areas
  - 20       - Prepare and distribute customer reports
  - Review customer reports and follow-up on any perceived problems
  - Prepare report for the field indicating retailers currently on the service
- 25   5. Prepare service indicator results
  - Query the system for performance indicators on a weekly basis
  - Prepare a report package
- 6. Manage Consumer Information
  - 30       - Add new consumers
  - Update consumer records from order activity
  - Remove consumers
  - Update consumers based on consumer calls
- 7. Complete incomplete fax orders
  - 35       - On a daily basis query the system for incomplete fax orders and complete any found

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- Identify Consumers with multiple incomplete faxes and query to determine if the address should be changed
- 8. Maintain System tables
  - 5 - (Define the inputs for changing each table)
- 9. Review suggestion box
  - On a weekly basis listen to messages in the suggestion box and record any that need consideration
- 10. Manage accounts payable
  - 10 - Review communications bill and prepare transmittal
  - Produce report for Teledirect indicating billable DBM revenue
  - Review Teledirect invoice and prepare transmittal
- 11. Other
  - 15 - Telco script delivery fee charges
- 12. Operations
  - The Operations group is responsible for:
    - response and recovery from system and network alarms and events
    - 20 - daily backup of message, applications and event data
    - implementation of security policies
    - submission of regular batch processes
    - maintenance of physical environment
    - 25 - addition of necessary system resources to maintain service levels

#### Consumer screens

- Consumers will gain access to the system services via screen based devices that comply with Bellcore's
- 30 FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications. The Display Based Marketing "little" message delivered through the public switched telephone network to consumer's unattended screen based devices in a non-intrusive manner are sent as Feature Down load Management Scripts. The Display Based Marketing
  - 35 "little" messages will appear on the idle display of the Northern Telecom Vista 350 screen based telephone as

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detailed in Figure 26. In other screen based devices compliant with Bellcore's FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications, as detailed in Figure 27, the consumer will have to press a key (39) on the device to access the

5 Feature Download Management Page (40). The consumer will activate a script item named DBM Messages (41) or screenTalk Messages to start the service script that allows the consumer to review the "little" messages (42).

Figure 28 details how the consumer will access the

10 CallMall by both the Northern Telecom Vista 350 and other screen based devices compliant with Bellcore's FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications by pressing a key (39) on the device to access the Feature Download Management Page (40). The consumer will activate a script item named

15 CallMall (43). Once activated the script will prompt the consumer to select an "Open" (44) soft key that causes the screen based device to place a call through the PSTN to the system Frontend Application Server. When the server answers the consumer will be presented with the CallMall

20 main menu (45) and an audio greeting (46).

Figure 29 details all screen flows the consumer would see when interacting with the system Frontend Server. The application can be either reviewing DBM "lot" messages, checking DBM "little" messages because the consumer is

25 served by a SPCS that does not support a suppressed ring facility, initialization of the consumer onto the system, or entering the CallMall. A test application is also provided for system administration personnel to test DBM messages.

30 The Frontend Application Server determines which application to start based upon the telephone number the screen based device has called by the consumer selecting a soft key, the calling telephone number of the screen based device and the CPE\_ID of the screen based device, as

35 defined by Bellcore's FR-NWT-000012 ADSI Specifications. The calling and called telephone number are passed to the

51

Frontend Application Server by the serving SPCS over the  
Small Message Desk Interface.

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Table 1

## Data Tables by Major Data Area

Consumer Tables (Backend)

## ADSI DEVICE TYPE

5           The ADSI protocol defines the minimum physical  
            characteristics of a display device. This data  
            structure defines the actual physical characteristics  
            of each type of ADSI display device. This includes  
10           actual physical screen character width, physical  
            number of display lines, and the number of soft keys  
            available on the device.

## ADSI SCRIPT

            This data structure contains the compiled ADSI script  
            used to supply screenTalk consumers with a visual  
15           component to residential telephony services, FDM  
            default CallMall Services, and FDM default DBM  
            services. Normally, each Telco will have 2 standard  
            telephony scripts, one for each language.  
            Development of the script will be external to the  
20           screenTalk system. STS will have no knowledge of the  
            internal logic or specific telephony features  
            supported by the script. This is not the case for  
            the default FDM scripts where the information is  
            known and maintained within STS.

## 25   CONSUMER

            A consumer is a residential or small business  
            subscriber to the services offered by screenTalk. The  
            consumer data structure defines information needed to  
            provide these services. It includes:

30           A telco\_id and account number used to reference  
            the Telco account information;  
            Postal code information used to target DBM ads  
            by location;  
            Home shipping names and addresses for use by  
35           CallMall order applications;

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Language preference and custom personal agent voice;

A language exclusivity flag, set to no if the consumer will accept ads in the alternate language if unavailable in the language of choice;

A dial 9 indicator, used to modify FDM soft key return strings for consumers that prefix local calls with digit 9 (e.g., business consumers);

An adsi\_downloadable\_code that indicates whether this consumer can be downloaded in a server-initiated, on hook fashion. Examples of non-downloadable devices include sets served by digital loop carriers or PBXs. Initially set to "test", this field will be updated to "yes" after the first successful download to the consumer's device, or to "no" if subsequent downloads up to a maximum fail download (as captured by the fail\_download counter for the consumer);

Version numbers for the standard FDM scripts that STS supports (i.e., the CallMall and Telephony standard scripts); and

Information pertinent to the media type that the consumer owns (currently ADSI).

#### CONSUMER INTEREST

Consumers may signify their interest in one or more interest areas. Any ads specific to those interest areas will be delivered to those consumers. This data structure indicates the interest areas selected by each consumer.

#### CONSUMER RESPONSE

This data structure is used to store response counters on a per consumer per interest area basis. This data is intended for use in ad targeting.

#### DEFAULT FDM GROUP SCRIPT

This data structure is used to associate the appropriate default FDM scripts (Default DBM and

CallMall) for a fictitious telno group with the corresponding ADSI script translation (See FICTITIOUS TELNO GROUP). This structure also maintains the date that the ADSI script was downloaded to the corresponding consumer population.

#### DEFAULT FDM SCRIPT

This data structure is used to store information relevant to the default FDM scripts needed to support the screenTalk service. Information stored includes text and soft keys, as well as data needed to maintain FDM download security. Current scripts supported are:

Default DBM Script - New consumers receive this script after successful initialization. It allows access to the consumer's current messages in an SDC mode. For non-downloadable consumers, this script will always be used to access DBM messages.

Default CallMall Script - This script allows access to the CallMall component service of screenTalk.

#### DEFAULT FDM SCRIPT TYPE

This data structure currently only contains the 2 types of FDM default scripts: one for the default CallMall script, and one for the default DBM script.

#### EAS

This data structure is used to store instances of valid EAS (Local Calling) areas inside a given Home NPA (Area code).

#### EAS AREA

Each EAS area allows free calling to a number of NXXs. An entry in this data structure represents an NPA/NXX that can be reached with a local call by callers with the given eas\_id.

#### FICTITIOUS TELNO

Consumers will normally access the screenTalk system by pressing preprogrammed soft keys. Since consumers

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will be in different calling areas, it is necessary to program these soft keys with numbers that can be dialed by the consumer without incurring charges. This data structure is used to store instances of fictitious telephone numbers for each Fictitious Telno Group.

#### FICTITIOUS TELNO GROUP

Consumers calling the screenTalk system will normally access the system via preprogrammed soft keys that dial fictitious telephone numbers that forward to the appropriate Frontend server. At least one set of fictitious numbers is required for each Frontend server. A server may require more than 1 set of numbers when it's consumers are in 2 calling areas without a local NXX in common. This set of numbers is referred to as a Fictitious Telno Group. Instances are stored in this data structure.

#### FICTITIOUS TELNO TYPE

This data structure is used to store the valid fictitious number types used by the screenTalk system. Current known types are:

DBM relative line numbers - One of 24 fictitious numbers that correspond to the relative position of the ad that the consumer is currently viewing.

CallMall Fictitious Number - Used to access the CallMall Main Menu.

DBM Test Fictitious Number - Used to test ads prior to production.

Consumer Initialization Number - Used by new consumers to initialize their profile for the first time. Used by non-downloadable consumers to access their DBM ads using ADSI SDC (The default DBM FDM script downloaded to new consumers contains this number).

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**INTEREST AREA**

This data structure represents the valid interest areas in the screenTalk system. Each interest area describes a category of DBM or TalkMail advertisement. (e.g., food, hardware, etc.) See Appendix A for examples of Interest Areas.

**NXX EAS ASSIGNMENT**

This data structure is used to store the eas\_id associated with each NPA/NXX combination. This structure will be indexed to determine, for a given consumer, which community data structures can be accessed (e.g. Community Mall Store, More Flyers)

**PERSONAL AGENT VOICE**

The screenTalk system will provide audio prompts that supplement and enhance generic display menus. A consumer will select the personal agent voice used for these prompts from a list of famous personalities (e.g., Marilyn Monroe, Elvis Presley). This data structure represents the available personalities available in each language.

**PERSONAL MALL STORE**

Consumers may create a personal list of CallMall stores (up to 8) for ease of viewing purposes. This data structure defines this. An entry will be provided in this data structure for each consumer instance of a CallMall store that has been selected by the consumer from the list of stores available in the Community Mall Store. Note: New consumers will not have personal entries in this data structure. They may add entries using Profile Management.

**TELCO**

This data structure is used to store information particular to telcos participating in the screenTalk service.

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## TELCO TELEPHONY SCRIPT

This data structure is used to store FDM security information necessary to maintain the standard telephony script for a specific telco.

5    Consumer (Frontend)

## consumer\_name\_address

This data structure stores the consumer name and address delivered to screenTalk retailers with sent catalog or CallMall store orders.

## 10   consumer\_profile

Each consumer on the screenTalk system will have an associated record in the consumer\_profile table, storing profile information such as language preference, personal mall store entries and interest area selections.

15

## consumer\_name\_address

This table stores consumer shipping information provided to the retailer by the on-system CallMall Store order process.

## 20   fictitious\_number

This table stores all fictitious numbers used by the server. The Frontend server uses the called number to decide which service to initiate for the consumer, as well as the relative ad line position being viewed by the consumer (In the case of DBM).

25

## init\_consumer

This table contains a list of consumers who have called the initialization number to get their phone reinitialized. For consumers with entries in this table, at targeted download time, a full script including the soft key table will be downloaded to their set.

30

## interest\_code

This table stores the valid interest area codes and their display labels in the appropriate language. See INTEREST AREA.

35

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**targeted\_download**

Each screenTalk consumer will have an entry in the targeted\_download table, used to define which ads should be downloaded to the consumer, as well as which ads are currently resident in the consumer's set.

**Retailer Tables (Backend)****AR ACCOUNT**

All screenTalk Retailers must have an Account on the Accounts Receivable system. This data structure represents that structure.

**CALLMALL CATEGORY**

Each CallMall retailer will be associated with a CallMall category, which identifies the classification(s) the retailer falls into (e.g., financial services). This data structure stores the valid CallMall categories, and the label in both official languages for each.

**CALLMALL STORE**

This data structure stores the information pertinent to a retailer's CallMall store. Information required includes: the telephone number that is used to reach off-system retailer applications, a fax telephone number used to forward orders for on-system shopping retailer applications, and a cm\_store\_name used to provide the display item entry for the CallMall store on the consumer's display. A language\_code is used to indicate French or English service. When service in both languages is available, the related\_cm\_store\_no field reflects this.

**CATALOG**

This data structure is intended to store instances of retailer catalogs for use in the catalog fulfilment application, an application designed to allow consumers easy access to catalogs offered by

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screenTalk retailers. The information stored in this structure includes:

The catalog\_name that the consumer sees on the screenTalk set;

5 The 800 inquiry number that can be used to call the retailer directly, if provided;

The 800 number that can be reached to access the retailer to order the catalog, if the retailer elects to use this method for catalog ordering rather than the screenTalk Fax service;

10 The Fax number used to send retailers consumer catalog requests for those retailers using our Fax service;

A text and voice segment that presents the consumer with supplemental information about each catalog; and

A language code and related\_catalog\_no field, used for presentation of catalogs in the appropriate consumer language.

#### 20 CATALOG CM CATEGORY

This data structure is used to allow presentation of catalogs to consumers in their language of choice, by chosen category. A language\_code and language\_exclusive\_flag allow presentation to exclusively French or English consumers, as well as those that have signified their desire to access services in both languages. (See COMMUNITY MALL STORE for more details on language presentation).

#### CM VOLUME DISCOUNT

30 This data structure is used to store the discount available to a CallMall retailer based on the total dollar business volume for all applications for the retailer. This includes any CallMall stores, Catalogs, Mall activities or Information services owned by the retailer.

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## COMMUNITY INFO SERVICE

Consumers accessing the information services provided in CallMall will be presented any information services that can be accessed by the consumer with a local call (i.e., in their EAS area), in their preferred language (or in the alternate language if desired and the service is not available in the preferred language). This data structure is used to store the available information services by EAS area and language.

## COMMUNITY MALL STORE

Consumers accessing the CallMall will have access to all CallMall stores in their EAS area, sorted by CallMall categories. This data structure contains an entry for each CallMall store available in the EAS area in the available CallMall categories. Since CallMall stores may be available to consumers in several EAS areas, and CallMall stores may appear in multiple categories, one store may appear in this data structure many times. A language\_code denotes English or French, and a language\_exclusive\_flag is used to denote whether this list of stores should be seen by consumers accepting both English and French stores. The list of stores the consumer sees when accessing the "More Stores" menu item is dependent upon:

Consumer EAS area - To avoid toll bypass, a consumer can only access a store that he/she can reach without incurring long distance charges. (i.e., stores with local or 800 numbers, or stores with on-system applications).

Consumer Language - Consumers will be presented with stores in their preferred language.

Language Exclusivity - Consumers may elect to see stores in the alternate language as well. (Consumer language\_exclusive\_flag set to "No"). When

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a store is only available in the alternate language (as determined by the related\_cm\_store\_no flag on the store) it will be presented to those consumers wishing to see stores in both languages.

5 INFO SERVICE

Certain applications in the CallMall will be classified as information services, for example, a weather line, road report, lottery numbers, etc. These will be accessed by the consumer under the "Information Services" CallMall menu item. This data structure is used to store the data relevant to services of this type. Information stored here includes:

15 The service name used in presentation to the consumer's display;

The telephone number used to access external information service applications;

Text and voice segments used to provide the consumer with more information about the service;

20 A flag that denotes if this information is free to the consumer (Note: the screenTalk system does not bill or charge consumers in any way. This flag is used solely for presentation purposes on the consumer's screen: Pay services will be flagged as such);

25 A language code and related\_info\_service\_no used to determine appropriate language presentation to the consumer; and

30 An application\_id used to reference the correct application.

MALL ACTIVITIES

Certain applications in the CallMall will be classified as Mall Activities. These will be accessed by the consumer under the "Mall Activities" CallMall menu item. This data structure is used to

35

store the data relevant to services of this type.  
Information stored here includes:

The service name used in presentation to the  
consumer's display;

5           An 800 telephone number used to access external  
Mall activity applications;

A language code and related\_info\_service\_no  
used to determine appropriate language presentation  
to the consumer; and

10           An application\_id used to reference the correct  
application.

#### MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL TRANSACTION(CIS/BILLING)

The rating process in the screenTalk system  
summarizes billable events into the layout required  
15           for Miscellaneous Financial Transactions. These  
records are passed to the CIS/Billing system to be  
processed and billed.

Note: This is no longer true, as CIS will not  
be used for billing. This data structure kept here  
20           as a placeholder only.

#### ORDER ATTRIBUTE

This data structure stores the information pertinent  
to all valid attributes available to CallMall stores  
using an on-system order application. Examples of  
25           order attributes include Product Code, Color, or  
Size. Information stored here includes the attribute  
label to be presented on the consumer's display (in  
both official languages), as well as a voice segment  
id in both languages. An alphanumeric flag is used  
30           to indicate if consumer input entry should be numeric  
or alphanumeric.

#### PAYMENT TYPE

This data structure is used to store the valid credit  
card types that a retailer may choose to utilize. A  
35           label in both English and French is provided for  
consumer presentation.

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**RETAILER**

This data structure stores the information pertinent to a screenTalk retailer, both for retailers advertising using the system or having CallMall applications (CallMall stores, information services, etc.). Information captured for each retailer includes the retailer name and address, status, and a retailer contact name and number. A discount percentage value may be applied to all billed events for stores owned by the retailer at rating time.

**RETAILER CM CATEGORY**

This data structure is used to store the CallMall category or categories that a retailer is classified under. All CallMall stores and catalogs for the retailer will be presented to the consumer under these categories. For technical reasons this entity will be limited to a maximum of 3 categories per retailer.

**RETAILER ORDER ATTRIBUTE**

This data structure is used to store attribute information needed for retailers using an on-system order application. Each attribute for the particular retailer application is stored here, with a sequence number that is used to determine consumer presentation order.

**RETAILER PAYMENT TYPE**

This data structure is used to store the types of credit cards that each retailer will accept, for use in order applications such as the on-system order and catalog fulfilment applications. An entry is stored here for each retailer/payment type combination. A sequence number allows the retailer to select the order of presentation to the consumer.

**SETUP CHARGE**

New retailer applications may be charged a setup charge at subscription time. This data structure is

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used to store, for each retailer, a setup charge\_amount if applicable, defaulting to the amount associated with the setup type (see SETUP TYPE data structure). The date and time that the charge occurred is stored, as well as the setup\_type (Ad setup, CallMall store setup, etc.). A set\_up\_item field is provided that stores relevant to the setup\_type --- for ad setup, this field will contain the ad\_id, while for a CallMall store setup the field will contain the CallMall store number.

#### SETUP TYPE

This data structure is used to store the valid system setup types, with a description and default setup charge.

#### 15 Retailer Tables (Frontend) catalog

This table stores information pertinent to catalogs participating in the CallMall catalog Fulfilment application. Information stored here includes catalog language data, application initiation parameters and the categories under which the catalog falls.

#### cm\_category\_name

This table stores the display labels in both languages for the valid CallMall categories.

#### 25 cm\_store\_appl

Each CallMall store handled by the Frontend server will have an entry in this table. This table is accessed to determine which application to initiate when the store is selected, as well as any parameters needed by the invoked application.

#### communityNNNN

Each EAS area handled by the Frontend server has a separate communityNNNN table (Where NNNN = eas\_id; see EAS). This table stores the store numbers, display labels, language and category information for the associated CallMall stores. A CallMall store may

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be available in more than one EAS area. Hence, a CallMail store may appear in more than one communityNNNN table.

credit\_card\_list

- 5 This table stores an entry for each valid credit card in the system, and the display label for the card in each language.

info\_serviceNNNN

- 10 Each EAS area handled by the Frontend server has a separate info\_serviceNNNN table (Where NNNN = eas\_id; see EAS). This table stores the info service numbers, display labels, language and application startup information for the associated info services. An Info Service may be available in more than one EAS area. Hence, an Info Service may appear in more than one info\_serviceNNNN table.

retailer\_credit\_card

- 20 This table stores the valid credit card types in use for each specific retailer (See RETAILER PAYMENT TYPE, PAYMENT TYPE and credit\_card\_list). The system supports up to 8 credit cards per retailer.

retailer\_order\_attribute

- 25 This table contains all order attributes for each retailer (See ORDER ATTRIBUTE and RETAILER ORDER ATTRIBUTE for details).

Ad Tables (Backend)

AD

- 30 One of the key components of the screenTalk system is the delivery of targeted marketing messages (ads) from retailers to consumers. The ad data structure includes information that allows the ad to be targeted to the appropriate set of consumers --- ad telephone number (which determines the EAS areas to be targeted), language and targeting postal code--- as well as fields that relate to the ad media type (ADSI or TalkMail). A flag indicates the ad status

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(test, under development or in production). Rollup counters keep download and response information for both targeted and untargeted consumer interactions.

#### AD SCHEDULE

5       ScreenTalk ads are delivered 3 times a day. An ad  
may be delivered multiple times. This data structure  
represents an ad delivery instance, by delivery date  
and download number (1 to 3) within that date. Note:  
10       This data structure may be explicitly populated by  
screenTalk administrative personnel, or populated by  
the system using the current download counter when  
default scheduling is acceptable.

#### AD CATEGORY

15       This data structure is used to store the valid ad  
categories assignable to an ad. Ad categories are  
used in analysis of DBM consumer response events to  
glean more information about the consumers responding  
to the ad. See AD CLASSIFICATION for details on the  
use of ad categories. See Appendix A for examples of  
20       Ad Categories.

#### AD CATEGORY TYPE

Ad category types subdivide ad categories into  
logical groupings related to an interest area,  
primarily as a navigational aid to a screenTalk  
25       administrator assigning ad categories to an ad at ad  
assembly time. Example: An ad's objectives are to  
sell men's footwear. The interest area for the ad in  
this case will be "clothing". The ad categories  
assigned to the ad through the ad classification data  
30       structure will be "male" and "footwear". The ad  
category type that allows the administrator to  
quickly find the "male" category is "sex"; to find  
"footwear" is "clothing type". Note that in this  
example, neither the "sex" or "footwear" category  
35       types describe the ad, but act purely to classify the

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ad category inside the interest area. See Appendix A for examples of Ad Category Types.

#### AD CLASSIFICATION

This data structure relates ads to specific ad categories. Ad categories are used in analysis of DBM consumer response events to glean more information about the consumers responding to the ad. For technical reasons an ad was limited to being able to be associated with up to a maximum of 5 ad categories. Example: An ad's objectives are to sell men's footwear. The interest area for the ad in this case will be "clothing". The ad categories assigned to the ad through the ad classification data structure will be "male" and "footwear". Consumers responding to this ad may be inferred to be interested in men's footwear, even though they have only explicitly selected the broad interest area "clothing". Note: targeting to the consumer is based only on the interest area. The ad classification is not used.

#### ADSI SDC LITTLE/LOT

Ads with display components are translated into ADSI protocol. The translated components (both little and lot) are stored in this data structure. This is done to minimize the overhead necessary in ADSI translation by translating once only.

#### AD TYPE

This data structure stores the valid ad types in the system. Currently, valid ad types are regular, priority and system ads. System ads are sent to all consumers, bypassing interest area and EAS screening. System ads are only used for public service messages. Priority ads are placed on the top lines in the consumer's physical device.

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## CAMPAIGN

Each ad will be associated with a campaign. The campaign data structure provides campaign objective information, and identifies campaign capping and discount information (See CAMPAIGN PRICING for details on capping). Ads for the same retailer with the same ad objectives will be linked together through the campaign data structure (An example might be ads with different call numbers for different EAS areas). The campaign also contains an attribute identifying the interest area for the ads in the campaign (Ads will only be targeted to consumers that have selected the ad's interest area).

An ad\_type attribute identifies priority, system or regular ad types.

An explicit schedule attribute identifies those ads not using default the default ad scheduling algorithm (See AD SCHEDULE and CURRENT DOWNLOAD for more details).

## CAMPAIGN PRICING

Charges to retailers for ad campaigns will be based on a "capping" formula. This formula will use the quantity of downloads forecast, and an expected response percentage to calculate the cap. "Responses" include responses due to consumers accessing "lot" message components (pressing "MORE" soft key) as well as those using a soft key to call the retailer. This calculation is made as follows:

$$\text{CAP} = \text{download percent} * \text{download rate} * \text{forecast downloads} + \text{more rate} * \text{more percent} * \text{forecast downloads} + \text{call rate} * \text{call percent} * \text{forecast downloads}$$

Rates for response and download will be derived from the Billing Rate data structure (See Event for details).

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Retailers will be charged based on either actual downloads and responses or the cap amount, whichever is less.

#### CAMPAIGN VOLUME DISCOUNT

5       Retailers whose ad campaign charges fall within certain dollar ranges may qualify for volume discounts. The discount percentage to be used at rating time is contained in this data structure.

#### CONSUMER LIST

10       At forecast time, the specified ad interest area and other targeting criteria will be used to create a list of consumers to target, placed in this data structure. This list may be large; this data structure allows the list to be segmented (e.g.,  
15       based on response history), thus allowing more effective targeting.

#### CURRENT DOWNLOAD

      This data structure merely stores a counter which indicates, when scheduling an ad with default  
20       scheduling, which download number the ad should be scheduled in on day 1. Note: Default scheduling will use the following algorithm: Ad will be scheduled using the current\_download\_number on schedule day 1. For ad schedule day 2, this value will be incremented  
25       (or set to 1 if previous value was 3).

#### LITTLE AD TEXT

      ScreenTalk DBM ads, when employing ADSI, will follow the "little/lot" model. The "little" component of the ad will be delivered to the consumer's display  
30       device. This data structure itemizes the information required for the "little" component, including the text to be sent to the display device, and required standard soft keys.

#### LOT AD TEXT

35       DBM ads employing ADSI may include a "lot" component, which provides supplemental information to the

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"little" component. The lot ad text data structure, on a per ad, per line basis, provides the display text information to be sent to the consumer's display device when the consumer is involved in an interactive session. Note: "lot" components will be limited to 33 lines per ad.

#### MORE FLYERS

ScreenTalk consumers may choose to view any current production ads in the consumer's EAS area by interest area, even if these ads are not targeted to the consumer. This capability is accessed via a menu item labelled "More Flyers".

An instance in the More Flyers data structure is identified by the NPA, EAS, language, interest area and production ad\_id. Note: A given production ad may show up in multiple More Flyers instances, one for each EAS area that the ad is local with.

#### PROGRAM DISCOUNT

Retailers agreeing to participation in DBM ad campaigns for an extended period will be offered discount rates called program discounts. This data structure stores the valid program discount codes, used to provide default discount rates to the retailer program discount data structure.

#### RETAILER PROVIDED LIST

A retailer may optionally provide a list of telephone numbers to be sent a specific ad. This list is validated against the screenTalk consumer base, and valid entries are stored in the retailer list entry data structure. An entry in this structure is identified by an ad\_id and consumer telephone number.

#### RETAILER PROGRAM DISCOUNT

This data structure stores, on a per retailer basis, the program discount that should be applied to retailer charges at rating time, and the start and end dates between which this discount applies. Note:

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although program discount rates are related to time period, the system will not base rates on start and end dates in this data structure.

#### SALES AGENCY

- 5        Sale of ads and campaigns to retailers will be conducted by sales agencies. The sales agency data structure stores information pertinent to the agency (name, address, contact information, etc).

#### SALES PERSONNEL

- 10       Associated with sales agencies and acting as agents for retailers during specific ad campaigns are sales personnel. This data structure stores information pertinent to a sales person in a sales agency, including a sales\_id and name.

#### 15       TARGETED AD RESERVATION

Ad reservation involves the following steps:

Selection of a consumer list by community (EAS Area);

- 20       Further selection based on consumers whose profile matches the ad postal code criteria; and

Further selection based on consumers whose interest area matches the ad's interest area.

- 25       The list of consumers resulting from the above operations comprises the reservation list for the ad. The targeted ad reservation data structure stores an entry for each instance of a reserved ad in a consumer's download date and download number. Note: ads entered here are not guaranteed delivery, as ads may be scheduled here before entering production status.

30

#### TARGETED DOWNLOAD

- 35       This data structure stores, for each consumer download instance, the ads and their relative position in the consumer's ADSI device. A flag indicates whether this download has been successfully sent to the consumer's device.

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Ad Tables (Frontend)

## ad\_indexNNNN

5       An ad\_indexNNNN table exists for each EAS area supported by the Frontend server. (NNNN = eas\_id, see EAS). Defines the ads available to consumers in the EAS, the interest area that the ad falls into and the ad language.

## little\_ad\_text

10       For each ad\_id, this table contains the associated "little" ad text

## sdc\_lot\_call\_number

15       This data structure is used to associate the ad\_id with the number to be dialed when a consumer viewing the "lot" component of the ad presses the associated "Call" soft key.

Event Table (Backend)

## APPLICATION TYPE

20       This data structure stores the valid application types, used to start up CallMall store or information service applications. Examples of valid application types include speed call, fax order, or custom applications. In order to correctly invoke the custom application, an identifier unique to that application is stored here.

## 25   BILLING CODE

      This data structure stores instances of valid event codes, a description of each code, and the billing code for the event code, used to determine retailer charges.

## 30   BILLING RATE

      This data structure stores instances of billing rates for event code/billing code combinations. More than one entry for the same event code/billing combination may occur here, differentiated by the effective date.

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## CALLMALL USAGE

This data structure stores instances of general CallMall Usage events. The two types of events captured in this structure indicate consumers entering the mall in general, as well as when they specifically enter the personal agent.

## CONSUMER DBM AUTHORIZATION

This data structure stores consumer DBM authorization event instances. A consumer DBM authorization event is triggered when a consumer authorizes release of his/her telephone number to the retailer providing a retailer list by pressing a soft key provided for this purpose while in a "lot" session.

## CM CATALOG USAGE

This data structure stores event instances relating to the Catalog Fulfilment application. Event types captured here include inquiry calls to retailers, successful catalog orders or successful calls to retailers for those retailers requiring live agent assistance to order catalogs.

## CM INFO USAGE

This data structure stores events relating to the Information Services component of CallMall. Like CM STORE USAGE, events captured in this structure include successful calls to information service applications, as well as successful invocation of custom applications.

## CM STORE USAGE

This data structure stores instances of CallMall store usage by consumers. CallMall store usage events include successful call on behalf of a consumer to a CallMall store, successful invocation of a custom application, or the successful transmittal of order information to a retailer for a home shopping session.

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## CONSUMER ORDER

This data structure stores instances of order events. Information captured in this data structure includes the retailer telephone number, the consumer, and details about the consumer necessary for shipping. This data structure stores this information for billing and archival purposes. Note: Incomplete orders where the consumer provides the shipping information via a voice recording will also be captured. Administration staff will use the voice to create the appropriate textual entry.

## CONSUMER VOICE

This data structure is created by the consumer when they want to use a shipping name and address for an order that is not on the order screen. In this situation the consumer records their desired name and address information for the particular order. Administration staff will receive this order as incomplete, and they will add the text to the order based upon the voice recording.

## DBM USAGE

This data structure stores instances of DBM usage by consumers. The information captured in these events is used to update the values of the appropriate actual usage fields on the appropriate Ads. It is necessary to identify these events as targeted or untargeted (accessed from "More Flyers"). DBM usage events are triggered when a consumer:

Responds to the "little" component of an ad by pressing a "More" soft key to request a "lot" component; and

Presses a "Call" soft key, either from the "little" or "lot" components of an ad.

## EVENT GROUP

This data structure groups event types together into event types of similar format. Valid event groups

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are: CM Store Usage, Consumer DBM Authorization, DBM Usage, FDM Download, CM Info Usage, CallMall Usage and Mall Activity usage.

#### EVENT TYPE

- 5 This data structure stores instances of valid event codes and an accompanying description, with a flag to indicate whether this event\_code is billable.

#### FDM DOWNLOAD

- 10 This data structure is used to store instances of DBM downloads for consumers, as well as download of default FDM scripts. Note: One DBM download event infers successful delivery of several DBM ads to a consumer. The information captured in these events is used to update the values of the Actual Download
- 15 fields on the appropriate ADs.

#### MALL ACTIVITY USAGE

- 20 This data structure stores event instances relating to consumer use of the Mall Activity services within the CallMall. These events capture specific consumer invocations of specific mall activities.

#### MONTHLY ACTIVITY USAGE

- 25 This data structure contains a counter per event type generated by instances of Mall Activity Usage (See MALL ACTIVITY USAGE). It is maintained to facilitate queries of event data.

#### MONTHLY CATALOG USAGE

- 30 This data structure contains a counter per event type generated by instances of CallMall Catalog Usage (See CM CATALOG USAGE). It is maintained to facilitate queries of event data.

#### MONTHLY CM USAGE

- 35 This data structure contains a counter per event type generated by instances of general CallMall Usage (See CALLMALL USAGE). It is maintained to facilitate queries of event data.

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## MONTHLY INFO USAGE

5 This data structure contains a counter per event type generated by instances of CallMall Info Usage (See CM INFO USAGE). It is maintained to facilitate queries of event data.

## MONTHLY STORE USAGE

10 This data structure contains a counter per event type generated by instances of CallMall Store Usage (See CM STORE USAGE). It is maintained to facilitate queries of event data.

## ORDER DETAIL LINE

15 This data structure stores information pertinent to the product attributes of a given consumer order; product code, quantity, price and color are some examples. This structure stores both the product label in the appropriate language and the value input by the consumer.

Backend - Frontend Messaging

20 The following defines communications messages that flow between Backend and Frontend:

## BE\_REQ\_NEW\_CONSUMER\_INIT

This message is sent to the appropriate Frontend when a new consumer is provisioned on the screenTalk system.

25 Message\_Type = 1  
Message\_Number = 1

## BE\_REQ\_CONSUMER\_INFO\_UPDATE

30 Sent to the appropriate Frontend Server to update the shipping name and address of the consumer when a change is necessary.

Message\_type = 1  
Message\_Number = 2

## FE\_UPDATE\_CONSUMER\_CPEID

35 Sent to the Backend when a consumer initializes his/her set on the Frontend server; used by the Backend to obtain the cpe\_id for the consumer.

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Message Type = 2  
Message\_Number = 1

FE\_UPDATE\_CONSUMER\_INTEREST\_AREA

5 Sent to the Backend when a consumer changes his/her  
selected interest areas.  
Message type = 2  
Message\_Number = 2

FE\_UPDATE\_CONSUMER\_MALL\_SELECTION

10 Sent to the Backend when a consumer changes his/her  
personal mall selection.  
Message Type = 2  
Message\_Number = 3

FE\_ORDER\_DETAIL\_LINE

15 This message is sent to the Backend after successful  
capture of a CallMall Order from a consumer (Fax  
Order application type). It contains the relevant  
details of the order.  
Message Type = 2  
Message\_Number = 4

20 FE\_CATALOG\_DETAIL

This message is sent to the Backend when a successful  
consumer's catalog fulfilment order is captured.  
Provides details on the order.  
Message Type = 2

25 Message\_Number = 5

FE\_EVENT\_UPDATE\_MESSAGE

30 Events captured in the Frontend server will be  
delivered to the Backend with a FE\_EVENT\_UPDATE\_MSG  
message type.  
Message Type = 3  
Message\_Number = Event Type

Table 2  
Areas of Interest

	Interest Area	Category Type	Sub-Category
	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Dairy
5	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Dry Goods
	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Fruit/Vegetables
	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Health Food
	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Meat/Fish/Poultry
	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Package Goods
10	Food & Groceries	Food & Groceries	Specialties
	Dining/Restaurants	Price/Atmosphere	Fast Food
	Dining/Restaurants	Price/Atmosphere	Casual Dining
	Dining/Restaurants	Price/Atmosphere	Fine Dining
	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Canadian
15	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Chinese
	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	French
	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Greek
	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Italian
	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Japanese
20	Dining/Restaurants	Type of Cuisine	Seafood
	Clothing&Accessories	Sex	Female
	Clothing&Accessories	Sex	Male
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Newborn(0-6 months)
25	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Babette(0-1 Year)
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Infants(0-2 Years)
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Toddlers(2-3 Yrs)
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Pre-School(4-5 Yrs)
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	School Age(6-12Yrs)
30	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Teenagers(16-18Yrs)
	Clothing&Accessories	Age	Adult (>18 Years)
	Clothing&Accessories	Type of Clothing	Clothing

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Table 3

## Function Definition by Subsystem

Subsystem 1 - Manage Consumer/Retailer InformationFunction 1.1 - Manage Consumer/Retailer Information

5       Processes under this grouping provide functionality for system administration staff to maintain consumer and retailer related information. The information maintained involves: consumers, retailers, CallMall stores, catalogues, mall activities, and information services.

10       Function 1.2 - Manage Order and Setup Charge Information

      Processes under this grouping provide functionality for system administration staff to maintain order and setup charge information: order attributes, retailer order  
15   attributes, incomplete order information, fax completed orders, setup charge types, as well as creating setup charges.

Function 1.3 - Manage EAS and Script Information

20   Processes in this grouping provide functionality for system administration staff to maintain EAS (Extended Area of Service) information, fictitious telephone number types, default FDM scripts, and telco telephony scripts.

Function 1.4 - Manage System Tables

25   Processes in this grouping provide functionality for the system administrator to maintain the system tables required for system. These tables include: interest areas, CallMall category types, payment types, ad types, event types, fictitious telno types, etc.

30   Function 1.5 - Manage Back-End System Security, Help, and Error Handling

      Processes in this grouping provide functionality for the system administrator to establish security requirements for the back-end system. Functionality here also allows for common error handling and on-line help for processes in  
35   the back-end system.

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Back-end processes are those processes that system administration utilize, whereas front-end processes are those processes that the consumer utilizes through their ADSI device.

5    Subsystem 2 - Manage Consumer Interactions

Function 2.1 - Manage Session Interaction Information

Processes in this grouping provides the following functionality for the consumer using their set in the off-hook state: establishes and terminates sessions with the server, requests set initialization, and handles the various make call requests.

Function 2.2 - Manage DBM SDC Interactions

Processes in this grouping all pertain to providing the consumer with the functionality to interact with little/lot DBM messages, as well as an additional feature of allowing for the testing of new little/lot messages off site.

Function 2.3 - Manage CallMall Shopping Interactions

Processes in this grouping all pertain to providing the consumer with CallMall shopping functionality.

Function 2.4 - Manage CallMall Personal Agent Interactions

Processes in this grouping all pertain to providing the consumer with CallMall personal agent maintenance functionality. Although initiated from the CallMall these processes deal with all aspects of the consumer's personal agent maintenance, including those related to DBM.

Subsystem 3 - Manage Ad Sales and Development

Function 3.1 - Manage Ad Sales & Ordering

30    Administration

Processes in this grouping deal with providing sales staff with the functionality necessary to administer DBM message ordering and sales, including: sales force, order forms, pricing, commission, as well as providing campaign and ad development and scheduling information.

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Function 3.2 - Manage Ad Creation

Processes in this grouping deal with providing administration staff with the ability to acquire and capture ad voice and text information supplied by the ad creative house.

Function 3.3 - Manage Ad Population

Processes in this grouping provide DBM sales administration with the functionality to forecast message penetration, as well as the capability to reserve specific slots on an ad basis.

Subsystem 4 - Manage Information For DistributionFunction 4.1 - Manage DBM Distribution

This grouping contains the functionality necessary to distribute DBM related information to remote locations. The information covered is consumer message reservations, next day's downloads, and "more flyers".

Function 4.2 - Manage CallMall Distribution

This grouping contains the functionality necessary to distribute CallMall related information to remote locations. The information covered is community mall stores, catalogue stores, mall activities, and community info service.

Function 4.3 - Distribute Information to Remote

This grouping contains the identification of remote locations and the transfer mechanism to distribute the data.

Function 4.4 - Acquire Distributed Information

This grouping contains the functionality necessary to acquire raw event information from remote locations for central processing.

Subsystem 5 - Manage FDM DeliveryFunction 5.1 - Manage Scheduled DBM Script Delivery

Processes in this grouping provide the functionality for the system to translate and download new DBM FDM Little Ads to the consumer's set. It also handles the translation of new SDC Little/Lot Ads.

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Function 5.2 - Manage Scheduled Default FDM Script Delivery

Processes in this grouping translate and download new default FDM scripts to the consumer's set.

5      Function 5.3 - Manage On Demand FDM Delivery

Processes in this grouping download set initialization functionality upon user request. The Feature Download Management information provides the set with its basic functionality.

10     Subsystem 6 - Manage Event Information

Function 6.1 - Manage System Archive and Cleanup

Processes in this grouping provide the functionality to archive and purge inactive data from the system. Each process is to provide a detailed control summary report of information archived and purged.

Function 6.2 - Manage Event Processing

Processes in this grouping provide the functionality that takes raw event information acquired by Subsystem 4 from Subsystem 2 into the appropriate structured event. These processes also update the appropriate monthly event roll-up counters.

Function 6.3 - Manage Event Rating

Processes in this grouping provide the functionality that rates and creates financial transactions from billable events and setup charges. It provides the functionality for producing retailer billing reports, and the ability to inquire on them. It also provides the functionality to transfer the information to CIS/BILLING.

Function 6.4 - Manage Retailer and Sales Reports

30     Processes in this grouping provide the weekly and monthly retailer and sales force reporting requirements.

Function 6.5 - Manage System Reports

Processes in this grouping provide reports which are necessary to manage and operate the system.

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION IN WHICH AN EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OR PRIVILEGE IS CLAIMED ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

1. A marketing system for use in a public switched telephone system having stored program controlled switches  
5 connected to customer premise equipment having an Analog Display Service Interface, said system comprising:
  - means for storing predetermined information respecting each said customer premise equipment;
  - means for assembling and managing messages including:  
10 creating a message to be delivered to one or more of said customer premise equipment;
  - linking each said message with one or more of said customer premise equipment;
  - scheduling the delivery of said messages at a  
15 predetermined time;
  - means for measuring the response of each customer premise equipment to messages delivered thereto.
2. A system as defined in claim 1, comprising maintenance and administration means for providing an  
20 indication of system faults and for system testing and fault resolution.
3. A process for non-intrusively delivering informational, promotional and advertisement messages over a public telephone network to unattended screen based  
25 devices, comprising the steps of:
  - creating a message to be delivered;
  - storing said message;
  - selecting one or more of said screen based devices to which said message is to be delivered;
  - 30 scheduling said message for delivery at a predetermined time;
  - delivering said message at said predetermined time;
  - detecting a response to said message; and
  - storing said response.

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

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4. A process as defined in claim 3, said step of creating a message including the step of incorporating into said message scripts operable to program programmable keys on said devices.
- 5 5. A process as defined in claim 4, said scripts including auto dialing scripts which cause a screen based device to call through the public telephone network to the message sponsor for additional verbal information.
- 10 6. A process as defined in claim 4, said scripts including auto dialing scripts which cause a screen based device to call through the public telephone network to an interactive voice system and/or an interactive screen based text system and/or interactive video system for additional information.
- 15 7. A process as defined in claim 3, said step of detecting a response including measuring the ratio of response rate to activation rate of auto dialers to be measured.
- 20 8. A system for use in a public switched telephone system having stored program controlled switches connected to screen based devices having an Analog Display Service Interface, said system comprising:  
means for storing predetermined attributes of the user or users of each said screen based devices and being  
25 responsive to a predetermined input to output screen based devices identification data of all screen based devices which meet specified attributes;  
means for assembling and delivering messages including:  
30 means for creating, editing and storing messages;

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

means for scheduling said messages for delivery at a predetermined time;

5 means responsive to a predetermined input from a user of said screen based device to cause messages previously delivered to said customer premise equipment to be redelivered;

10 means associated with each message delivery circuit of a stored program controlled switches for continuously monitoring messages to be delivered, translating messages to be delivered into a predetermined format required by the screen based device, communicating with the stored program controlled switches to establish connections through the stored program controlled switches to said screen based devices, sensing busy lines and rescheduling said message communication lines are busy;

20 means responsive to predetermined inputs by a user of said screen based devices providing additional information about a particular message or cause said screen based device to generate a call to the source of a particular message or to an information source such as a voice mail box, an interactive voice response (IVR) system, or an interactive system that follows SR-NWT-0024952;

25 means responsive to one of said calls for transmitting called line and calling line identification information from the stored program controlled switch associated with said screen based devices to the DBM System in a manner compliant with TR-TSY-0000323; and

30 means for receiving and storing said called line and calling line identification information; and means for selectively accessing and actuating each said means.

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

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1/95

DBM Fundamental Components

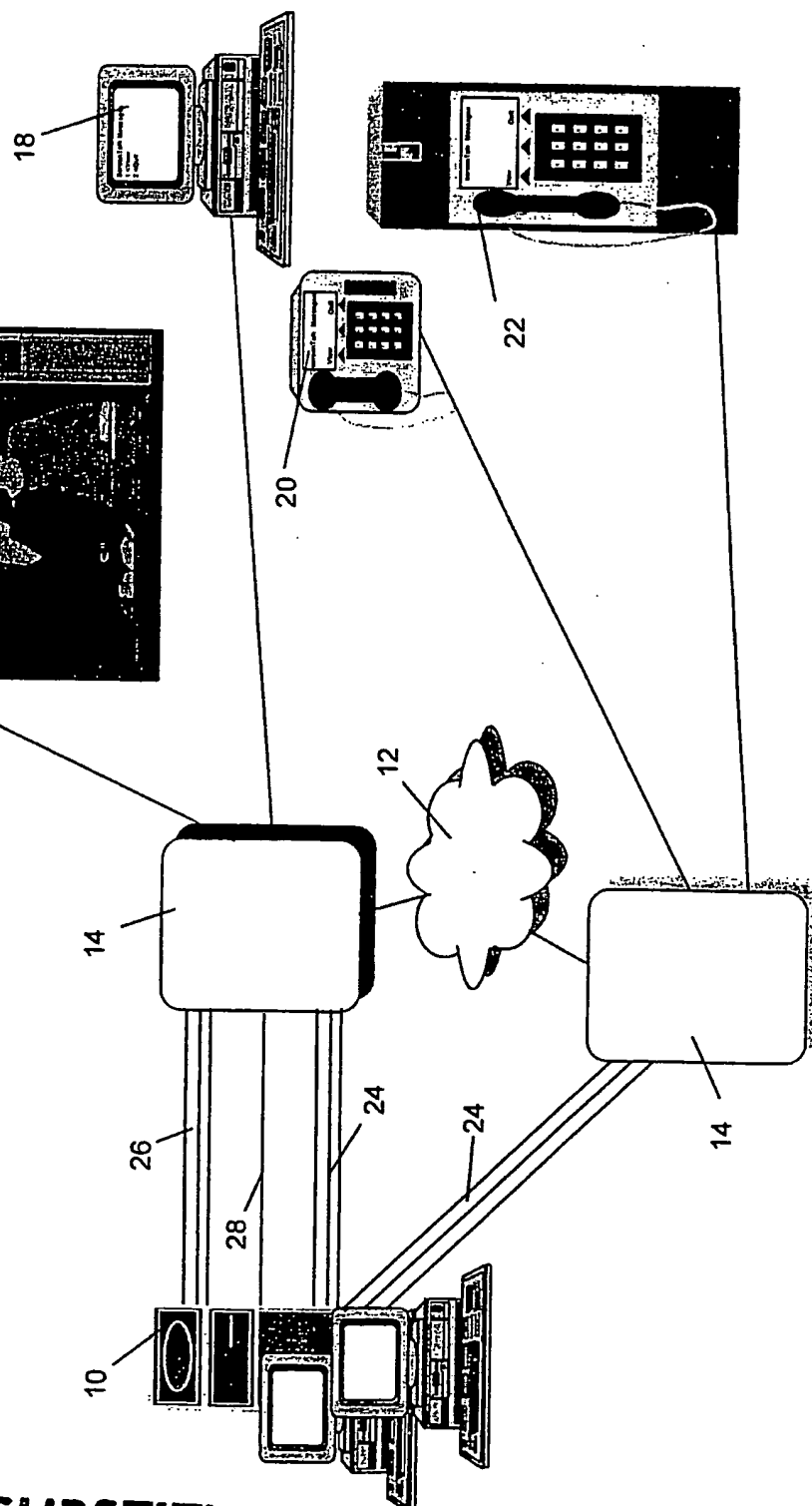
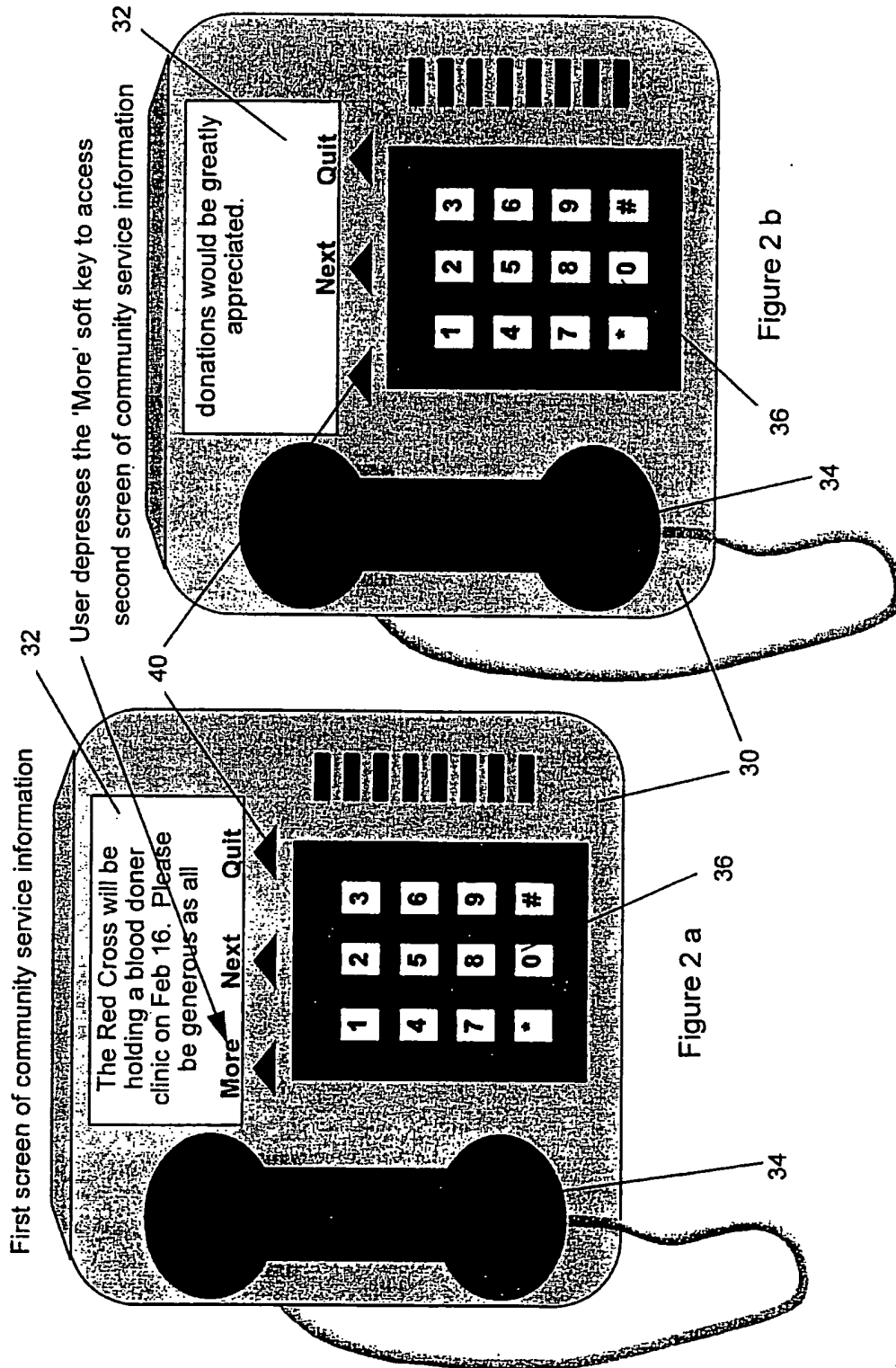


Figure 1

2 / 95

Community Service Messages



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

3/95

Straight Advertising Messages

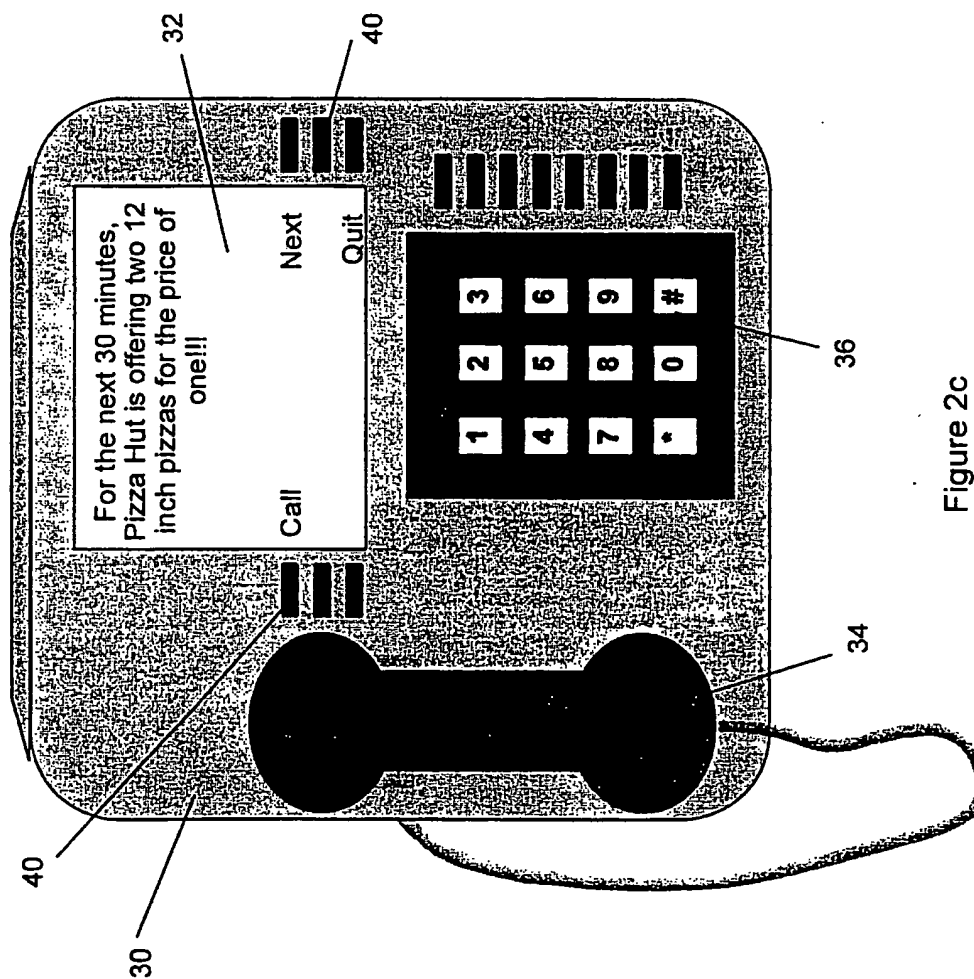


Figure 2c

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4/95

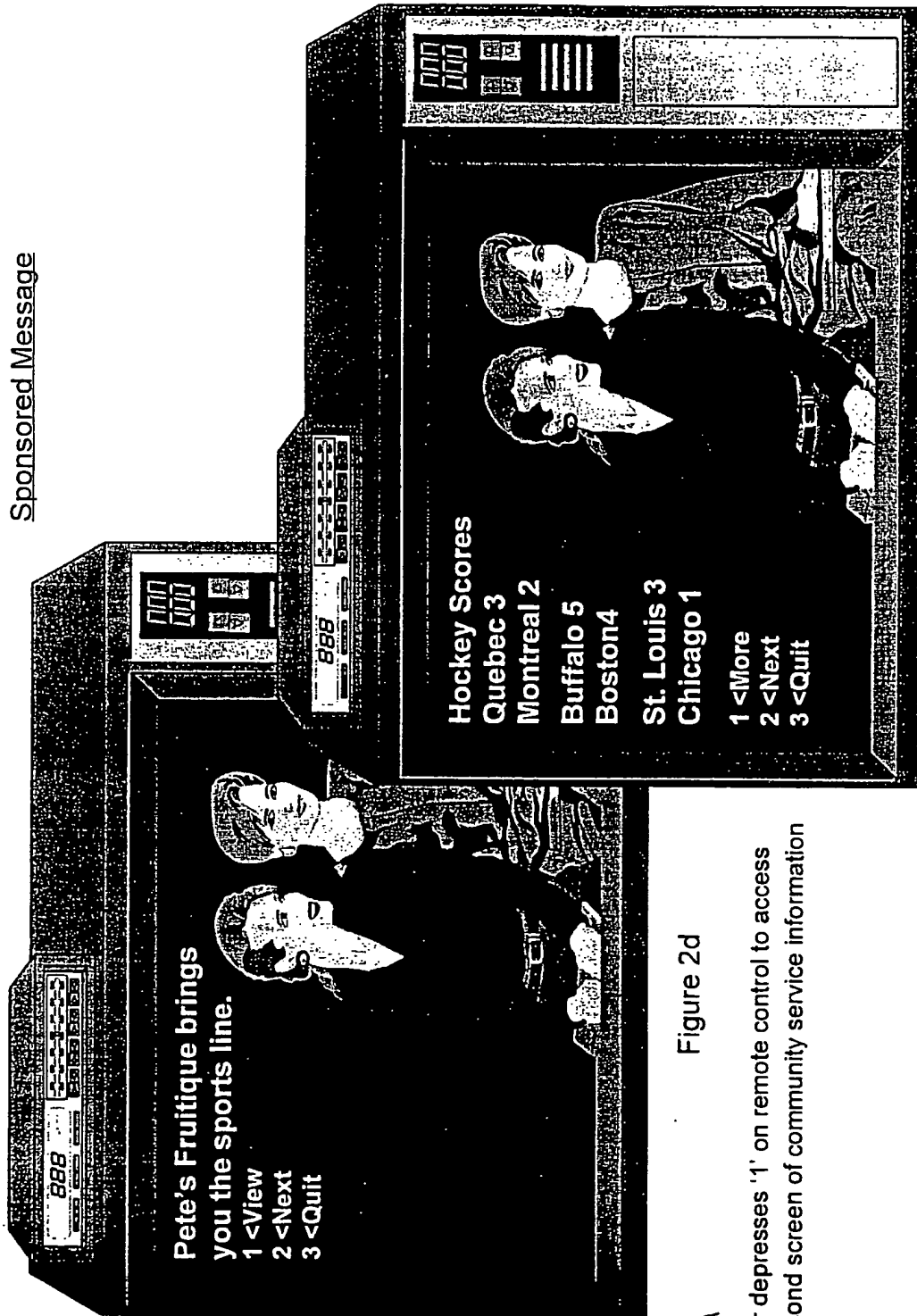
Sponsored Message

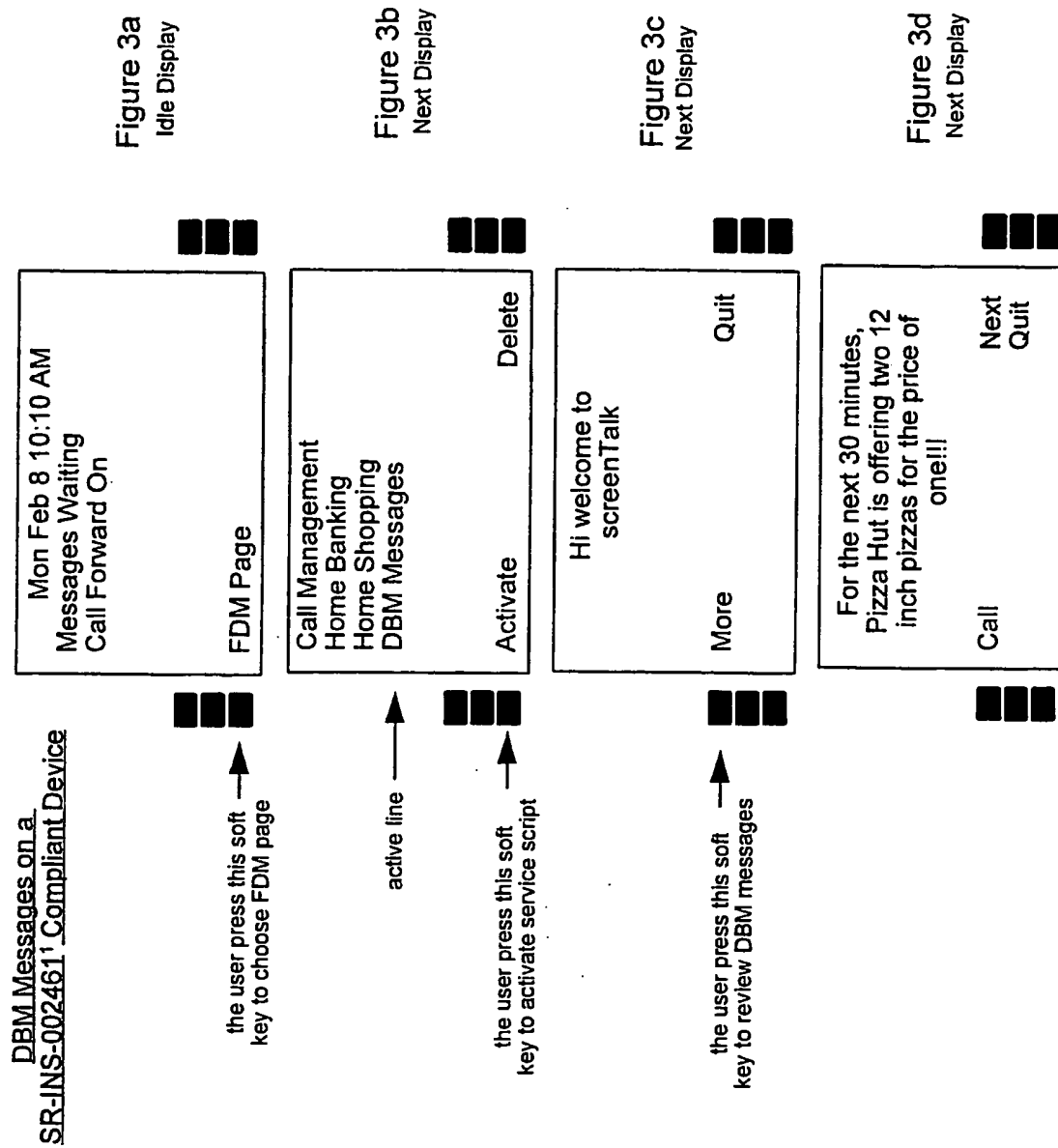
Figure 2e

Figure 2d

User depresses '1' on remote control to access second screen of community service information

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

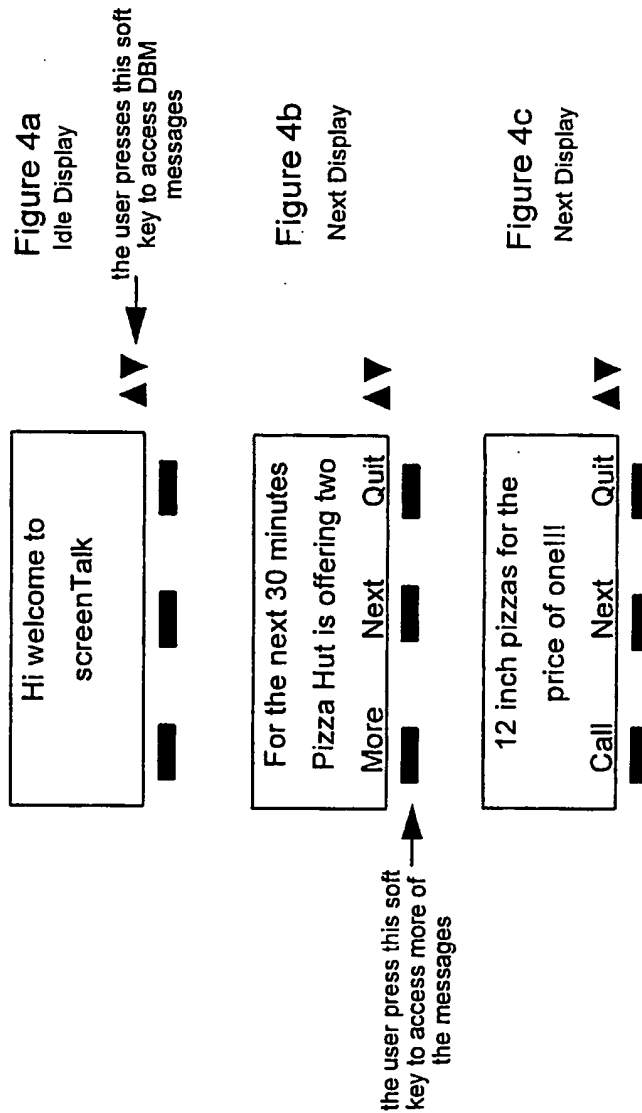
5/95



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

6/95

DBM Messages on a Northern Telecom Sesame Telephone



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

7/95

DBM System Components

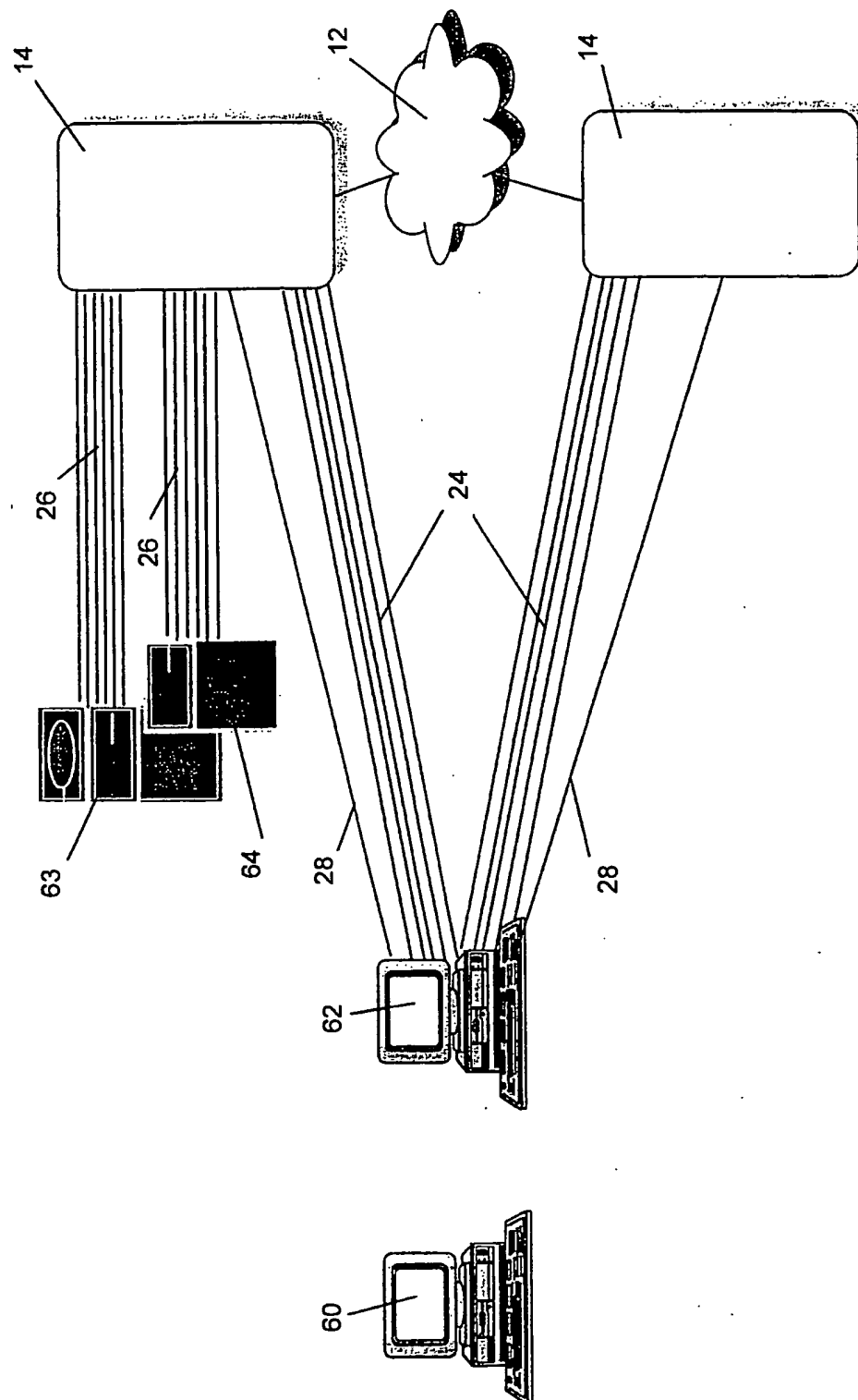


Figure 5

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

8/95

**MMI**

Each window identifies a subsequent screen the DBM operator would see through the MMI

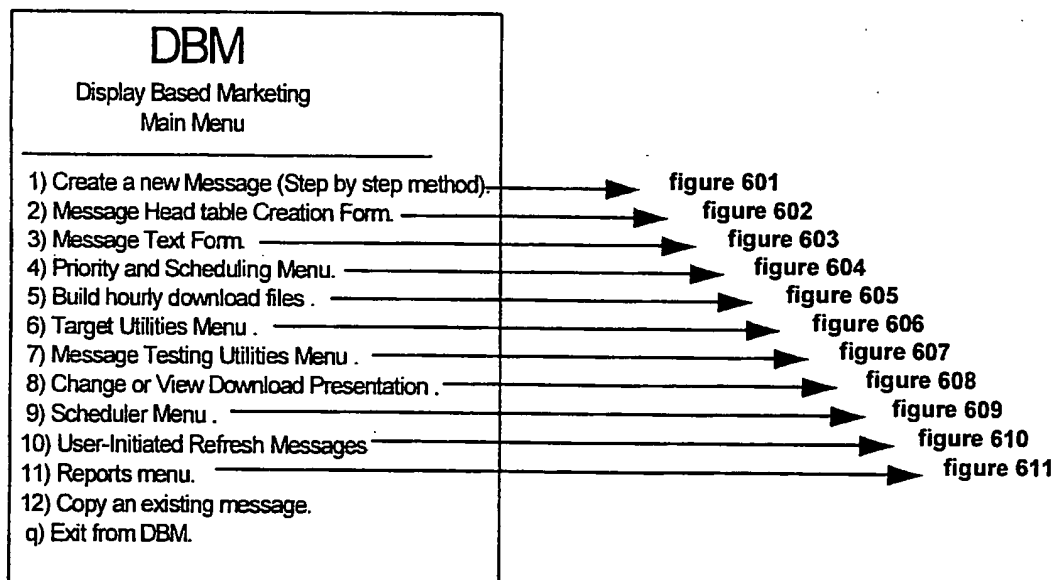


Figure 6 - 00

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**



9/95

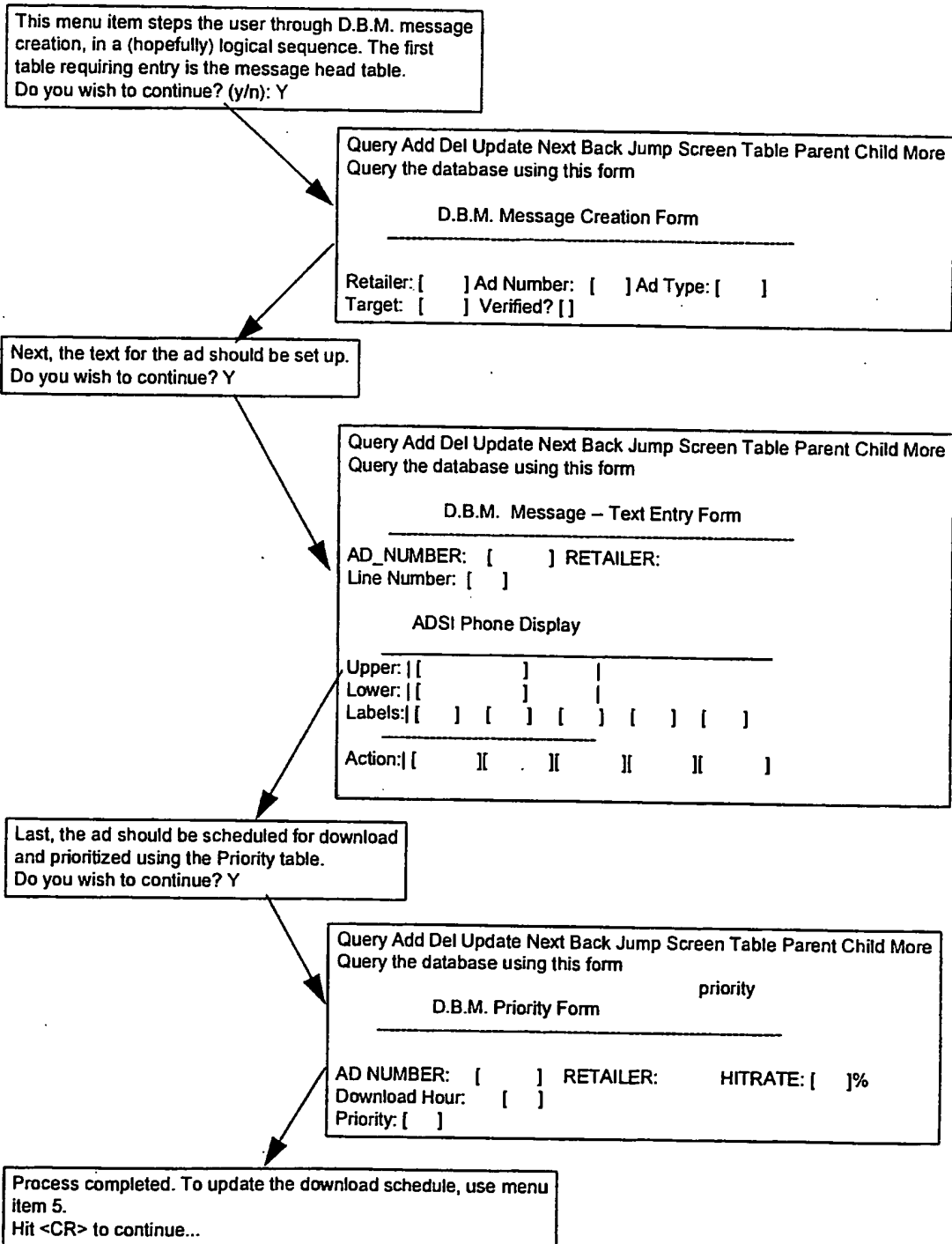


Figure 6 - 01

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

10/95

Query Add Del Update Next Back Jump Screen Table Parent Child More			
Query the database using this form			
D.B.M. Message Creation Form			
<hr/>			
Retailer: [	Ad Number: [	Ad Type: [	]
Target: [	Verified? [ ]		

Figure 6 - 02

Query Add Del Update Next Back Jump Screen Table Parent Child More									
Query the database using this form									
D.B.M. Message -- Text Entry Form									
<hr/>									
AD_NUMBER: [					RETAILER:				
Line Number: [					]				
ADSI Phone Display									
<hr/>									
Upper:	[	]							
Lower:	[	]							
Labels:	[	]	[	]	[	]	[	]	
<hr/>									
Action:	[	]	[	]	[	]	[	]	

Figure 6 - 03

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

11/95

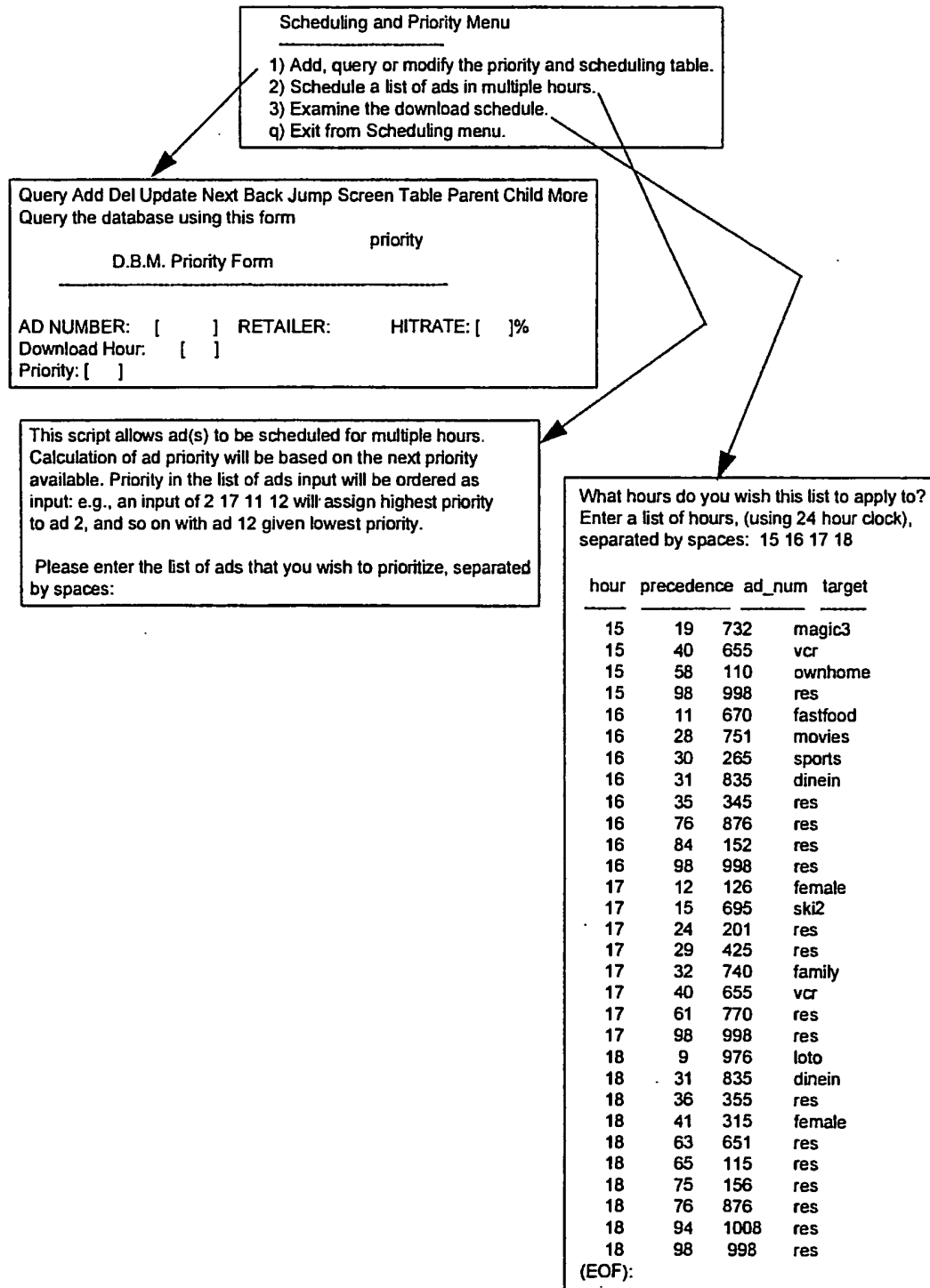


Figure 6 - 04

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

12/95

Prior to execution of the refresh, the messages for this hour should have been created and verified. Has this been done? (y/n): Y

Please enter the hour you wish to refresh: 15

Figure 6 - 05

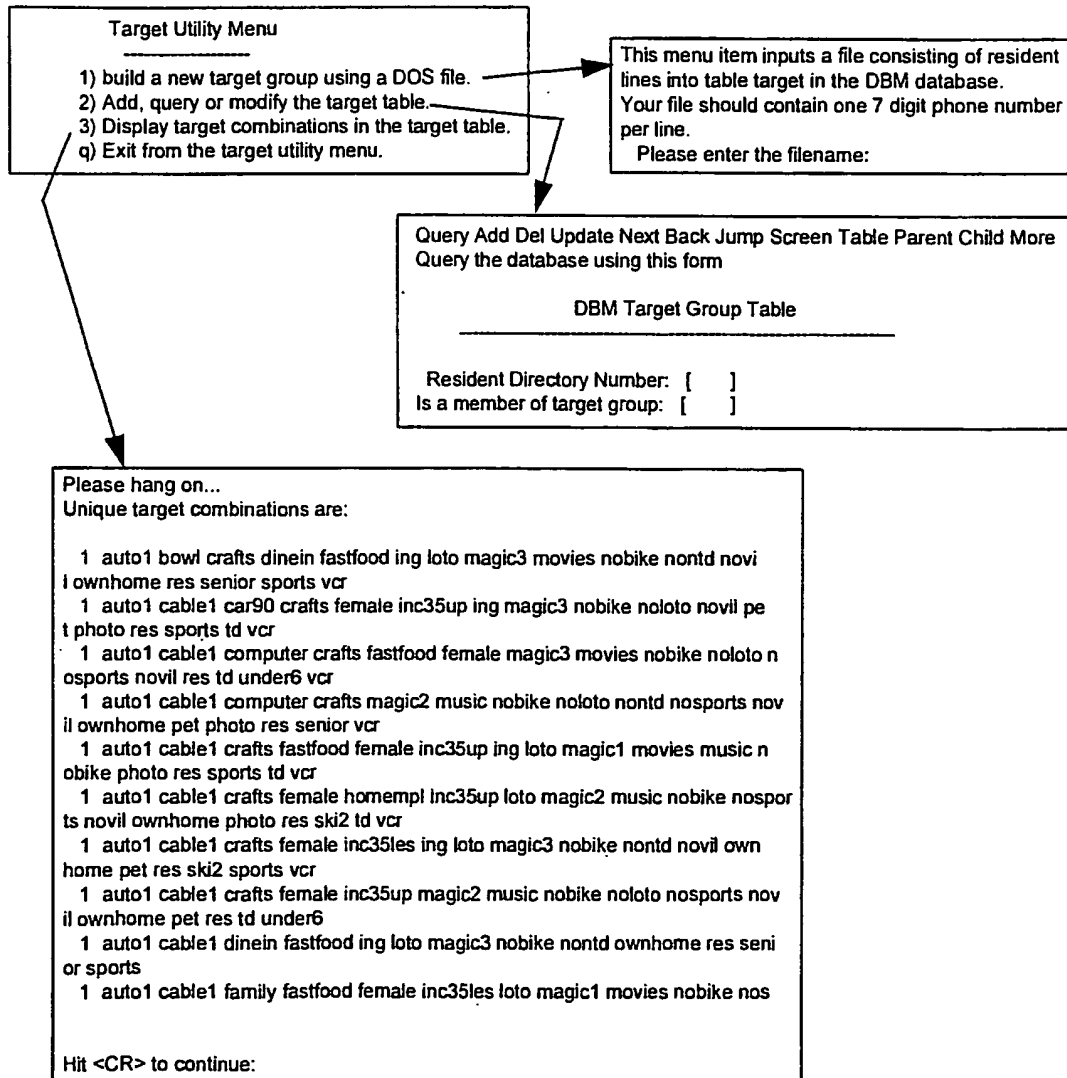


Figure 6 - 06

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

13/95

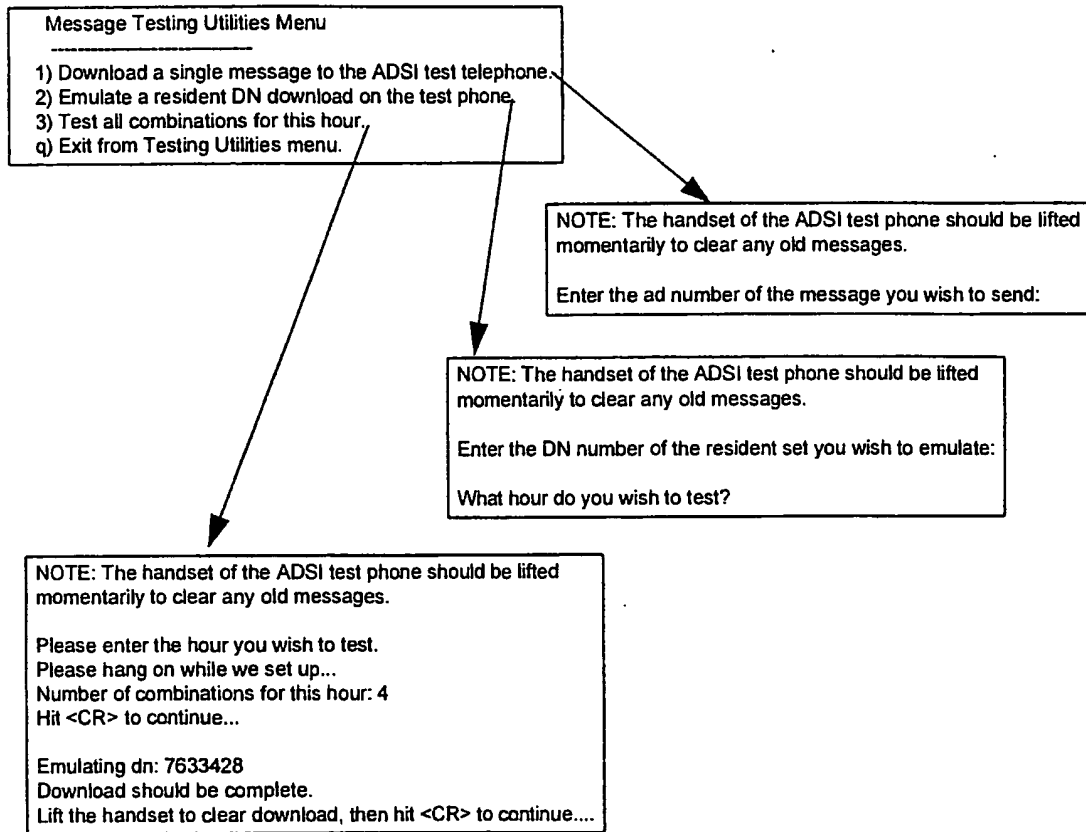


Figure 6 - 07

Query Add Del Update Next Back Jump Screen Table Parent Child More  
Query the database using this form

D.B.M. Generic Screen Presentation Form

Banner Message: [ Hil Welcome to ]  
[ screenTalk ]

Interim Message: [Please wait - I'm ]  
[collecting messages ]

"Next" Softkey  
Label for last Ad: [ ]

Do you wish to register your changes? Warning....  
This impacts screens for all residents.  
Enter (y/n):

Figure 6 - 08

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

14/95

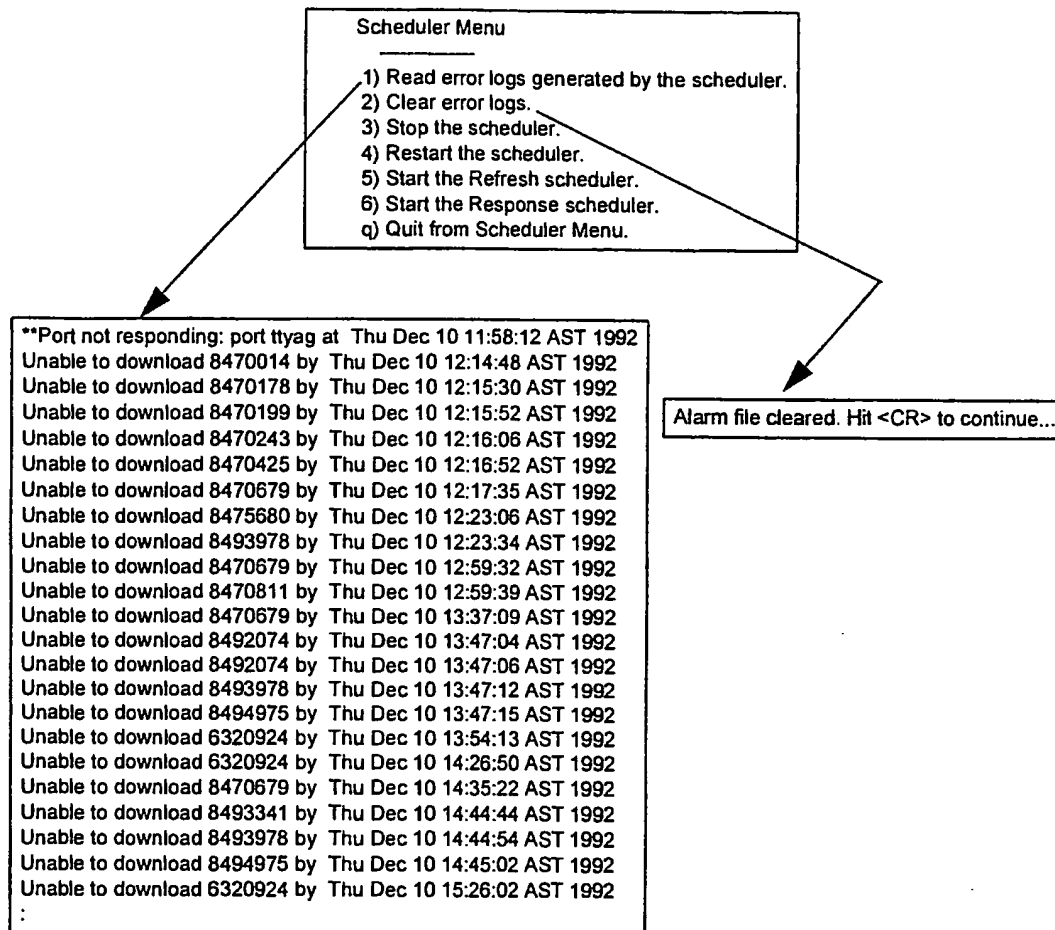


Figure 6 - 09

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

15/95

#### User Initiated Refresh Utilities

- 1) Refresh Message Head Table Creation Form.
- 2) Refresh Message Text Form
- 3) Enable Refresh Messages for Download.
- 4) Examine the refresh log.
- q) Exit this menu.

Figure 6 - 10

#### DBM Reports Menu

- 1) Display the Refresh log.
- 2) Display the Response log.
- 3) Clear the Refresh log.
- 4) Clear the Response log.
- 5) Display the Refresh log (Page mode).
- 6) Display the Response log (Page mode).
- q) Exit this menu.

```

graph TD
    subgraph DBM_Reports_Menu [DBM Reports Menu]
        direction TB
        1[1) Display the Refresh log.]
        2[2) Display the Response log.]
        3[3) Clear the Refresh log.]
        4[4) Clear the Response log.]
        5[5) Display the Refresh log (Page mode).]
        6[6) Display the Response log (Page mode).]
        q[q) Exit this menu.]
    end

    1 --> Log1[Log 1: Tue|93/03/16|10:21:25|Calling DN|8471751|Called DN|6529490 ...]
    2 --> Log2[Log 2: Wed|93/03/17|22:12:26|Calling DN|8470518|Called DN|6367716 ...]
  
```

Tue|93/03/16|10:21:25|Calling DN|8471751|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:05:59|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:13:25|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:18:47|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6367702  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:22:09|Calling DN|6580292|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:24:12|Calling DN|8470393|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|11:25:47|Calling DN|8470393|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|12:34:07|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|12:34:42|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6367702  
 Tue|93/03/16|13:32:26|Calling DN|8470705|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|13:33:22|Calling DN|8470705|Called DN|6367707  
 Tue|93/03/16|13:34:07|Calling DN|8470705|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|13:34:53|Calling DN|8470705|Called DN|6367702  
 Tue|93/03/16|13:35:35|Calling DN|8470705|Called DN|6367702  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:16:45|Calling DN|8474136|Called DN|6367707  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:17:51|Calling DN|8474136|Called DN|6367702  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:56:19|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:56:41|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:57:34|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|14:58:45|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6367707  
 Tue|93/03/16|15:04:38|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|15:05:19|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490  
 Tue|93/03/16|15:06:21|Calling DN|8470596|Called DN|6529490

Wed|93/03/17|22:12:26|Calling DN|8470518|Called DN|6367716  
 Thu|93/03/18|00:55:03|Calling DN|8471017|Called DN|6367006  
 Thu|93/03/18|00:57:35|Calling DN|8471017|Called DN|6367006  
 Thu|93/03/18|07:57:47|Calling DN|8473807|Called DN|6367799  
 Thu|93/03/18|07:59:08|Calling DN|8473807|Called DN|6367799  
 Thu|93/03/18|08:07:37|Calling DN|8470393|Called DN|6367706  
 Thu|93/03/18|08:11:47|Calling DN|6320921|Called DN|6367706  
 Thu|93/03/18|08:36:56|Calling DN|8474196|Called DN|6367799  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:05:19|Calling DN|8472111|Called DN|6367019  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:16:25|Calling DN|8473165|Called DN|6367706  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:23:43|Calling DN|8472183|Called DN|6367027  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:24:43|Calling DN|8470239|Called DN|6367706  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:30:47|Calling DN|8477303|Called DN|6367706  
 Thu|93/03/18|09:33:32|Calling DN|8477303|Called DN|6367006  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:00:04|Calling DN|8474275|Called DN|6367716  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:21:57|Calling DN|8473441|Called DN|6367042  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:35:40|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:35:49|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:36:09|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:36:33|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:37:45|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:43:17|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:43:47|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:45:09|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Thu|93/03/18|10:48:21|Calling DN||Called DN|6331145  
 Hit CR to continue:

Figure 6 - 11

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET

16/95

Please enter the ad number you want to copy.

Please enter the new ad number.

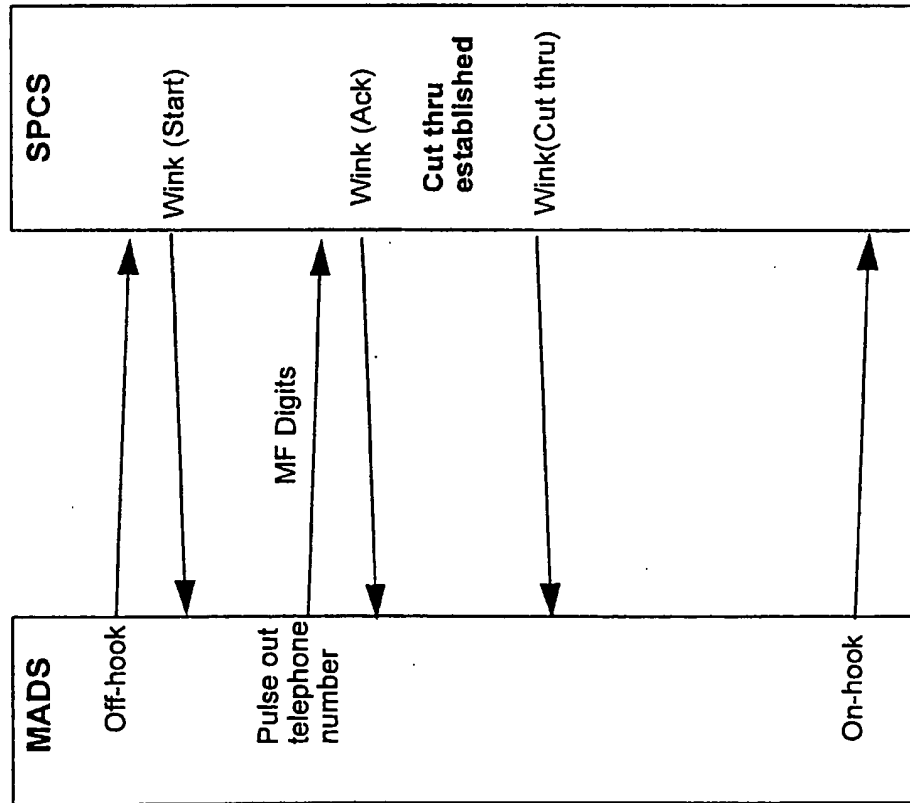
Figure 6 - 12

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**



17/95

No Ring Connection - Telemetry Trunk Method



} DBM messages delivered

Figure 7

18/95

No Ring Connection - Non Telemetry Trunk Method

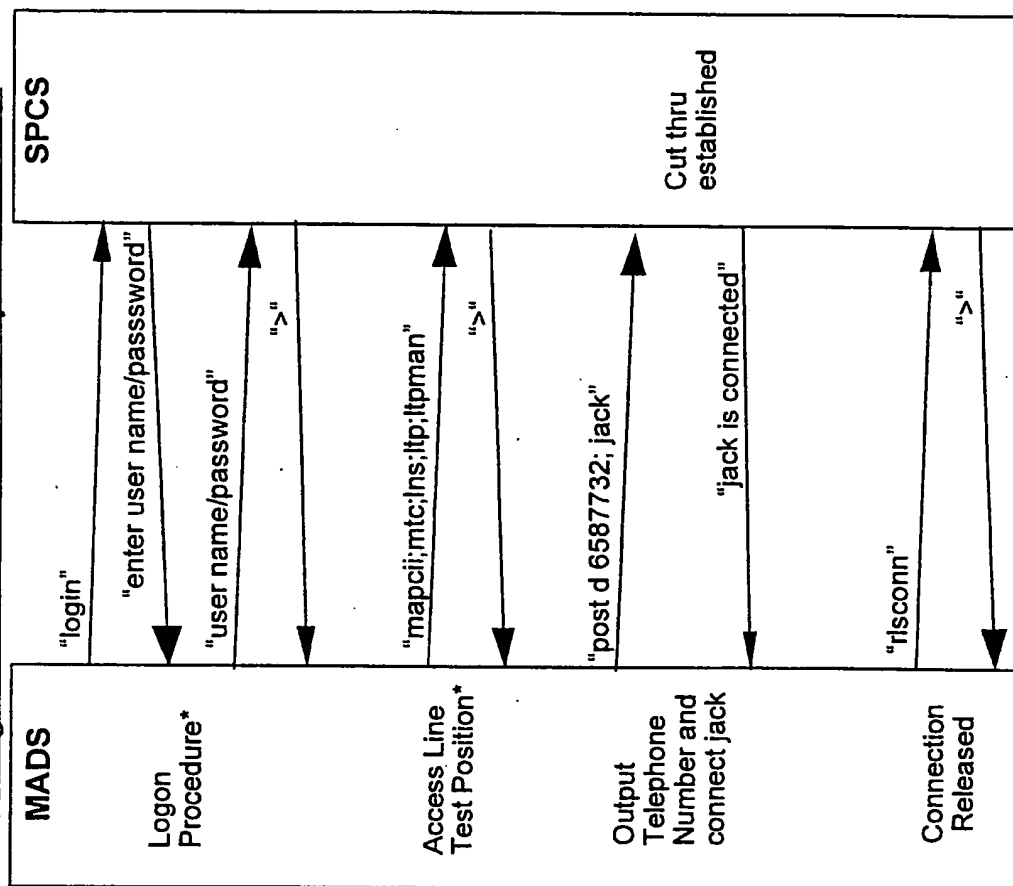


Figure 8

\* only performed after DBM System restart

DBM messages delivered to 6587732 through the Jack circuit

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

19/95

Message Delivery to SN-INS-0024611 Devices After SPCS Cut-thru

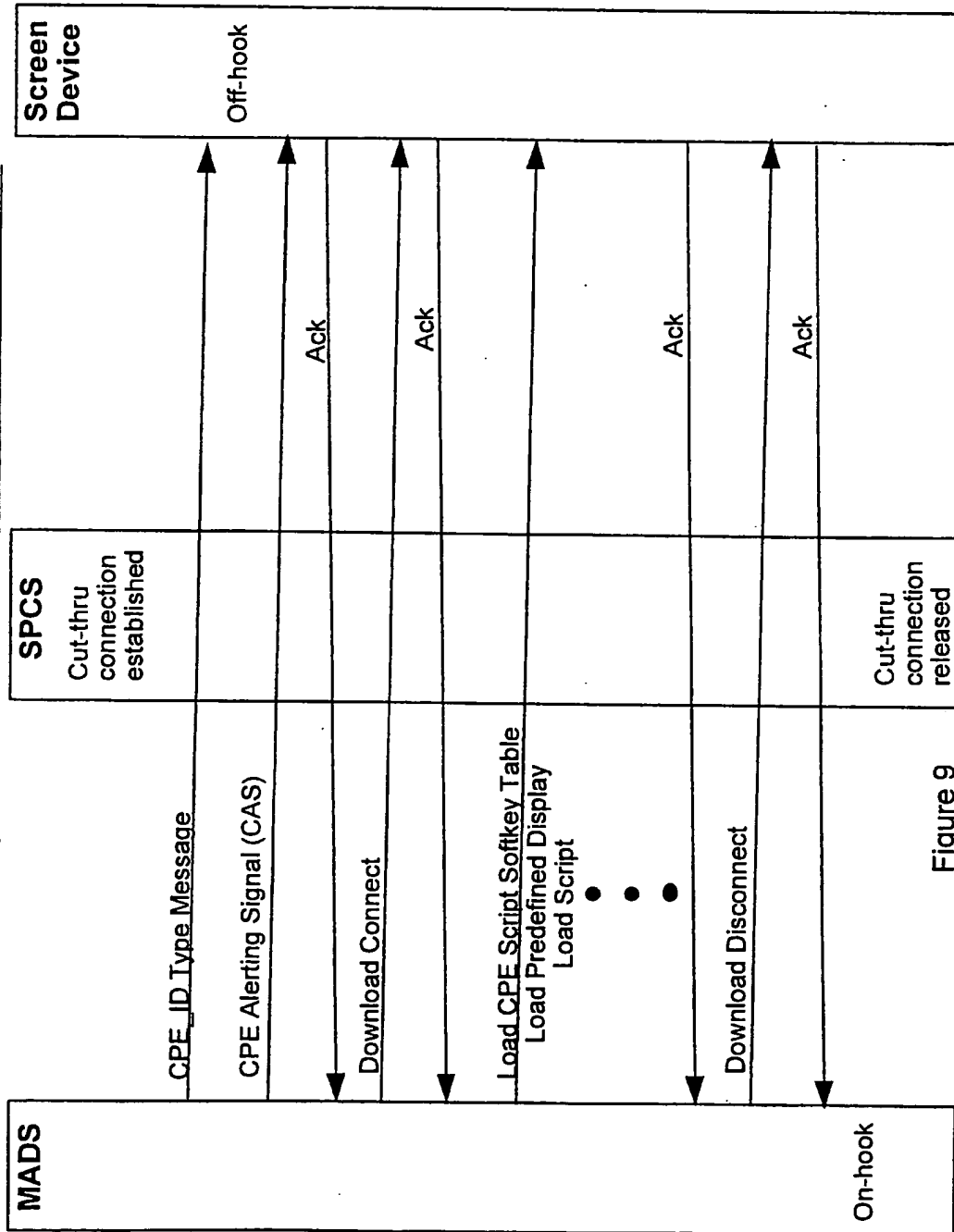
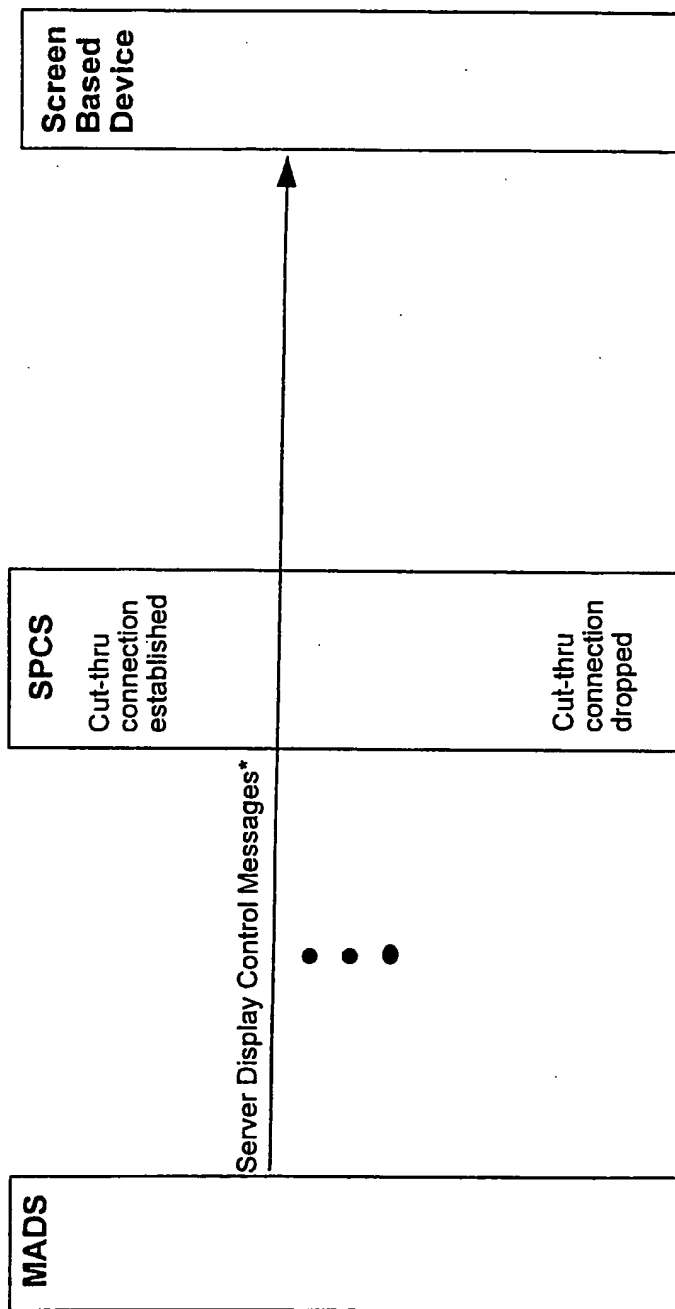


Figure 9

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

20/95

Message Delivery to Sesame Telephones After SPCS Cut-thru



\* Each Single/Multiple Data Message adheres to the framing requirements for on-hook data transmission as described in NT-NWT-000030<sup>s</sup> section 2.5.1

Figure 10

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

21/95

93/03/20  
15:48

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- MAIN MENU -

SURVEY00

1. LOAD SURVEY DATA
2. SELECT SURVEY DATA
3. DELETE SURVEY DATA
4. PRINT SURVEY DATA
5. LOAD UNIX DATA
6. SELECT UNIX DATA
7. PRINT UNIX DATA
8. BACK UP DATA
9. EXIT

SELECT NUMBER:

FIGURE 11-01

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

22/95

```

93/03/20          SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA          SURVEY10
15:59             - INPUT DATA FOR PARTICIPANT DATA BASE -
                  **GENERAL PARTICIPANT CATEGORIES**
TELEPHONE:        0 PARTICIPANT NAME:
CARD NO:          0 GENDER (M/F): PARTICIPANT AGE: 0 FAMILY SIZE: 0
                  **HOUSEHOLD AGE CATEGORIES**
UNDER 6 MALE: 0 UNDER 6 FEMALE: 0 6 TO 12 MALE: 0 6 TO 12 FEMALE: 0
13 TO 19 MALE: 0 13 TO 19 FEMALE: 0 20 TO 29 MALE: 0 20 TO 29 FEMALE: 0
30 TO 39 MALE: 0 30 TO 39 FEMALE: 0 40 TO 49 MALE: 0 40 TO 49 FEMALE: 0
50 TO 59 MALE: 0 50 TO 59 FEMALE: 0 60 TO 69 MALE: 0 60 TO 69 FEMALE: 0
                  OVER 70 MALE : 0 OVER 70 FEMALE: 0
                  **MARITAL STATUS CATEGORIES**
MARRIED :         SINGLE : SEPARAT/DIVORC: WIDOWED :
                  **EMPLOYMENT STATUS CATEGORIES**
FULLTIME : PARTTIME : LOOKING : NOT/LOOKING: RETIRED :
                  **LEVEL OF EDUCATION CATEGORIES**
ELEMENT : SOME HIGH: HIGH SCHL: COMM.COLG: SOME UNIV: UNIVRSTY:
                  **HOUSEHOLD INCOME CATEGORIES**
< THAN 15K: 15K-34,999: 35K-49,999: OVER 50K : REFUSED:
MULTIPLE WAGE EARNER: T-D BANKER :

```

```

SELECT CRITERIA : | ENTER | F2 |
                   | NEXT MENU | ABORT |

```

FIGURE 11-02

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

23/95

93/03/20  
16:00SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- INPUT DATA FOR HOUSEHOLD DATA BASE -

SURVEY11

\*\*HOUSEHOLD MAKE-UP CATEGORIES\*\*  
 OWN DWELLING:                      RENT DWELLING:  
                  \*\*TYPE OF DWELLING\*\*  
 SINGLE DETACH:    SINGLE ATTACHED:    APARTMENT:                      MOBILE HOME:  
                  \*\*TYPE OF HEATING\*\*  
 ELEC HEAT:            OIL HEAT :            WOOD HEAT:            OTHER HEAT:  
                  \*\*HOUSEHOLD PET CATEGORIES\*\*  
           DOGS :    CATS :            BIRDS :            OTHER PET:                      NO PETS :  
                  \*\*AUTOMOBILE CATEGORIES\*\*  
 # OF AUTOS:0 AUTO YEAR:    0 AUTO MAKE:                      AUTO MODEL:  
                  AUTO YEAR:    0 AUTO MAKE:                      AUTO MODEL:  
                  AUTO YEAR:    0 AUTO MAKE:                      AUTO MODEL:  
                  DEALER SERVICE:    HOME EMPLOYMENT:  
                  \*\*HOME/OFFICE EQUIPMENT CATEGORIES\*\*  
 FAX MACH:    ANSW.MACH:    VOICE MES:    PHOTO COP:    COMPUTER:    TYPWRITER:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER	F2
NEXT MENU	ABORT

FIGURE 11-03

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

24/95

93/03/20  
16:00SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- INPUT DATA FOR LEISURE DATA BASE -

SURVEY12

## \*\*SPORT PARTICIPANT CATEGORIES\*\*

## ACTIVE IN SPORTS :

BICYCLING:	BOATING:	HIKE :	BOWL :
GOLF :	TENNIS :	SOCCER :	HOCKEY :
DOWN HILL:	CROSS CTRY:	FISHING :	AEROBICS:
CAMPING :	AQUATIC ACT:	OTH ACTVTY:	

## \*\*LEISURE ACTIVITY CATEGORIES\*\*

CRAFTS :    READING :    MUSIC :    PHOTO:    OTHER LEIS:

## \*\*WEEKLY SPENDING CATEGORIES\*\*

MOVIES :	0.00	FAST FOOD :	0.00	DINE-IN :	0.00	BINGO :	0.00
HORSES :	0.00	THEATER :	0.00	SPEC SPORT:	0.00	OTHER SPEND:	0.00

## \*\*CLUB OR ASSOCIATION CATEGORIES\*\*

## CLUB OR ASSOC :

## \*\*TRAVEL OUTSIDE N.B. CATEGORIES\*\*

ONCE/WEEK:    ONCE/MONTH:    ONCE/YEAR:    OTHER TRAVEL:

## \*\*SPECIAL INTERESTS CATEGORIES\*\*

TV HOURS/DAY: 0    RADIO STATION:    RADIO INFO:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER
NEXT MENU

F2
ABORT



25/95

93/03/20  
16:00SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- INPUT DATA FOR TECHNOLOGY DATA BASE -

SURVEY13

## \*\*HOME TECHNOLOGY CATEGORIES\*\*

VCR :      MICROWAVE:      CD PLAYER:      VIDEO CAMER:      NINT/COMP:

## \*\*NEW SERVICES CATEGORIES\*\*

USE A PAGER:      CELLUAR PHONE:      BANKING MACHINE:      0  
COMFTBLE ANSW:      FOLLOW PROMPTS:      CALL AGAIN:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER	F2
NEXT MENU	ABORT

26/95

93/03/20  
16:00SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- INPUT DATA FOR PATTERN DATA BASE -  
\*\*LOTTERIES CATEGORIES\*\*

SURVEY14

PLAY LOTTERY:

ONCE/DAY: ONCE/WEEK: ONCE/MONTH: ONCE/YEAR: OTHER LOTTERY:

\*\*SHOP FOR GROCERIES CATEGORIES\*\*

VILLAGE : SOBEYS : IGA : SUPERSTORE: SAVE EASY:  
CO-OP : OTHER GROCERY: EXCLUSIVE: SPECIALS:

\*\*BANKING PATTERN CATEGORIES\*\*

# OF BANKS:0 VISA: MASTER CD: AMER EX: SEARS: CAN.TIRE:  
GAS CARD : OTHER CARDS:

\*\*PROMOTIONS CATEGORIES\*\*

COUPONS : 0 CONTESTS : 0 CLUB CARD: 0 BILLBOARDS: 0 1-800 : 0  
DIRECT MAIL: 0 NO PAYMNT: 0 T.V. ADS: 0 RADIO ADS: 0 NEWSPAPER: 0

\*\*SCREENTALK CATEGORIES\*\*

MORNING : AFTERNOON: EVENING : ALL DAY :  
MR. : MRS. : DAUGHTER : SON : OTHER MEM:

\*\*PRODUCTS AND SERVICES CATEGORIES\*\*

% GROCERIES: 0 % CLOTHING : 0 % MED/DENT: 0 % APPLNCE: 0  
% AUTOMOTIVE: 0 % ENTERTAIN : 0 % HARDWARE: 0 % OTHER : 0

OTHER PRODUCTS:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER  
NEXT MENUF2  
ABORT

FIGURE 11-06

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

27/95

93/03/20  
16:02

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- SELECTION CRITERIA FOR PARTICIPANT DATA BASE -  
- YOU CAN MAKE FROM ONE TO NINE SELECTIONS -  
\*\*GENERAL PARTICIPANT CATEGORIES\*\*

CARD # : 0 GENDER (M/F): AGE: 0 FAMILY SIZE: 0

\*\*HOUSEHOLD AGE CATEGORIES\*\*

UNDER 6 MALE: 0 UNDER 6 FEMALE: 0 6 TO 12 MALE: 0 6 TO 12 FEMALE: 0  
13 TO 19 MALE: 0 13 TO 19 FEMALE: 0 20 TO 29 MALE: 0 20 TO 29 FEMALE: 0  
30 TO 39 MALE: 0 30 TO 39 FEMALE: 0 40 TO 49 MALE: 0 40 TO 49 FEMALE: 0  
50 TO 59 MALE: 0 50 TO 59 FEMALE: 0 60 TO 69 MALE: 0 60 TO 69 FEMALE: 0  
OVER 70 MALE : 0 OVER 70 FEMALE: 0

\*\*MARITAL STATUS CATEGORIES\*\*

MARRIED : SINGLE : SEPARAT/DIVORC: WIDOWED :

\*\*EMPLOYMENT STATUS CATEGORIES\*\*

FULLTIME : PARTTIME : LOOKING : NOT/LOOKING: RETIRED :

\*\*LEVEL OF EDUCATION CATEGORIES\*\*

ELEMENT : SOME HIGH: HIGH SCHL: COMM.COLG: SOME UNIV: UNIVRSTY:

\*\*HOUSEHOLD INCOME CATEGORIES\*\*

< THAN 15K: 15K-34,999: 35K-49,999: OVER 50K : REFUSED:  
MULTIPLE WAGE EARNER: T-D BANKER :

SELECT CRITERIA :	ENTER	F2	F4
	NEXT MENU	ABORT	COMPLT

FIGURE 11-07

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

28/95

93/03/20  
16:02

## SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA

SURVEY21

- SELECTION CRITERIA FOR HOUSEHOLD DATA BASE -
- YOU CAN MAKE FROM ONE TO NINE SELECTIONS -

## \*\*HOUSEHOLD MAKE-UP CATEGORIES\*\*

OWN DWELLING: RENT DWELLING:

## \*\*TYPE OF DWELLING\*\*

SINGLE DETACH: SINGLE ATTACHED: APARTMENT : MOBILE HOME:

## \*\*TYPE OF HEATING\*\*

ELEC HEAT: OIL HEAT: WOOD HEAT: OTHER HEAT:

## \*\*HOUSEHOLD PET CATEGORIES\*\*

DOGS : CATS : BIRDS : OTHER PET: NO PETS :

## \*\*AUTOMOBILE CATEGORIES\*\*

## \*\*SELECTIONS: YEAR/MAKE/MODEL COUNT AS 3 SELECTIONS EACH\*\*

# OF AUTOS: 0 AUTO YEAR: 0 AUTO MAKE: AUTO MODEL:

DEALER SERVICE: HOME EMPLOYMENT:

## \*\*HOME/OFFICE EQUIPMENT CATEGORIES\*\*

FAX MACH: ANSW.MACH: VOICE MES: PHOTO COP: COMPUTER: TYPWRITER:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER  
NEXT MENUF2  
ABORTF4  
COMPLT

FIGURE 11-08

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

29/95

93/03/20  
16:02

## SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA

SURVEY22

- SELECTION CRITERIA FOR LEISURE DATA BASE -
- YOU CAN MAKE FROM ONE TO NINE SELECTIONS -

## \*\*SPORT PARTICIPANT CATEGORIES\*\*

## ACTIVE IN SPORTS :

BICYCLING:	BOATING:	HIKE :	BOWL :
GOLF :	TENNIS :	SOCCER :	HOCKEY :
DOWN HILL:	CROSS CTRY:	FISHING :	AEROBICS:
CAMPING :	AQUATIC ACT:	OTHER ACT:	

## \*\*LEISURE ACTIVITY CATEGORIES\*\*

CRAFTS : READING : MUSIC : PHOTO: OTHER LEIS:

## \*\*WEEKLY SPENDING CATEGORIES\*\*

MOVIES :	0.00	FAST FOOD :	0.00	DINE-IN :	0.00	BINGO :	0.00
HORSES :	0.00	THEATER :	0.00	SPEC SPORT:	0.00	OTHER SPEND:	0.00

## \*\*CLUB OR ASSOCIATION CATEGORIES\*\*

## CLUB OR ASSOC :

## \*\*TRAVEL OUTSIDE N.B. CATEGORIES\*\*

ONCE/WEEK: ONCE/MONTH: ONCE/YEAR: OTHER TRAVEL:

## \*\*SPECIAL INTERESTS CATEGORIES\*\*

TV HOURS/DAY: 0 RADIO STATION: RADIO INFO:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER
NEXT MENU

F2
ABORT

F4
COMPLT

30/95

93/03/20  
16:02

## SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA

SURVEY23

- SELECTION CRITERIA FOR TECHNOLOGY DATA BASE -

- YOU CAN MAKE FROM ONE TO NINE SELECTIONS -

\*\*HOME TECHNOLOGY CATEGORIES\*\*

VCR : MICROWAVE: CD PLAYER: VIDEO CAMER: NINT/COMP:

\*\*NEW SERVICES CATEGORIES\*\*

USE A PAGER: CELLUAR PHONE: BANKING MACHINE: 0  
COMFTBLE ANSW: FOLLOW PROMPTS: CALL AGAIN:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER  
NEXT MENUF2  
ABORTF4  
COMPLT

FIGURE 11-10

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

31/95

93/03/20 SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA SURVEY24  
 15:53 - SELECTION CRITERIA FOR PATTERN DATA BASE -  
 - YOU CAN MAKE FROM ONE TO NINE SELECTIONS -  
 PLAY LOTTERY:  
 ONCE/DAY: ONCE/WEEK: ONCE/MONTH: ONCE/YEAR: OTHER LOTTERY:  
 \*\*SHOP FOR GROCERIES CATEGORIES\*\*  
 VILLAGE : SOBEYS : IGA : SUPERSTORE: SAVE EASY:  
 CO-OP : OTHER GROCERY: EXCLUSIVE: SPECIALS:  
 \*\*BANKING PATTERN CATEGORIES\*\*  
 # OF BANKS:0 VISA: MASTER CD: AMER EX: SEARS: CAN.TIRE:  
 GAS CARD : OTHER CARDS:  
 \*\*PROMOTIONS CATEGORIES\*\*  
 COUPONS : 0 CONTESTS : 0 CLUB CARD: 0 BILLBOARDS: 0 1-800 : 0  
 DIRECT MAIL: 0 NO PAYMNT: 0 T.V. ADS: 0 RADIO ADS: 0 NEWSPAPER: 0  
 \*\*SCREEN TALK CATEGORIES\*\*  
 MORNING : AFTERNOON: EVENING : ALL DAY :  
 MR. : MRS. : DAUGHTER : SON : OTHER MEM:  
 \*\*PRODUCTS AND SERVICES CATEGORIES\*\*  
 % GROCERIES: 0 % CLOTHING : 0 % MED/DENT: 0 % APPLNCE: 0  
 % AUTOMOTIVE: 0 % ENTERTAIN : 0 % HARDWARE: 0 % OTHER : 0  
 OTHER PRODUCTS:

SELECT CRITERIA :

ENTER  
NEXT MENUF2  
ABORTF4  
COMPLT

FIGURE 11-11

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

32/95

93/03/20  
15:54SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- TELEPHONE NUMBERS SELECTED -

SURVEY25

TELEPHONE	CARD NO
0	0
8470003	33
8470004	151
8470014	26
8470016	173
8470056	191
8470068	167
8470099	28
8470137	82
8470140	29
8470199	76
8470239	7
8470306	118
8470425	54
8470561	43

MORE

SELECT :	F2	F3	F4	F7	F8	F9
CRITERIA :	RETRY	WRITE	PRINT	BACK	FORWARD	MENU

FIGURE 11-12  
SUBSTITUTE SHEET



33/95

93/03/23  
09:07SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- TELEPHONE NUMBERS SELECTED -

SURVEY25

=====

TELEPHONE

CARD NO

=====

8470004	151
8470137	82
8470384	171
8470869	25
8472073	79
8472756	152
8473210	120
8473807	113
8490683	143
8492668	5

PRINT HAS REACHED THE END OF THE DATA BASE ..

# OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS PRINTED =

10

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

FIGURE 11-13

34/95

93/03/20  
15:54

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- WRITE SEARCH FILE TO DISK -

SURVEY27

INSERT A FORMATTED DISKETTE IN DRIVE A

ENTER YOUR FILE NAME BELOW: XXXXXXXX.YYY

PRESS ENTER TO WRITE FILE, F2 TO ABORT

FIGURE 11-14

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

35/95

93/03/20  
15:54

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- DELETE RECORD FROM BASES -

SURVEY30

ENTER PHONE NUMBER YOU WISH TO DELETE

0

PRESS ENTER TO DELETE, F2 TO ABORT

FIGURE 11-15

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

36/95

93/03/20  
15:55

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- PRINT RECORDS FROM BASES -

SURVEY40

ENTER PHONE NUMBER YOU WISH TO PRINT

0

PRESS ENTER TO PRINT, F2 TO ABORT

FIGURE 11-16

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

37/95

93/03/23  
09:07

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- WRITE UNIX DATA TO BASES -

SURVEY50

INSERT UNIX DISKETTE IN DRIVE A

ENTER INPUT FILE NAME BELOW: XXXXXXXX.YYY

PRESS ENTER TO ADD DATE, F2 TO ABORT

FIGURE 11-17

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

38/95

93/03/23  
09:08SCREEN TALK UNIX DATA  
- SELECT UNIX DATA FROM BASES -

SURVEY60

DAY OF WEEK	START YYMMDD	END YYMMDD	START HOUR	END HOUR	CALLED NUMBER	CALLING NUMBER
	0	0	0	0	0	0

PRESS ENTER TO SEARCH, F2 TO ABORT

FIGURE 11-18

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

39/95

93/03/23  
09:50

SCREEN TALK UNIX DATA  
- SELECT SORT OPTIONS FOR BASES -

SURVEY61

FOR CALLED NUMBER SORT PRESS D

FOR CALLING NUMBER SORT PRESS G

ENTER PREFERRED SORT TYPE :

40/95

93/03/23  
09:51SCREEN TALK UNIX DATA  
- UNIX DATA SORTED BY CALLED NUMBER -

SURVEY62

CALLED #	CALLING #
----------	-----------

4546767	6367777
---------	---------

TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED = 1

6330415	6367792
---------	---------

TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED = 1

6364765	6367795
---------	---------

TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED = 1

6580292	6529490
---------	---------

6580292	6367019
---------	---------

6580292	6529490
---------	---------

6580292	6367026
---------	---------

6580292	6367029
---------	---------

6580292	6367004
---------	---------

6580292	6367029
---------	---------

6580292	6367027
---------	---------

6580292	6529490
---------	---------

MORE

SELECT :	F2	F3	F4	F7	F8	F9
CRITERIA :	RETRY	WRITE	PRINT	BACK	FORWARD	MENU



41/95

93/03/23  
09:57

SCREEN TALK UNIX DATA  
- WRITE UNIX FILE TO DISK -

SURVEY64

INSERT A FORMATTED DISKETTE IN DRIVE A

ENTER YOUR FILE NAME BELOW: XXXXXXXX.YYY

PRESS ENTER TO WRITE FILE, F2 TO ABORT

42/95

93/03/23  
09:51SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- TELEPHONE NUMBERS SELECTED -

SURVEY64

TELEPHONE	CARD NO		
8496906	6367020		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6367706		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6367749		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6367019		
8496906	6367784		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
8496906	6529490		
		TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED =	26
8497122	6367716		
8497122	6367799		
8497122	6529490		
		TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED =	3
8498177	6367749		
8498177	6529490		
		TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED =	2
8498393	6367014		
		TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED =	1
8498682	6367706		
8498682	6529490		
		TOTAL NUMBER RECORDED =	2
8499312	6367022		
8499312	6367023		
8499312	6367023		
8499312	6367020		
8499312	6367021		
8499312	6367019		
8499312	6367716		

PRINT HAS REACHED THE END OF THE DATA BASE ..

# OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS PRINTED =

406

PAGE NO: 12

FIGURE 11-22  
**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

43/95

93/03/23  
09:12

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- DATA BASE MAINTENANCE -

SURVEY80

1. BACKUP DATA BASE
2. RESTORE DATA BASE

9. RETURN TO PREVIOUS MENU

SELECT NUMBER:

44/95

93/03/23  
09:13

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- BACKUP DATA BASE -

SURVEY01

1. PARTICIPANT
2. HOUSE HOLD
3. TECHNOLOGY
4. LEISURE
5. UNIX N
9. RETURN TO PREVIOUS MENU

SELECT NUMBER:

45/95

93/03/23  
09:14

SCREEN TALK SURVEY DATA  
- TECHNOLOGY BASE RESTORE -

SURVEY83

INSERT BACKUP DISKETTE IN DRIVE A

PRESS ENTER TO RESTORE BASE, F2 TO ABORT

46/95

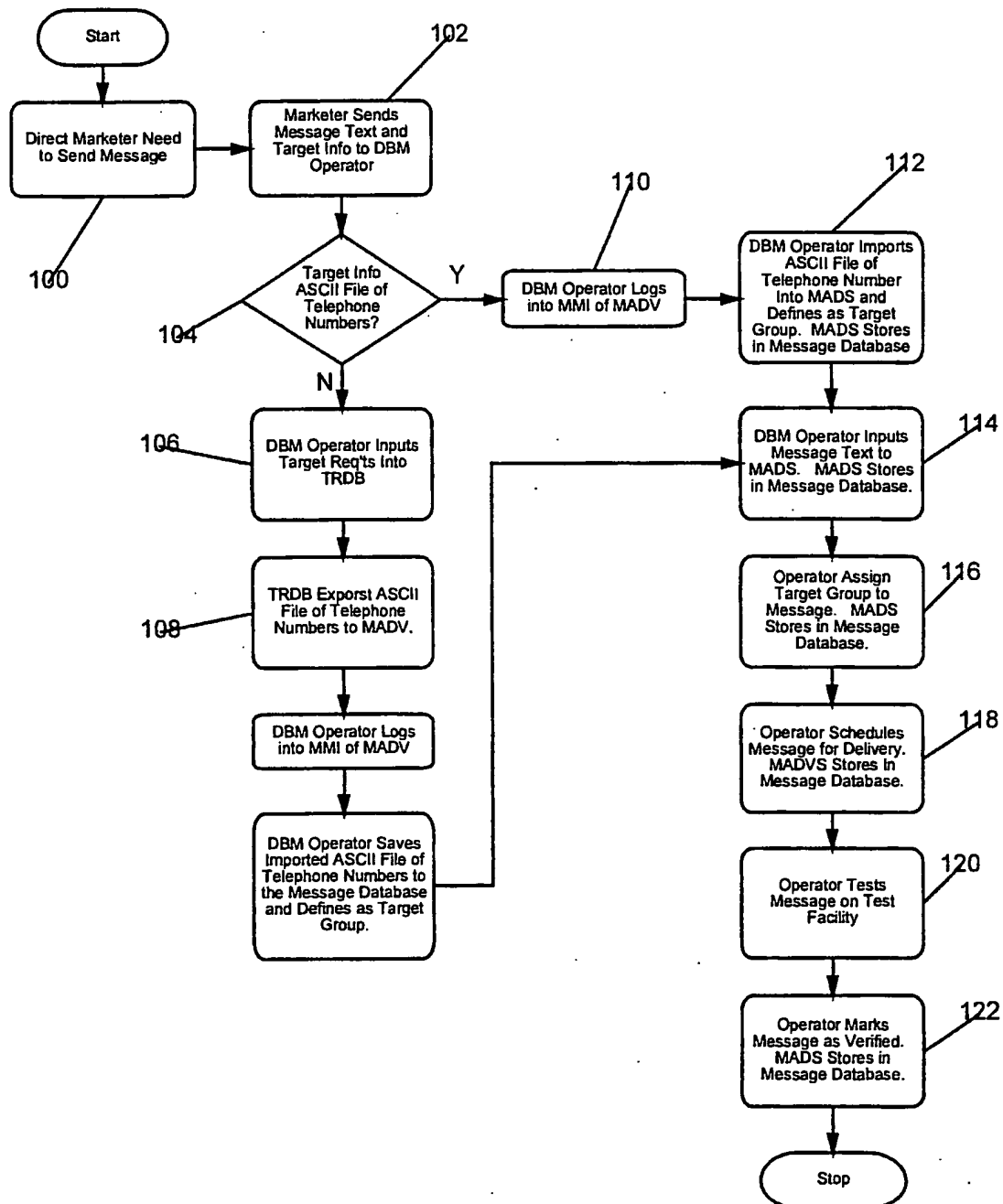
Message Input

Figure 12

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

47/95

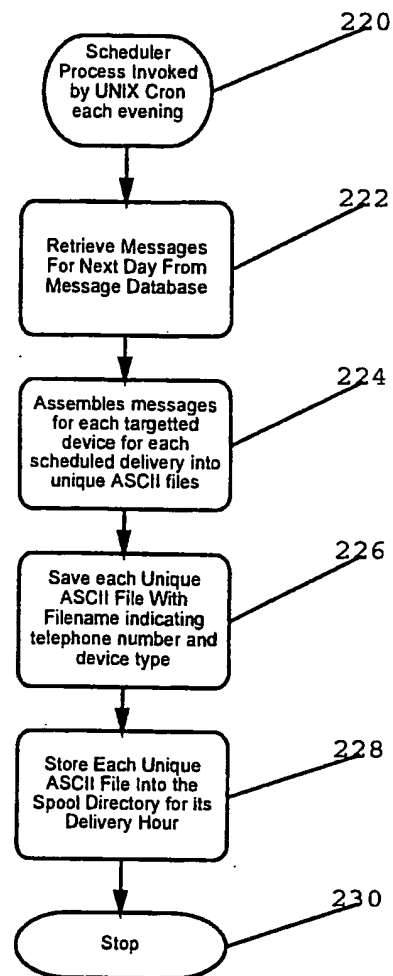
Scheduler Processor

Figure 13

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

48/95

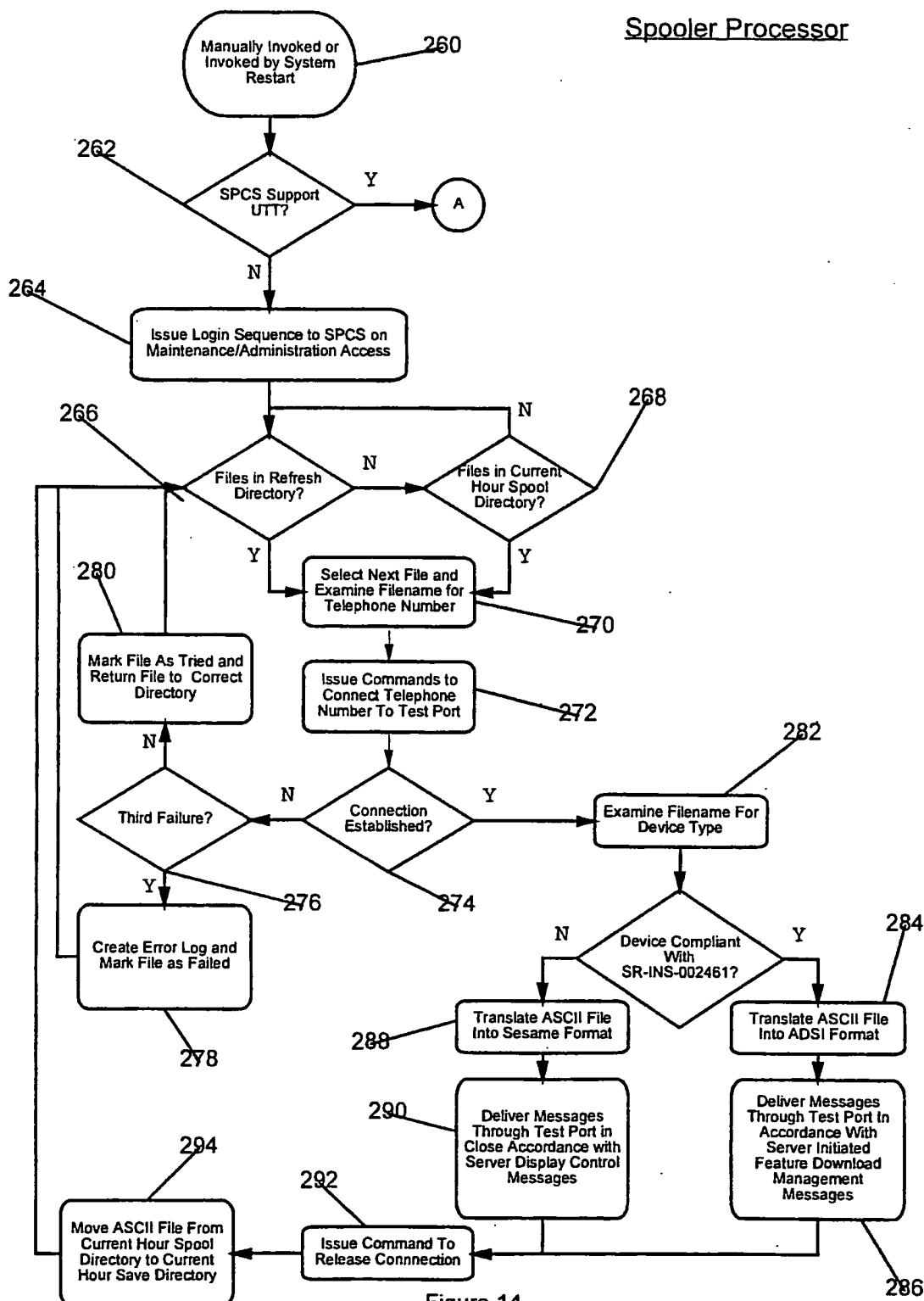
Spooler Processor

Figure 14

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**



49/95

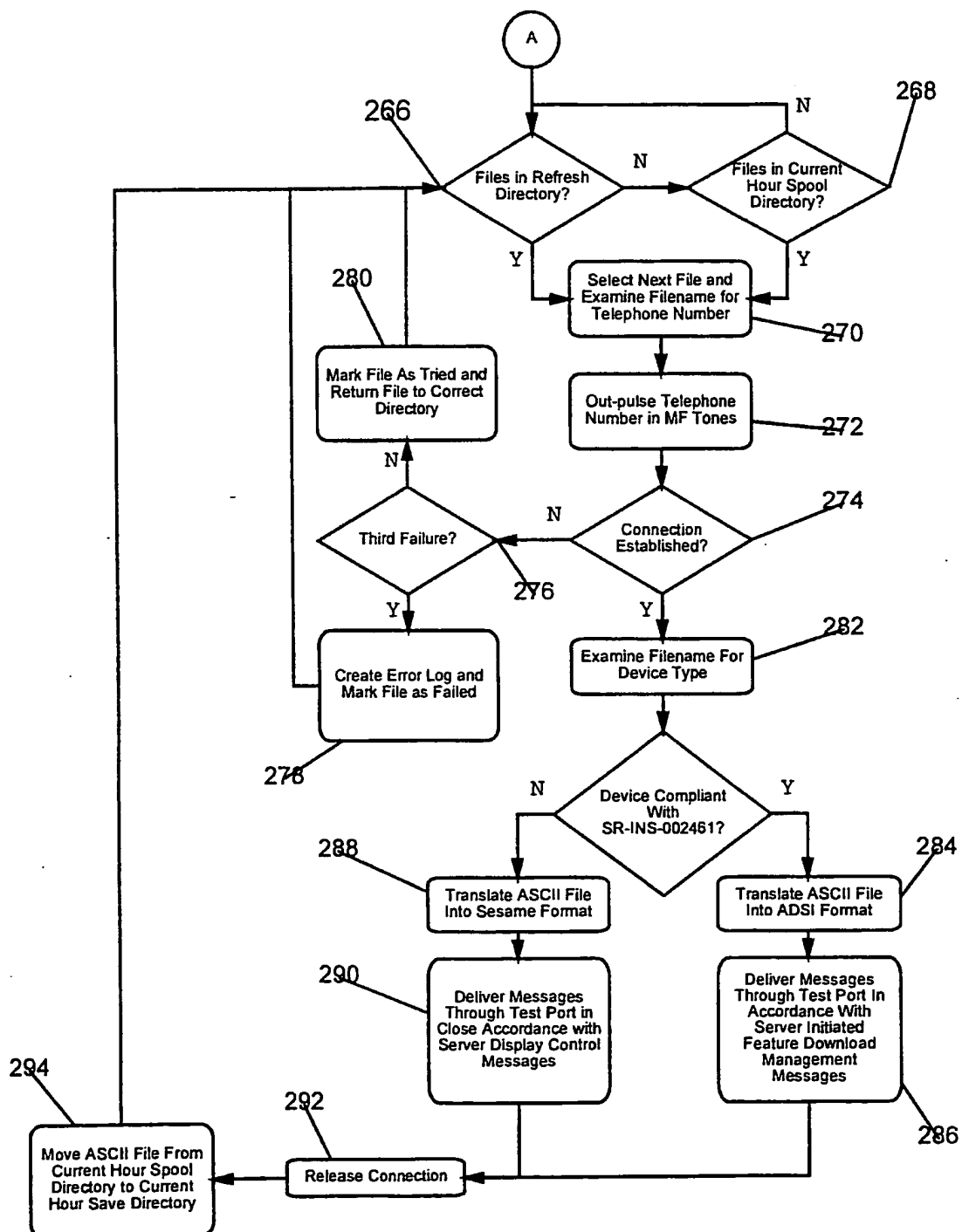
Spooler Processor

Figure 15

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

50 / 95

Refresh Processor/  
MADS Based Additional Information Facility

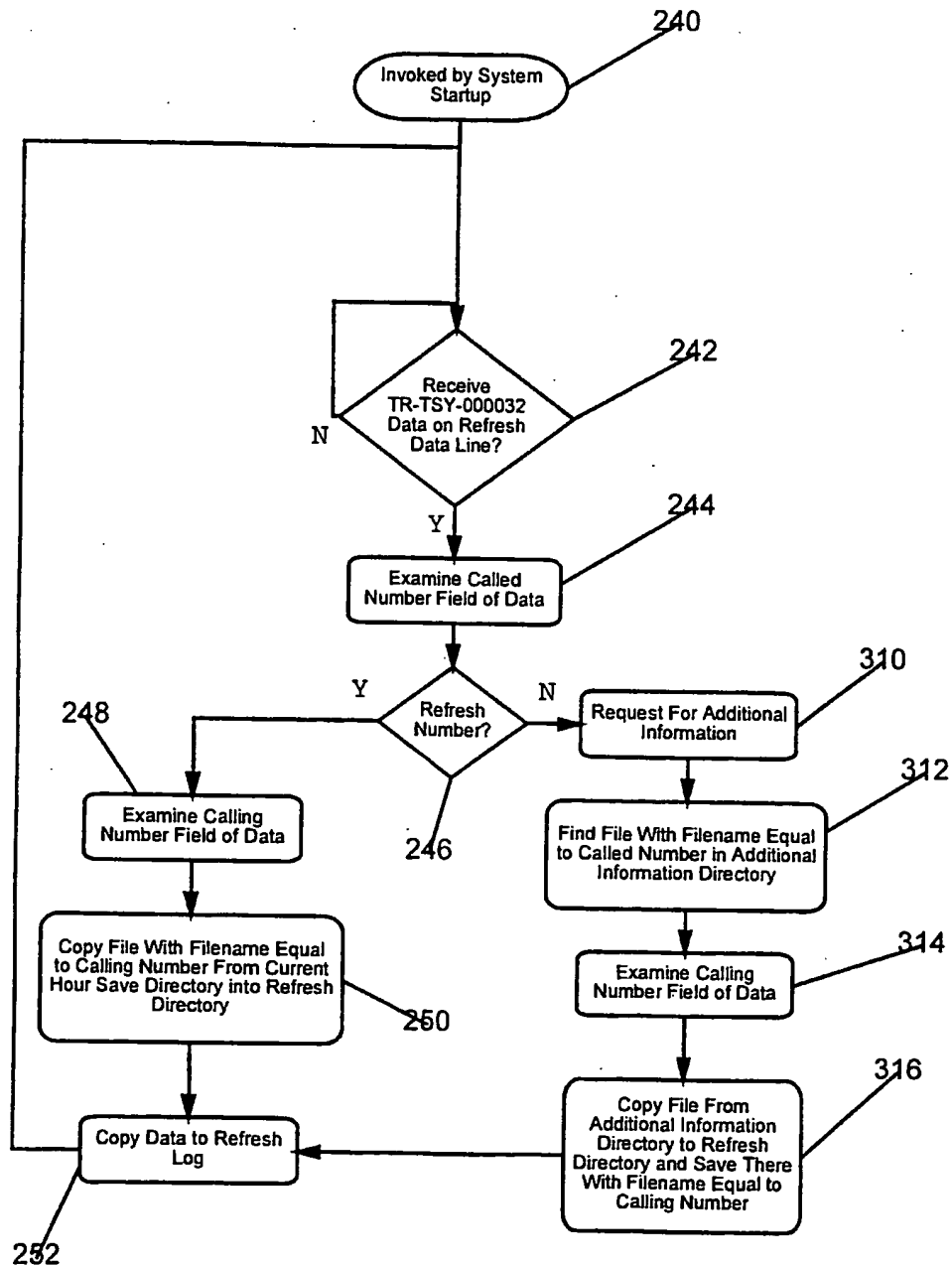


Figure 16

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

5 1 / 9 5

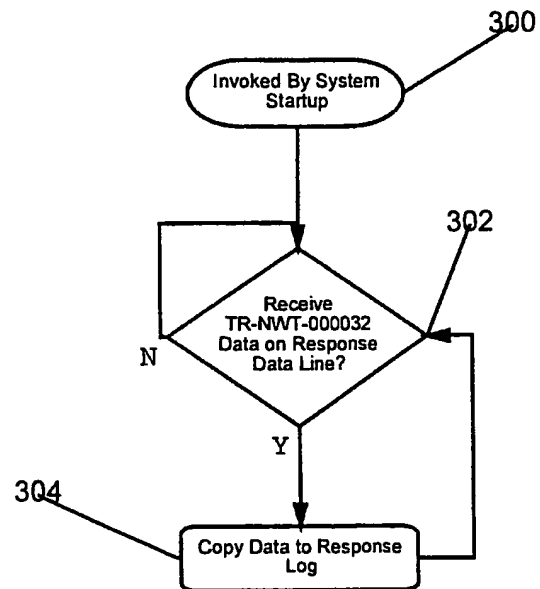
Response Process

Figure 17  
**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

52 / 95

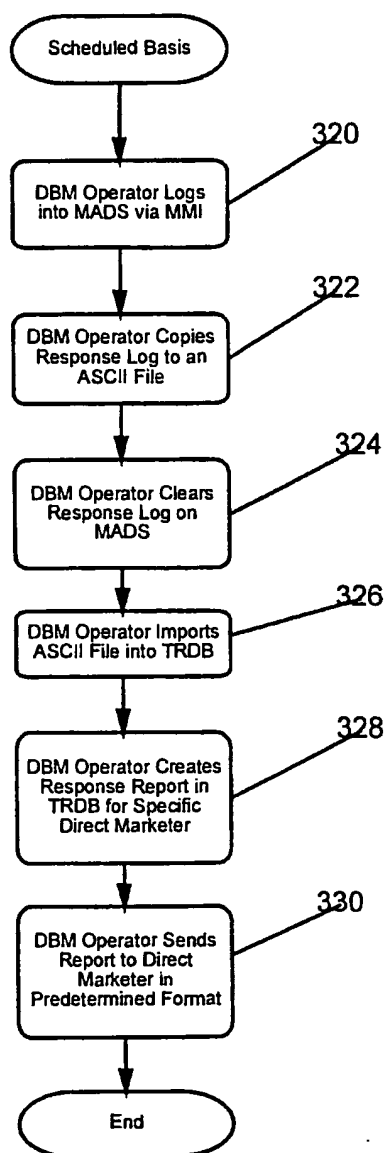
Response Report Generation

Figure 18

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

53/95

### Typical Functional Components of Overall Process

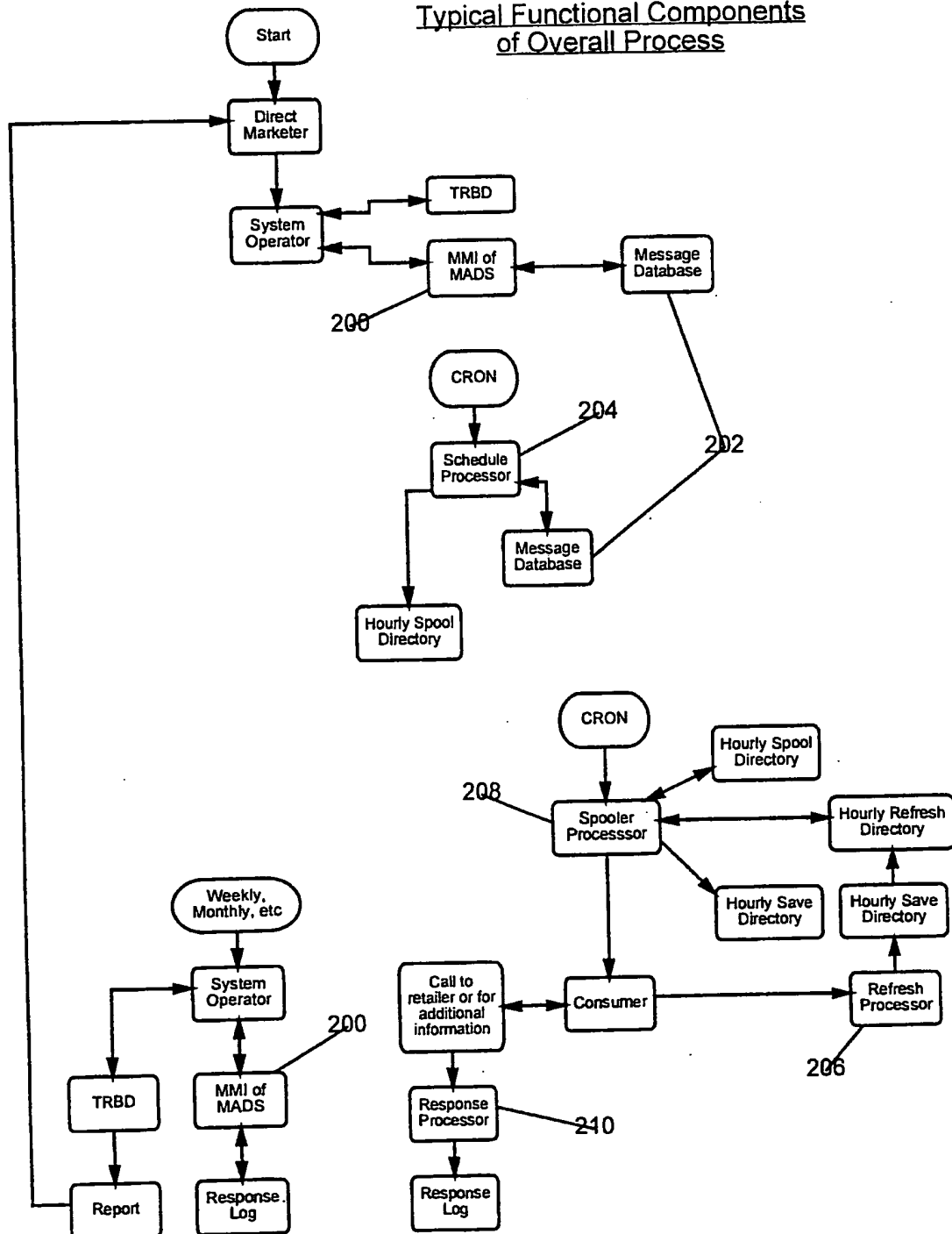


Figure 19

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

54/95

"little" Message as Defined in Second Embodiment

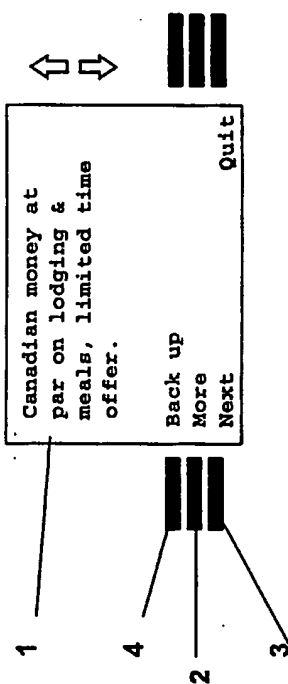


Figure 20

55/95

"lot" Message as Defined in Second Embodiment

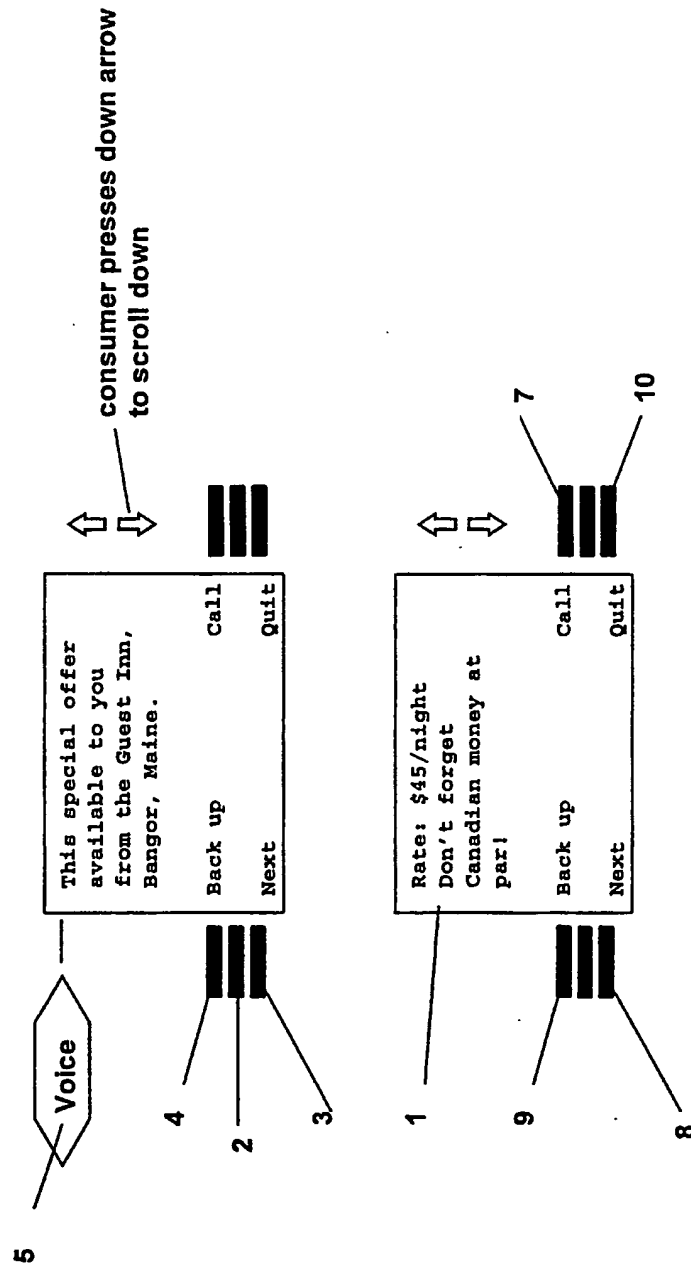


Figure 21

56/95

"call" as Defined in Second Embodiment

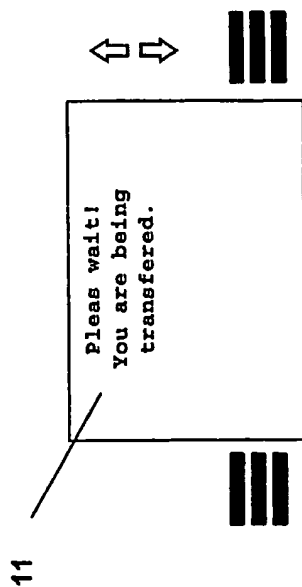


Figure 22

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**



System Context as Defined in Second Embodiment

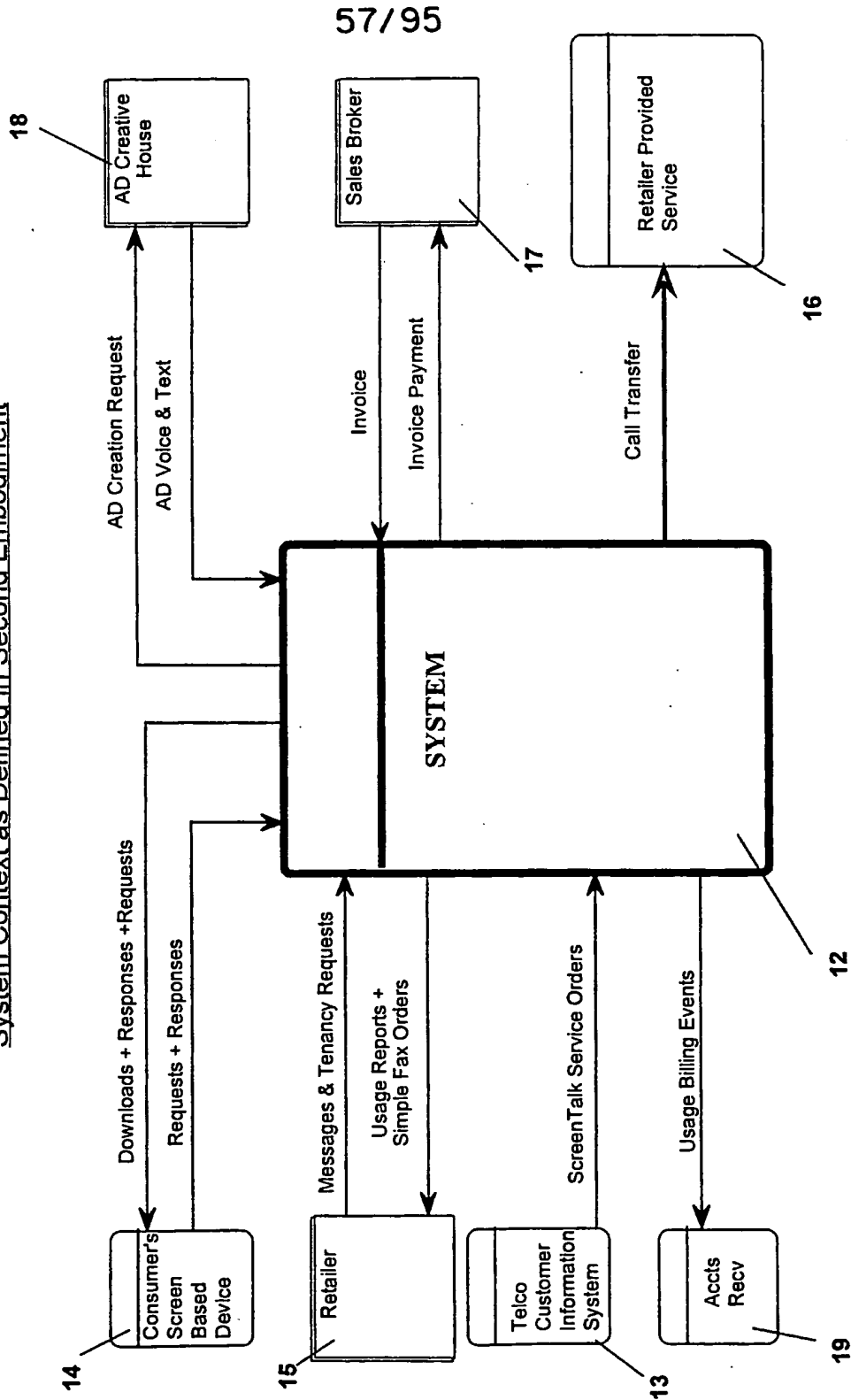


Figure 23

System Partitioning as Defined in Second Embodiment

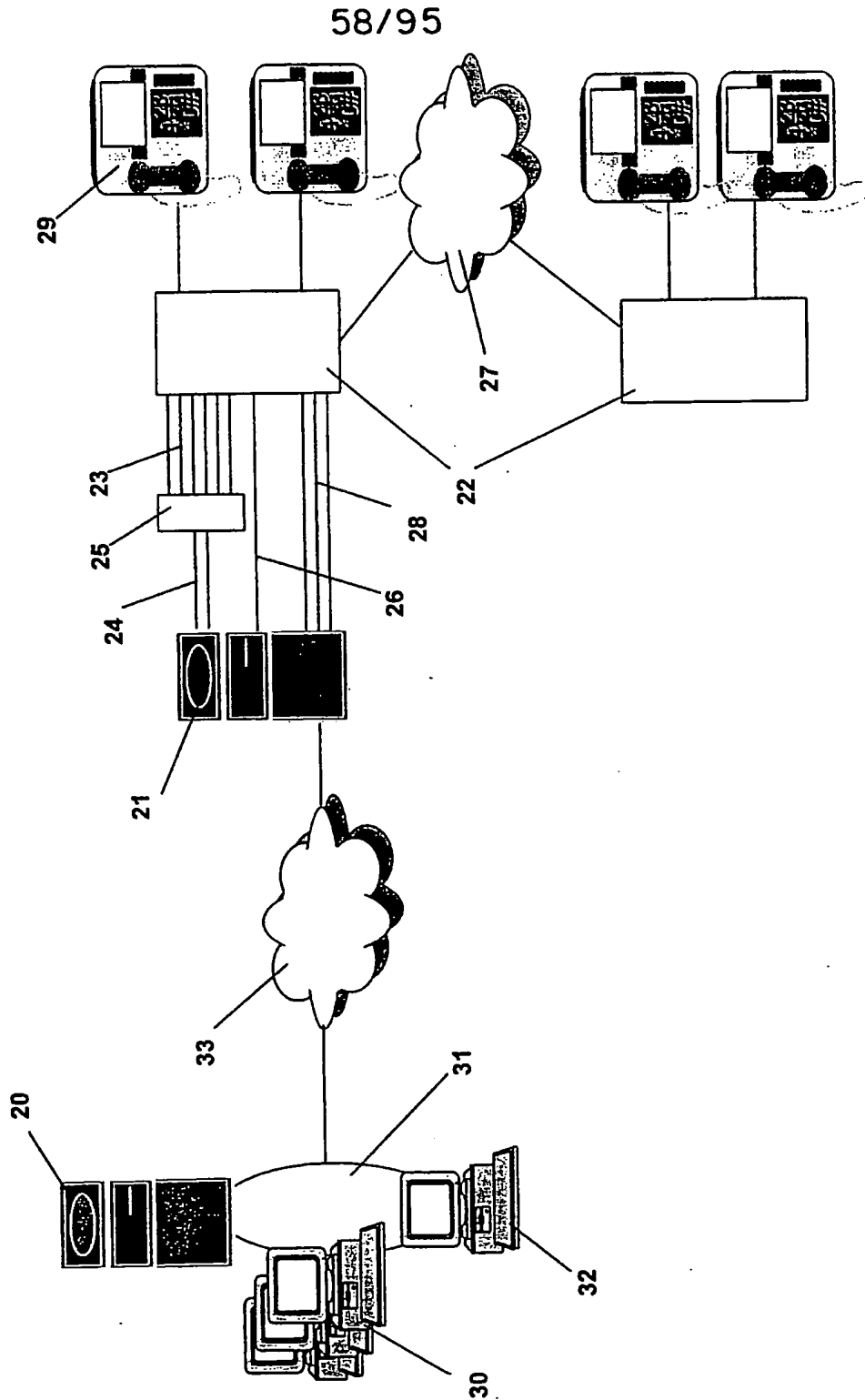


Figure 24

System Components as Defined in Second Embodiment

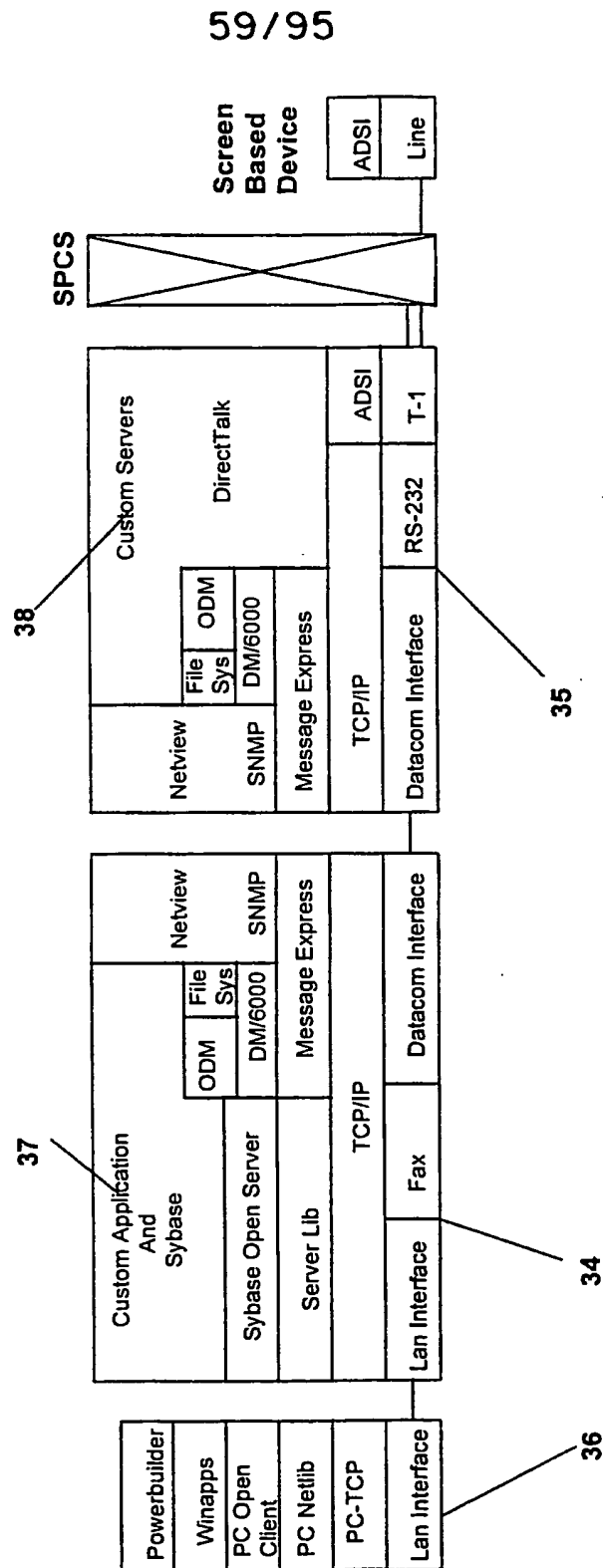


Figure 25

60/95

"little" Messages on Northern Telecom Vista 350 as Defined in Second Embodiment

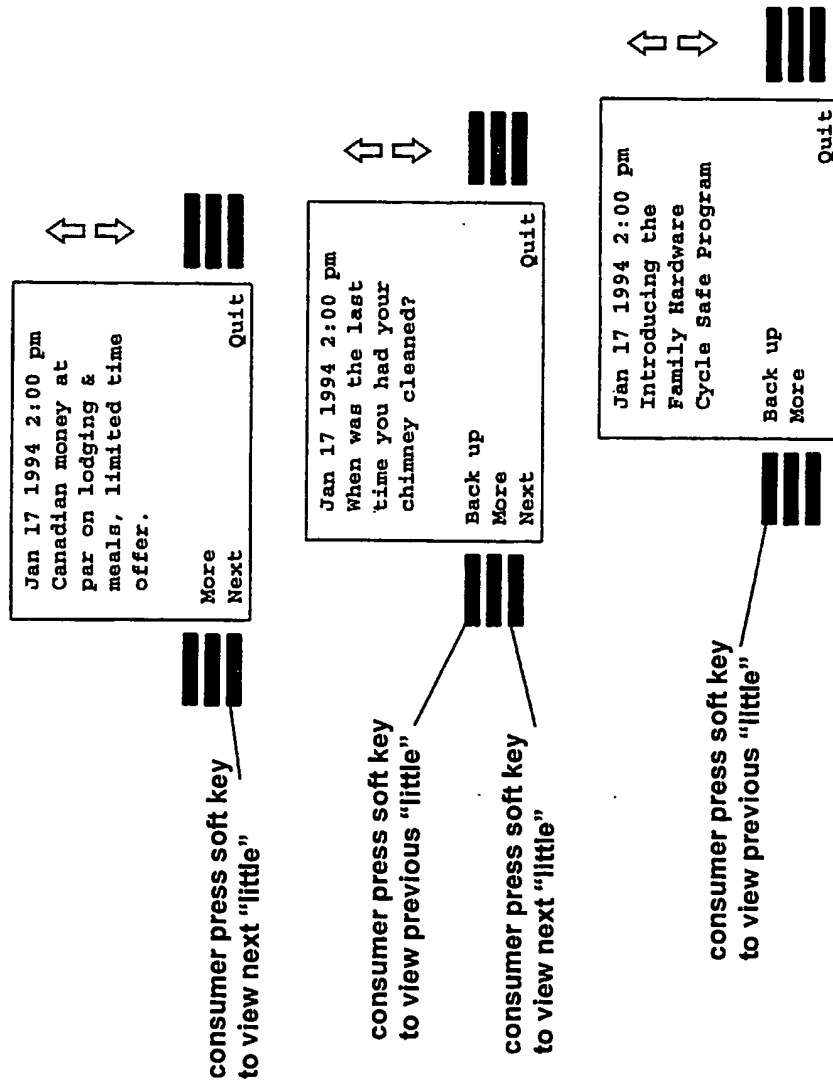
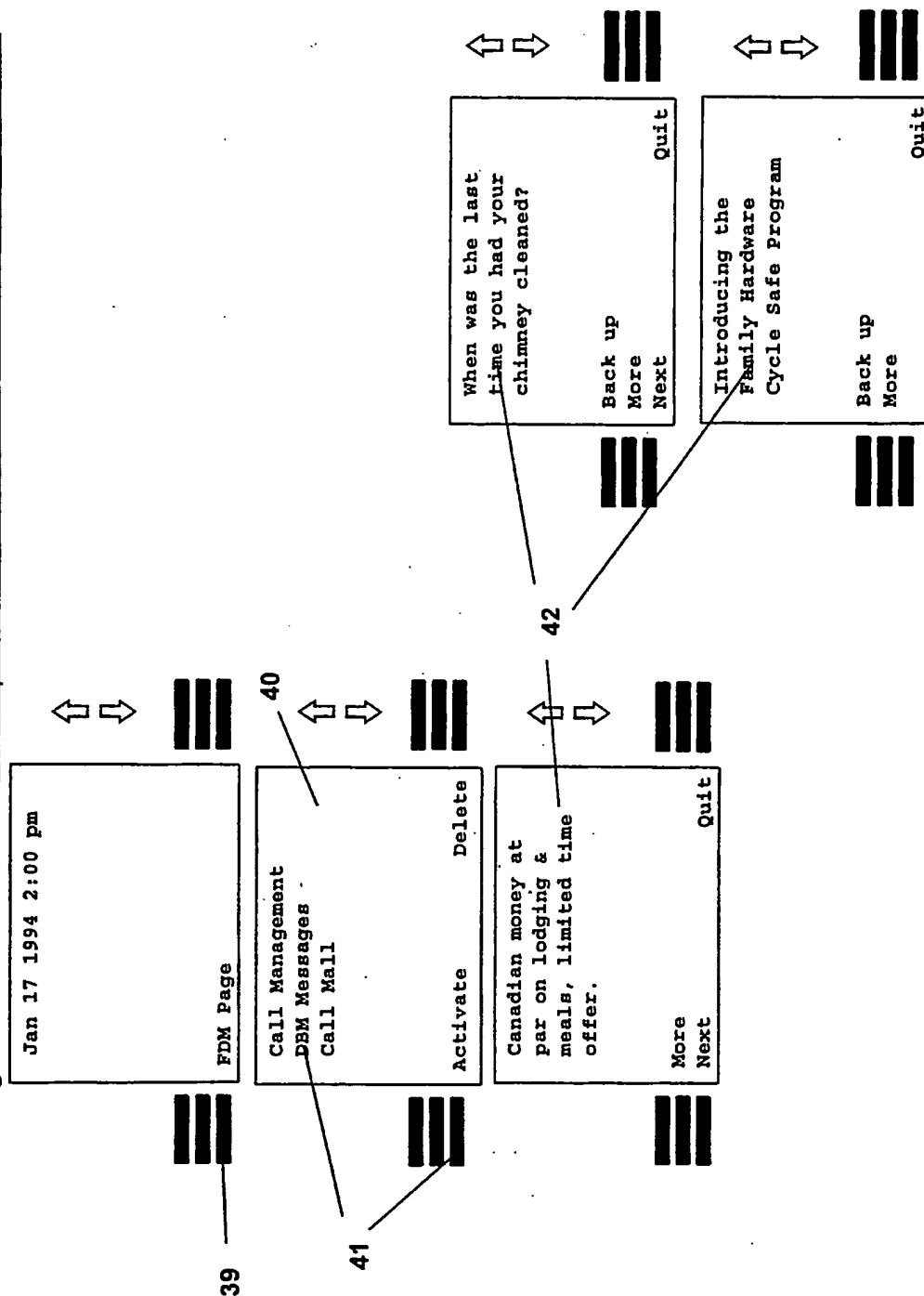


Figure 26

"little" Messages on FR-NWT-000012 Compliant Device as Defined in Second Embodiment



Access to CallMall on FR-NWT-000012 Compliant Device as Defined in Second Embodiment

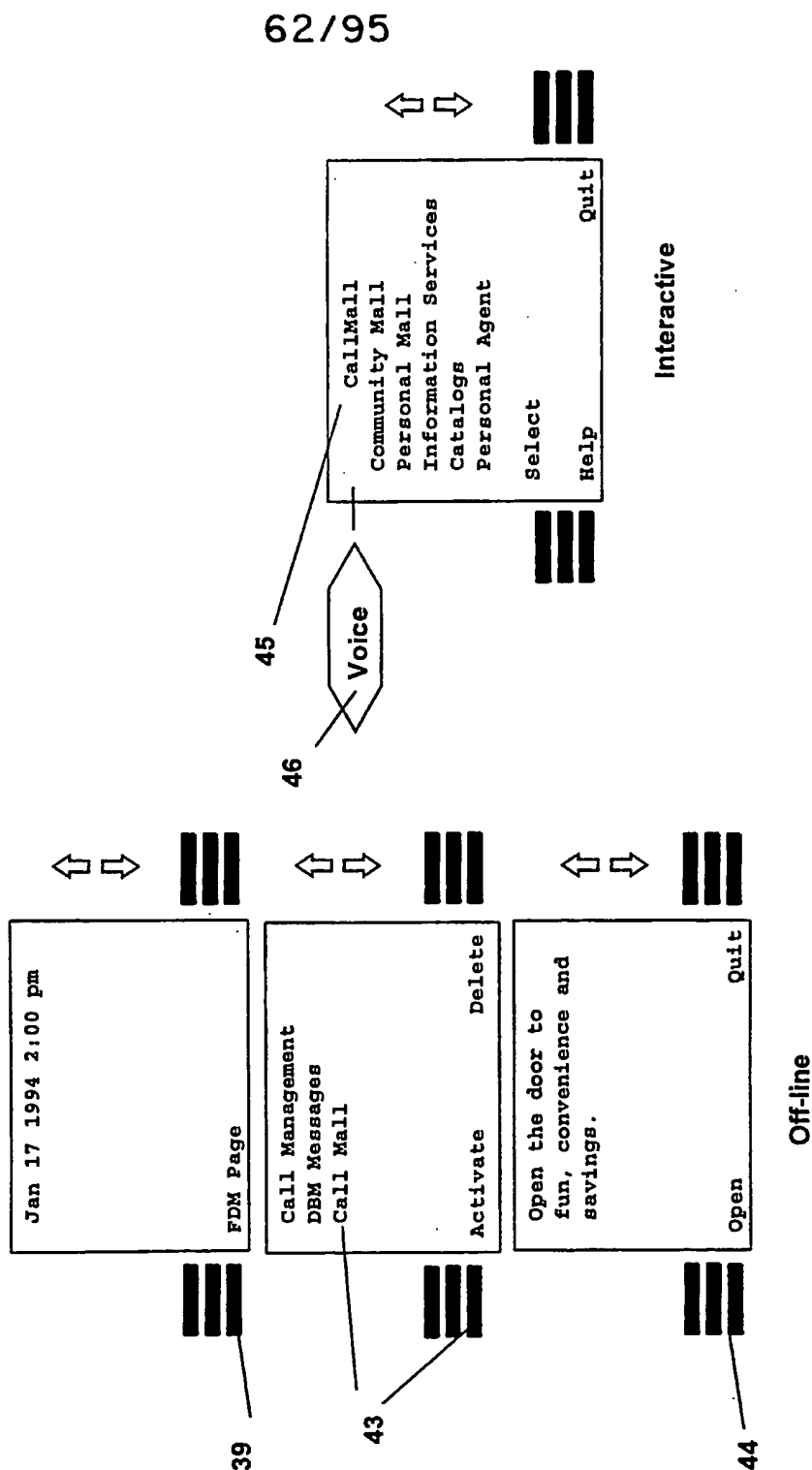


Figure 28

63/95

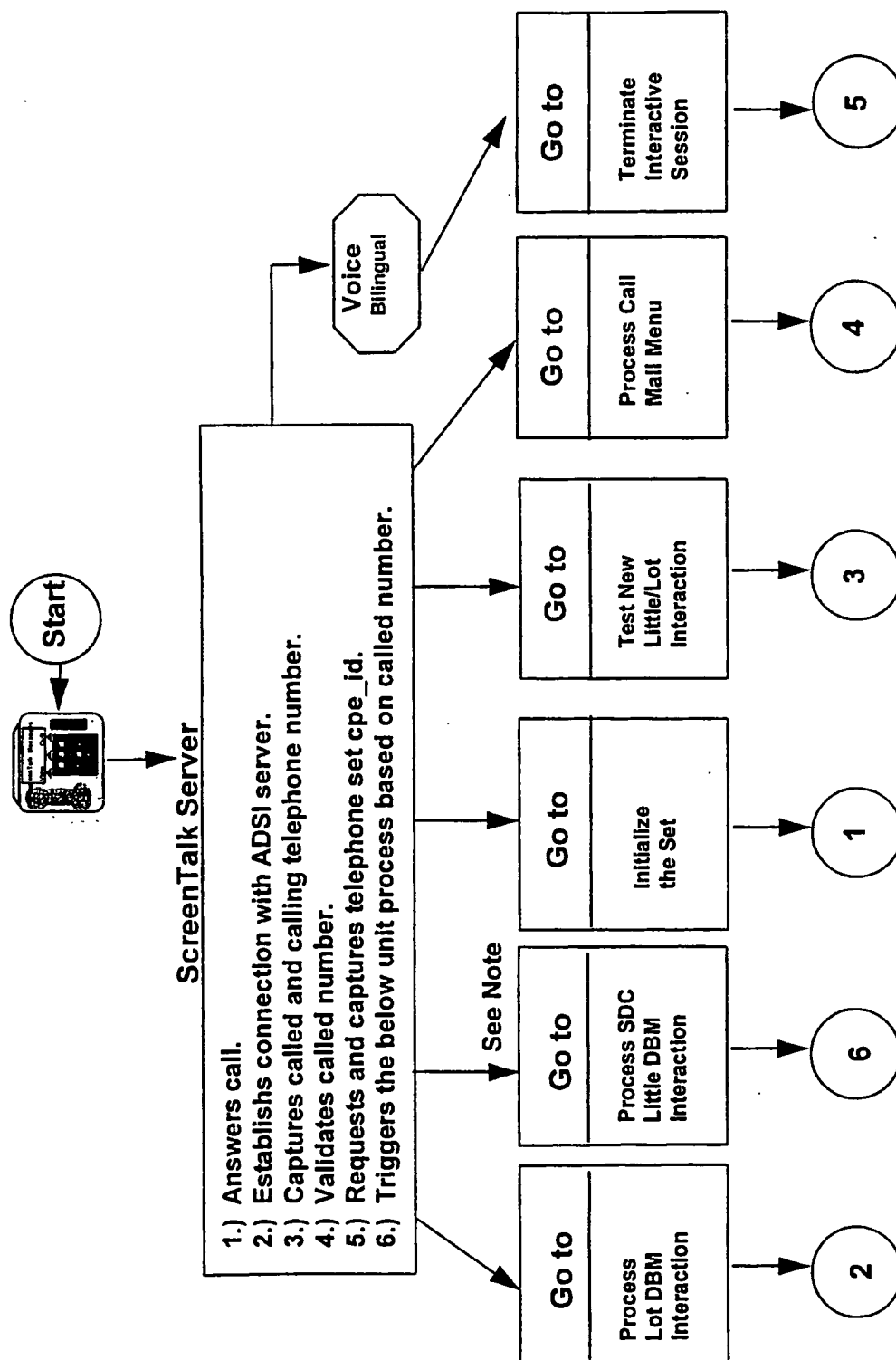


Figure 29 - 01

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

64/95

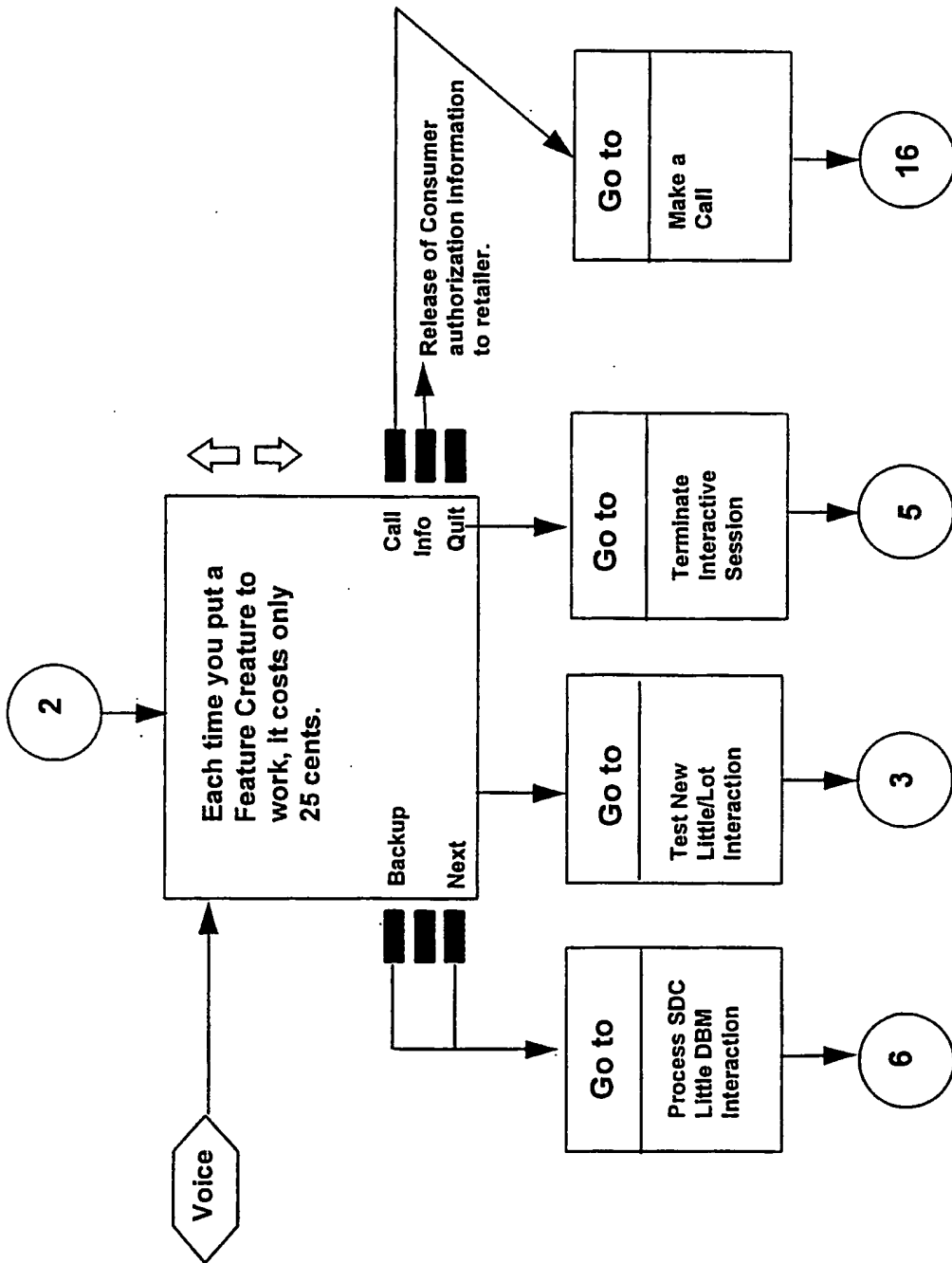


Figure 29 - 02

SUBSTITUTE SHEET



65/95

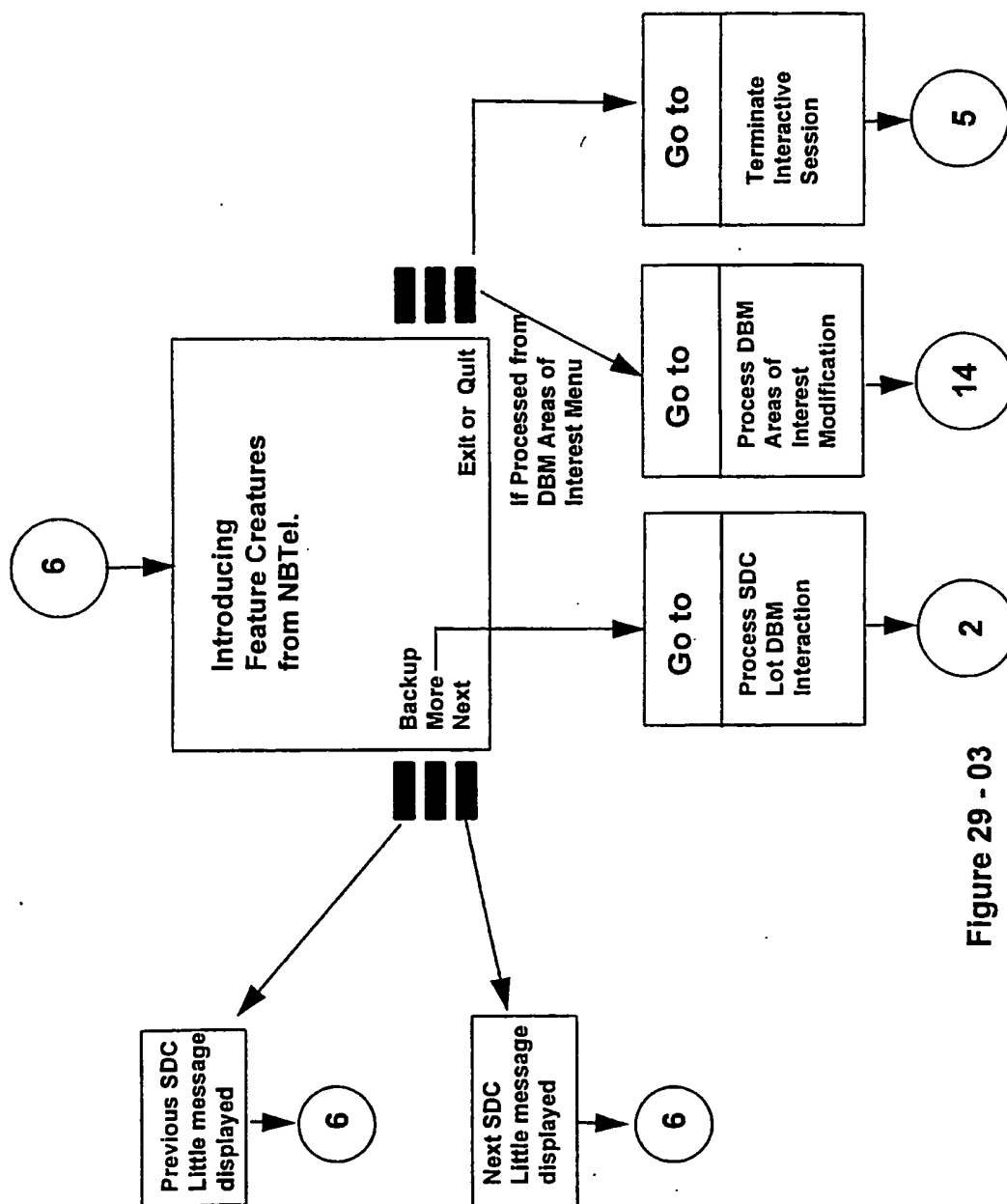


Figure 29 - 03

66/95

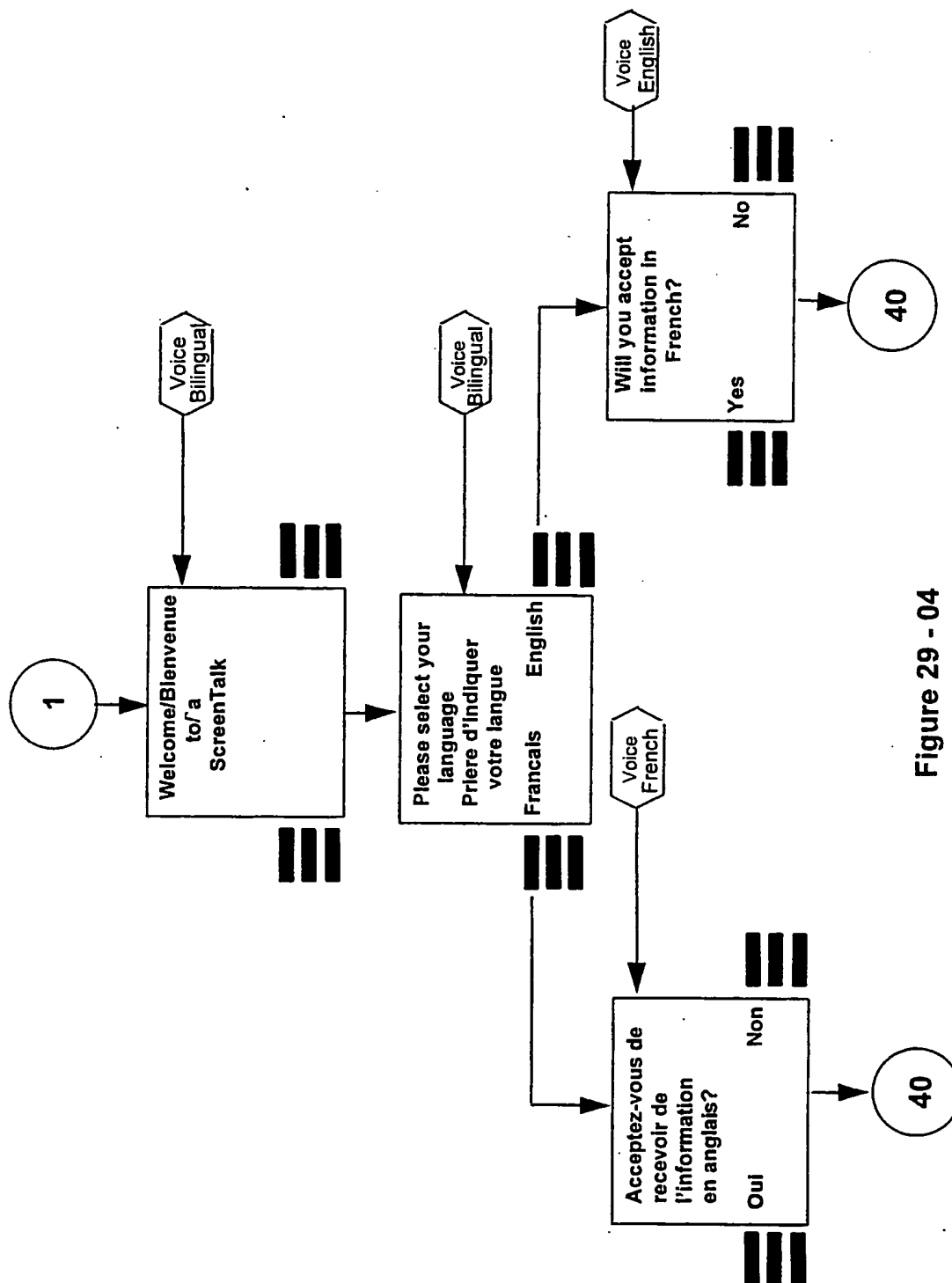


Figure 29 - 04

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

67/95

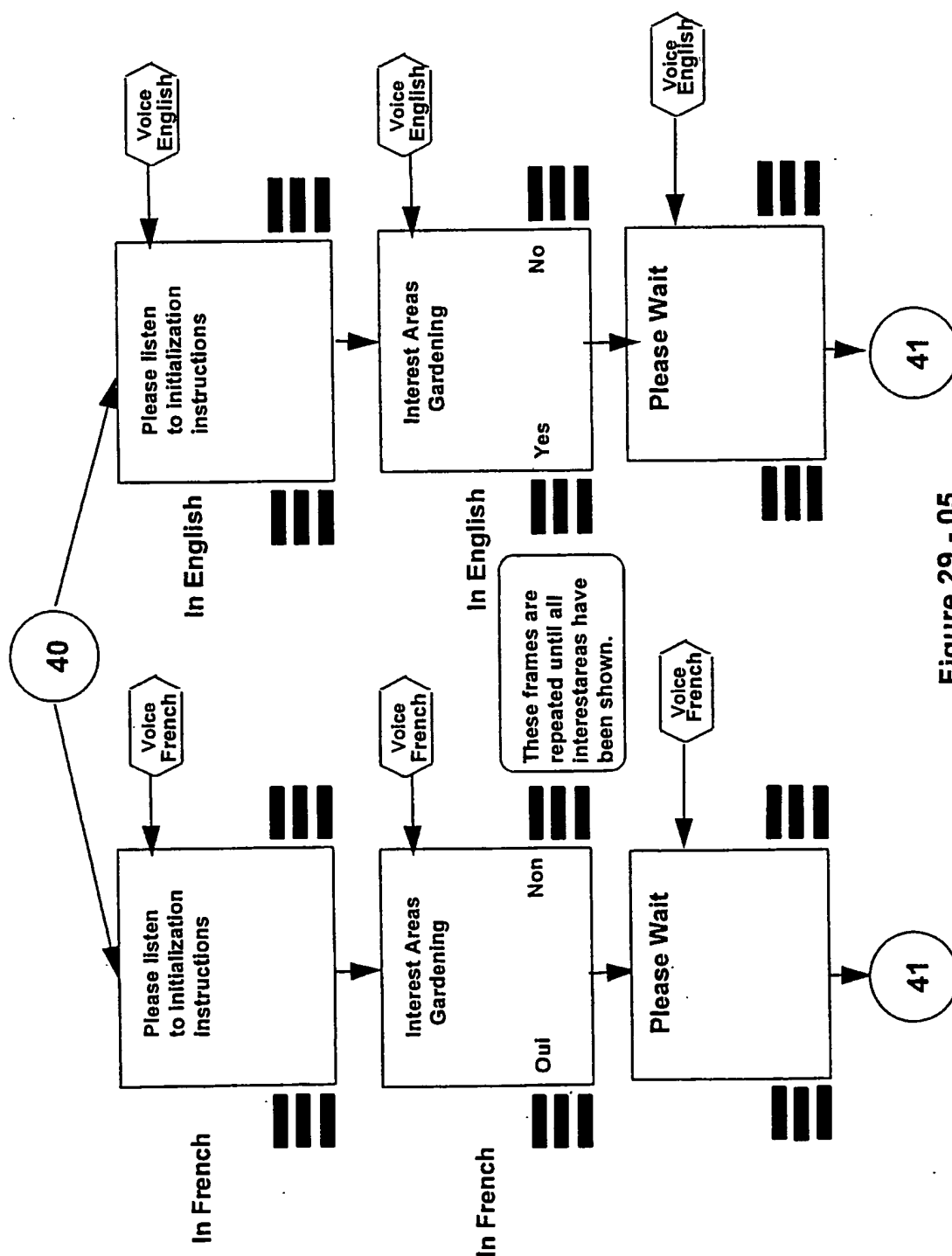


Figure 29 - 05

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

68/95

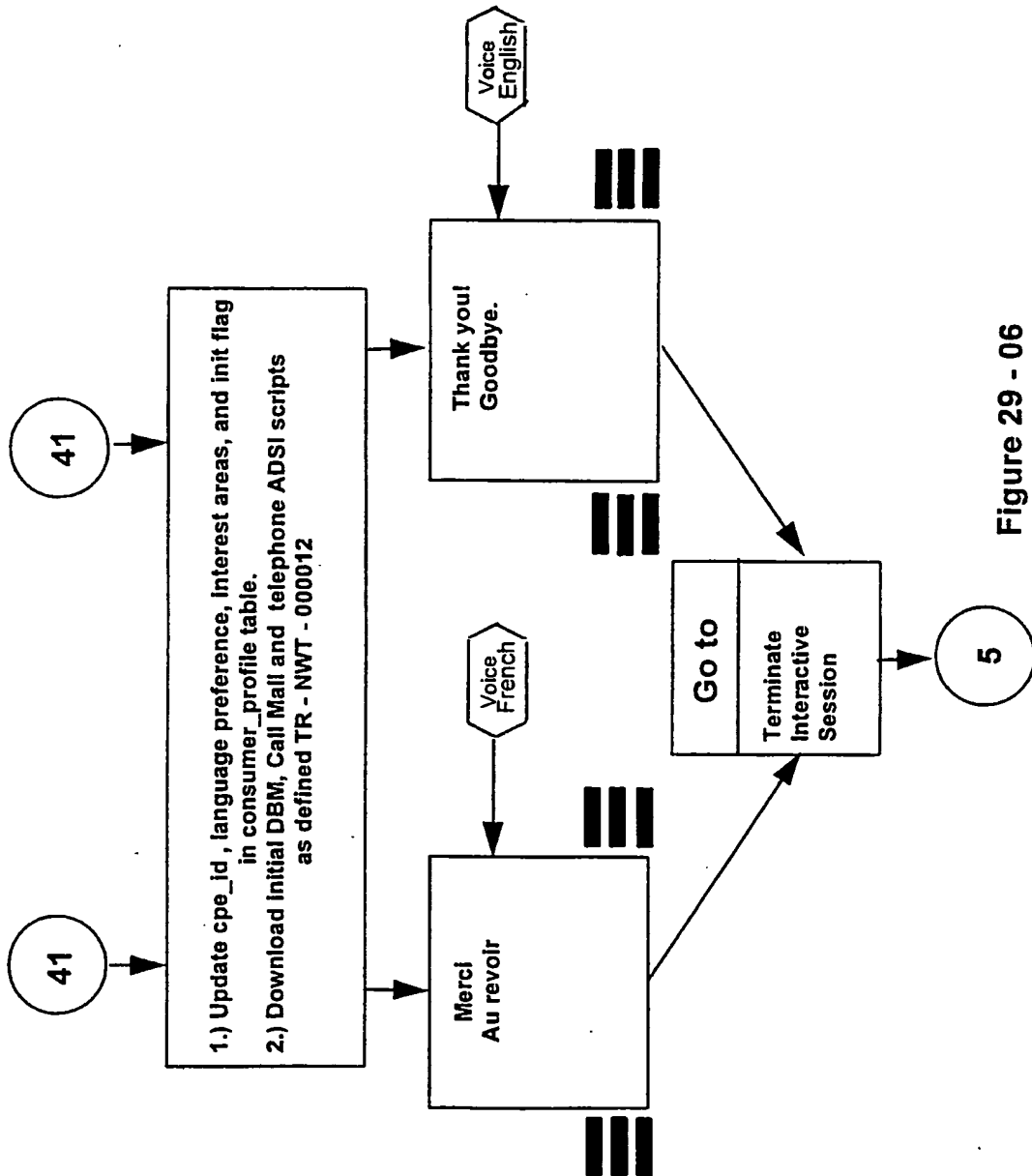


Figure 29 - 06

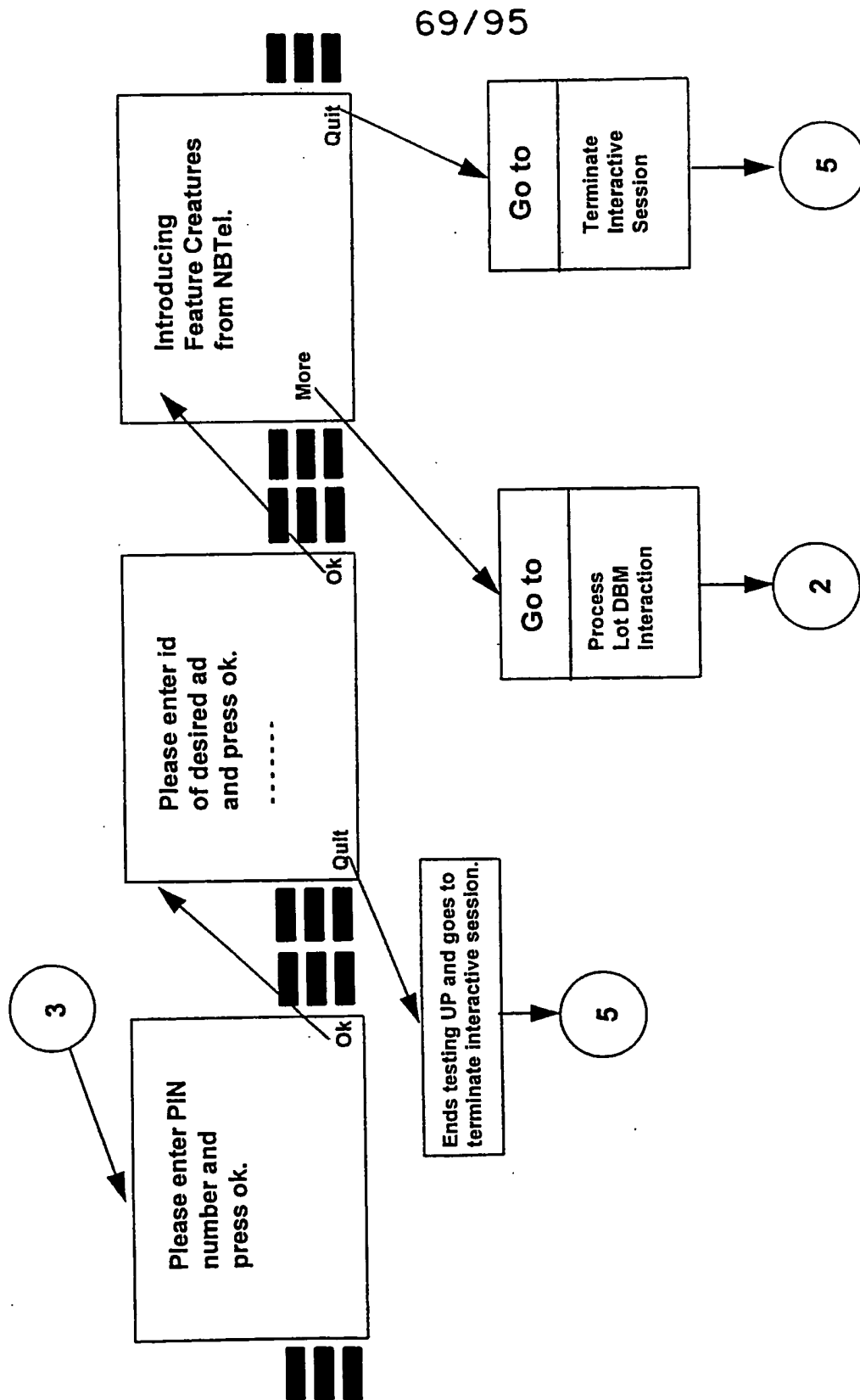


Figure 29 - 07

70/95

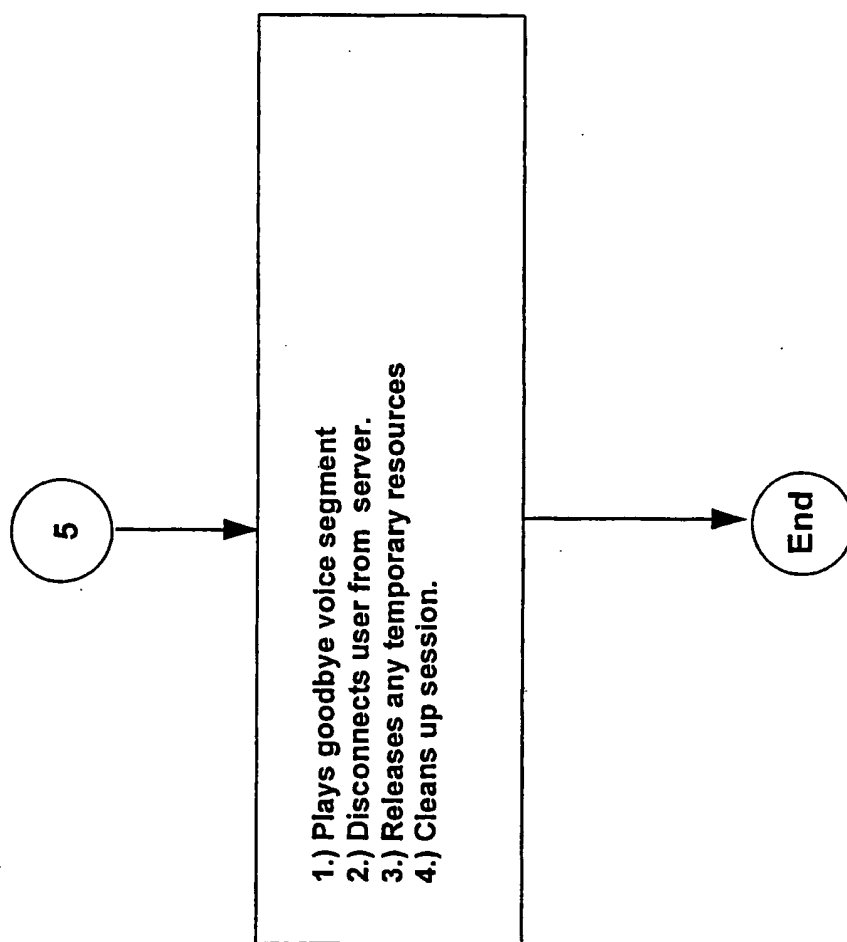


Figure 29 - 08

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

71/95

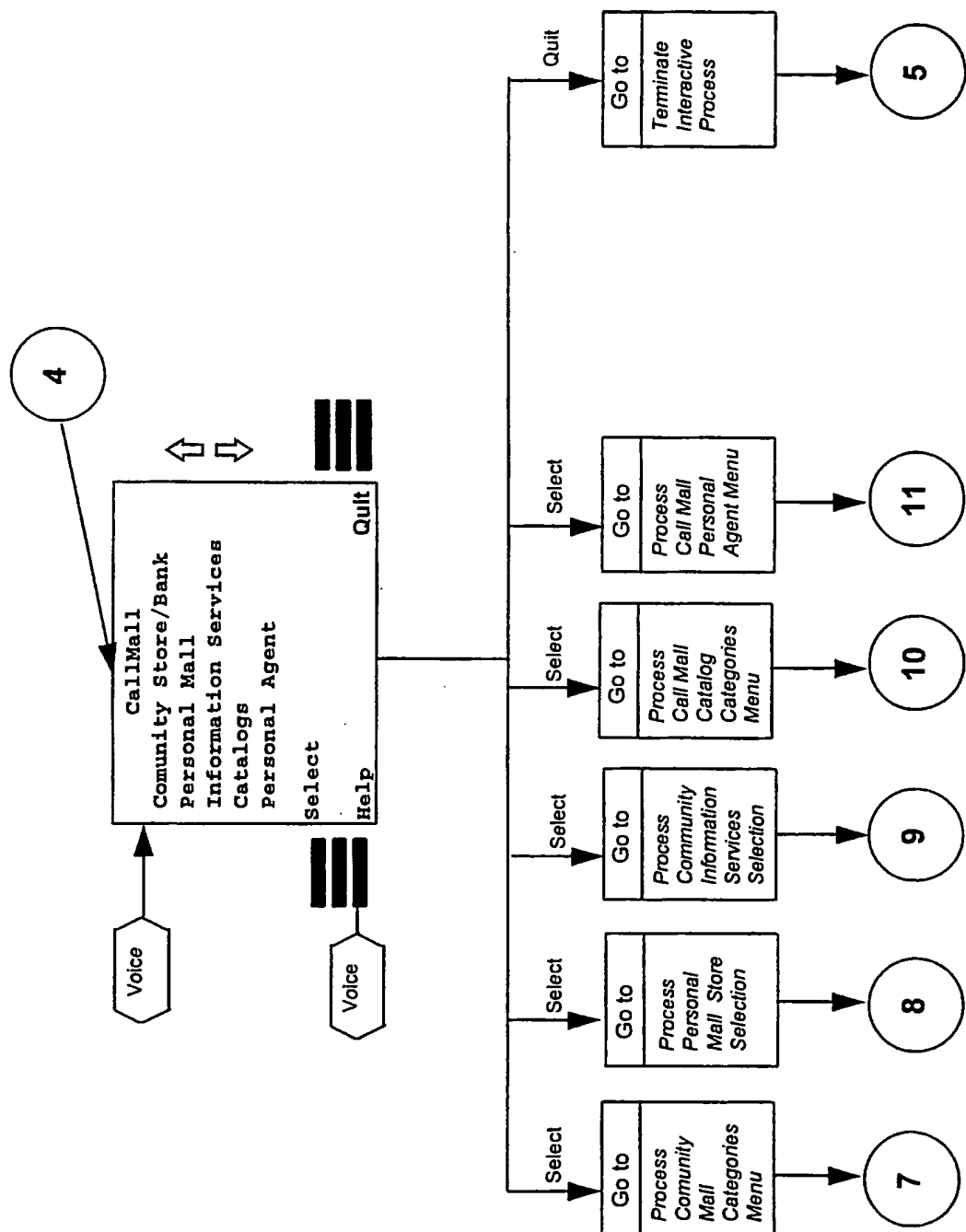


Figure 29 - 09

72/95

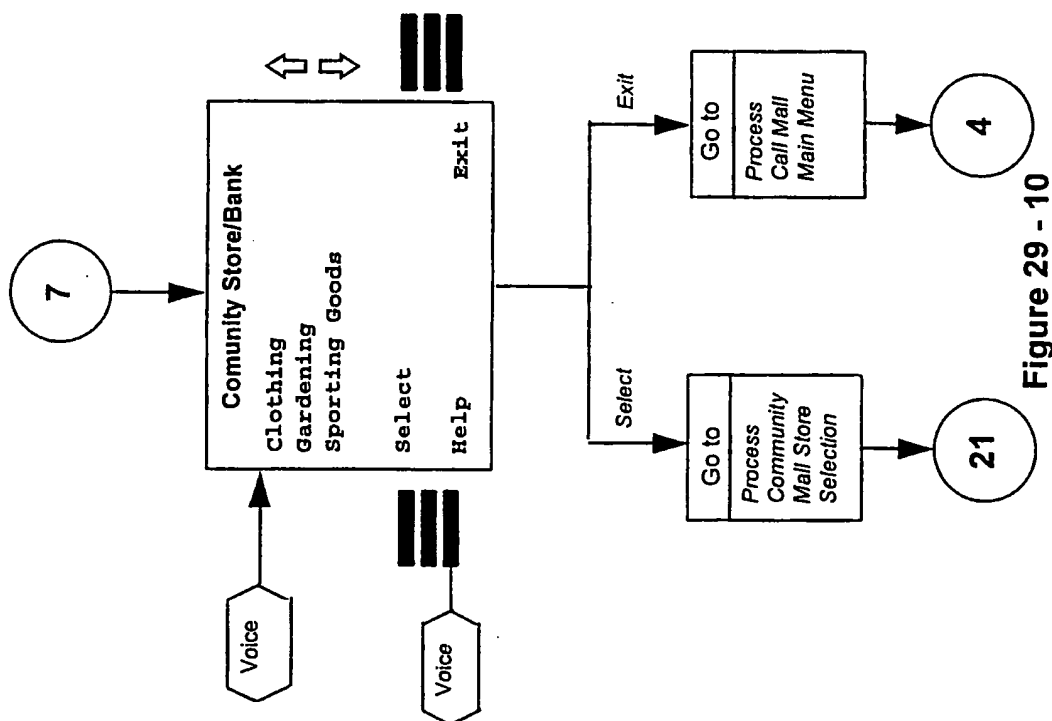


Figure 29 - 10

SUBSTITUTE SHEET



73/95

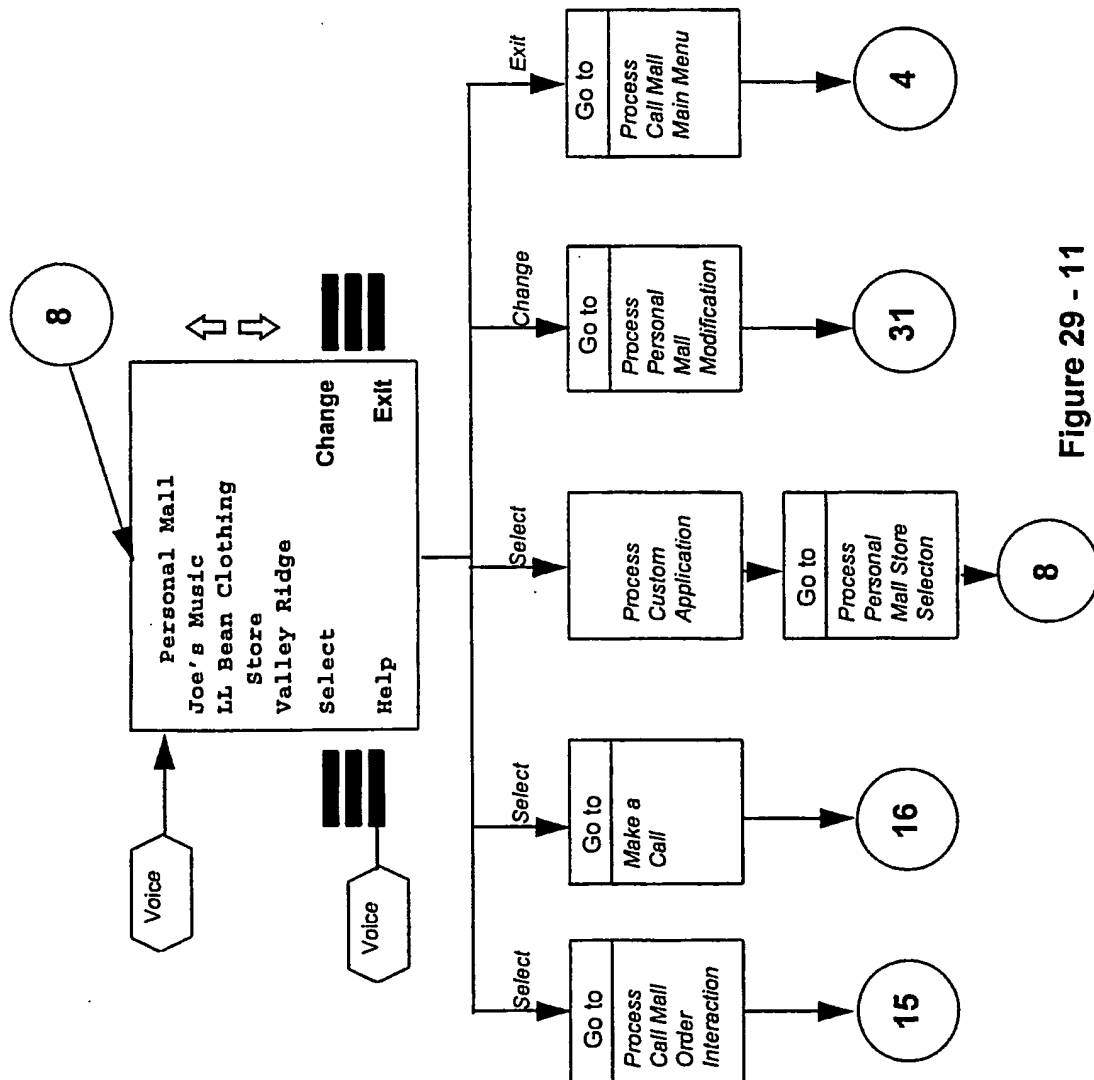
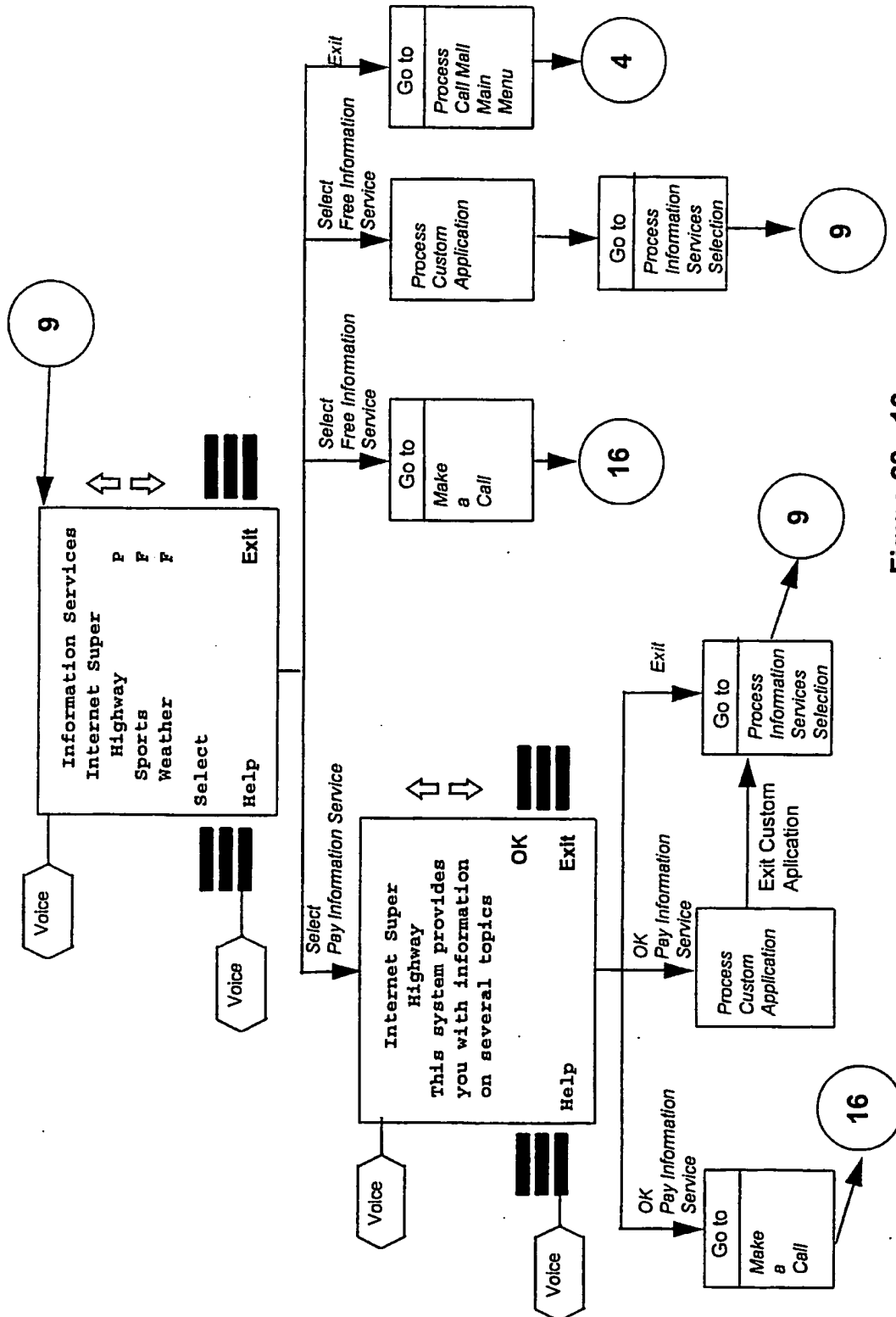


Figure 29 - 11

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**Figure 29 - 12**

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET

75/95

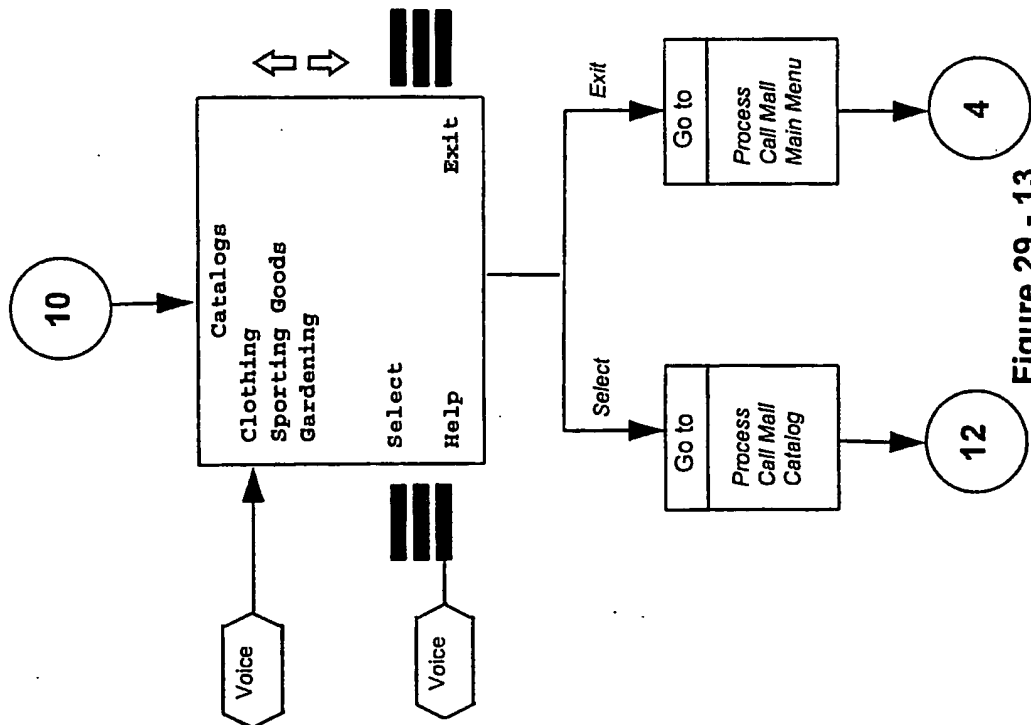


Figure 29 - 13

76/95

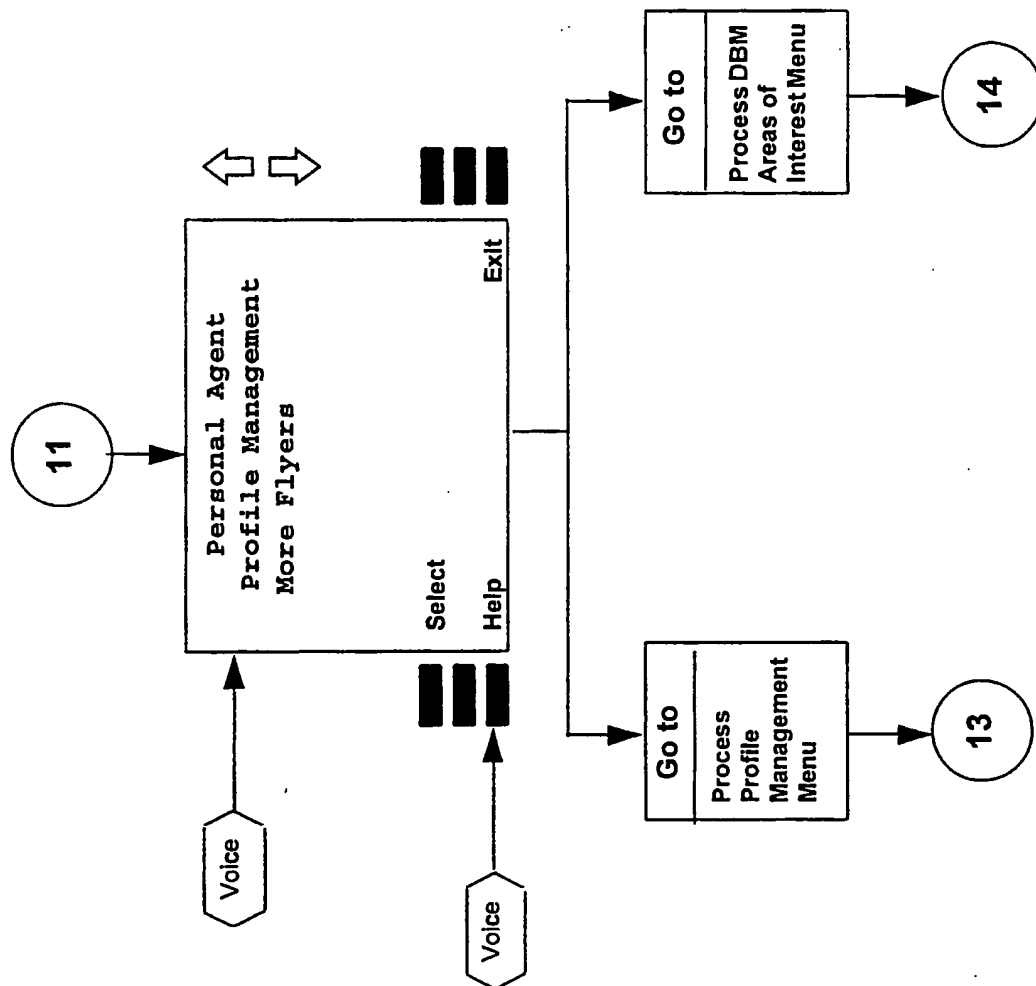


Figure 29 - 14

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

77/95

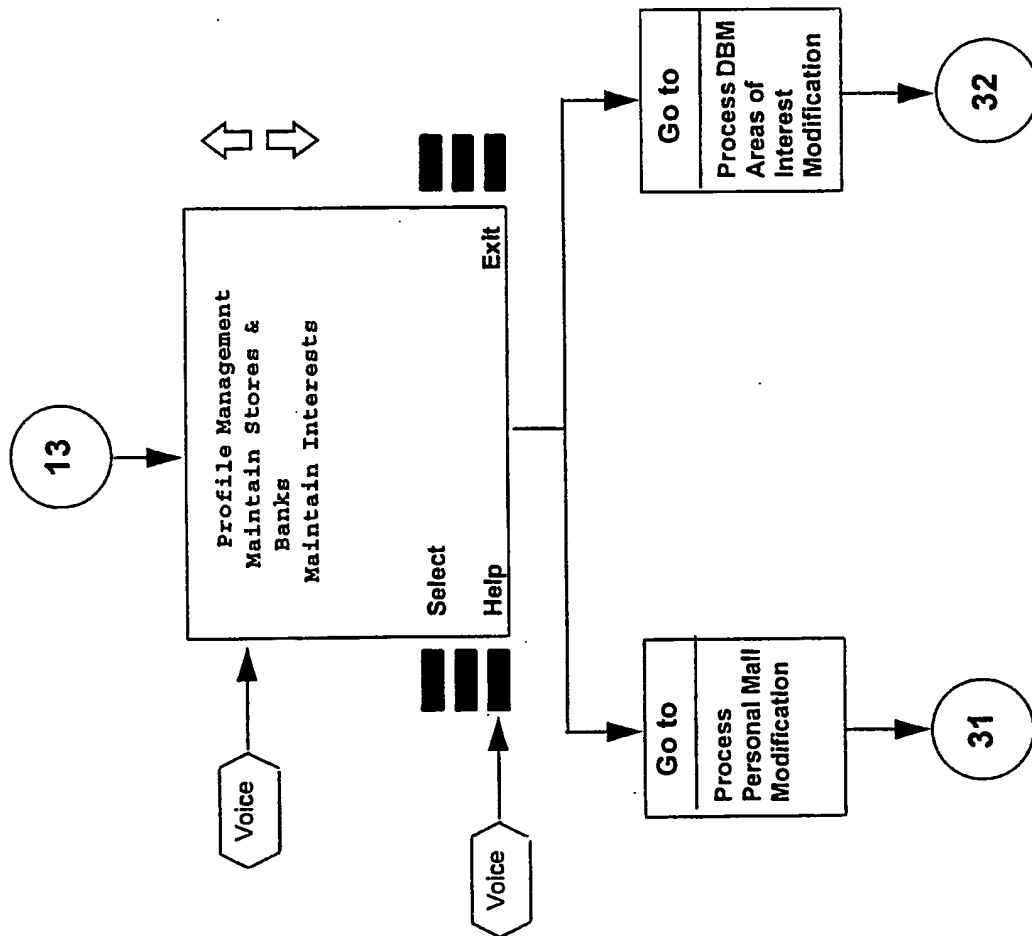


Figure 29 - 15

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

78/95

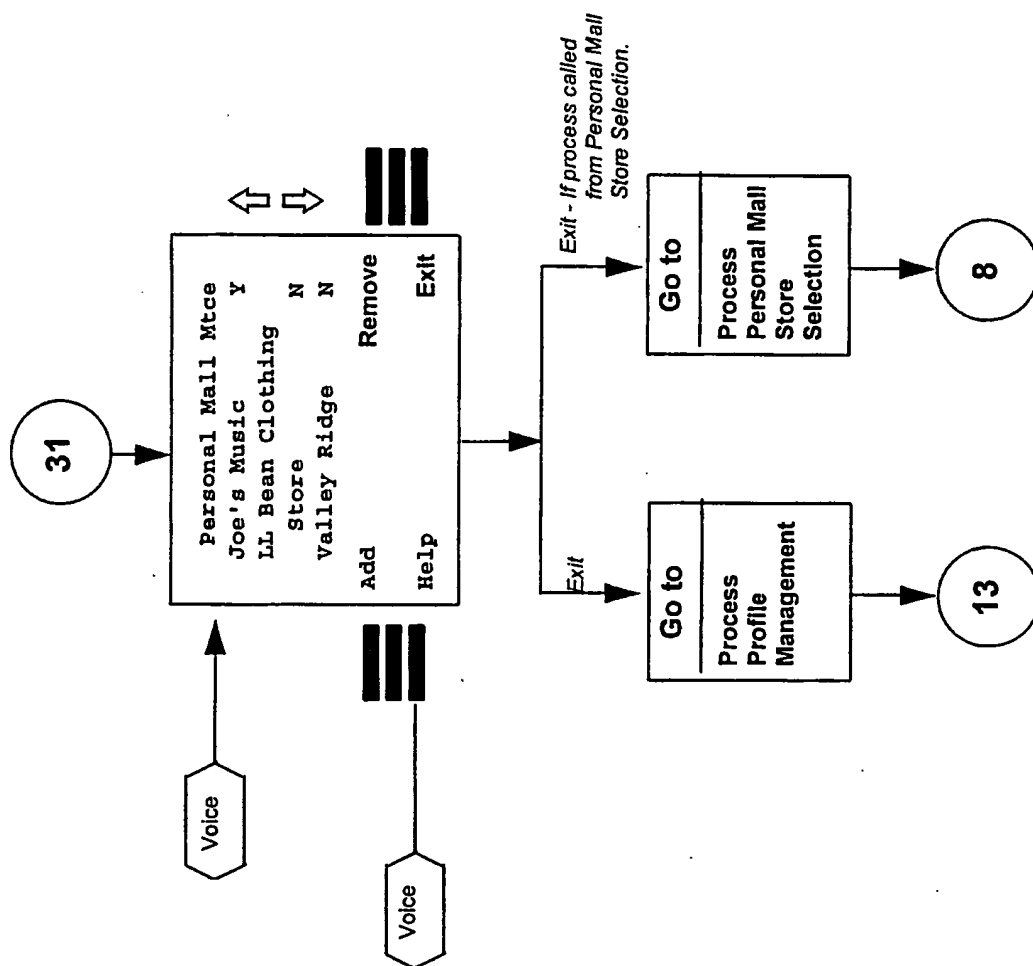


Figure 29 - 16

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

79/95

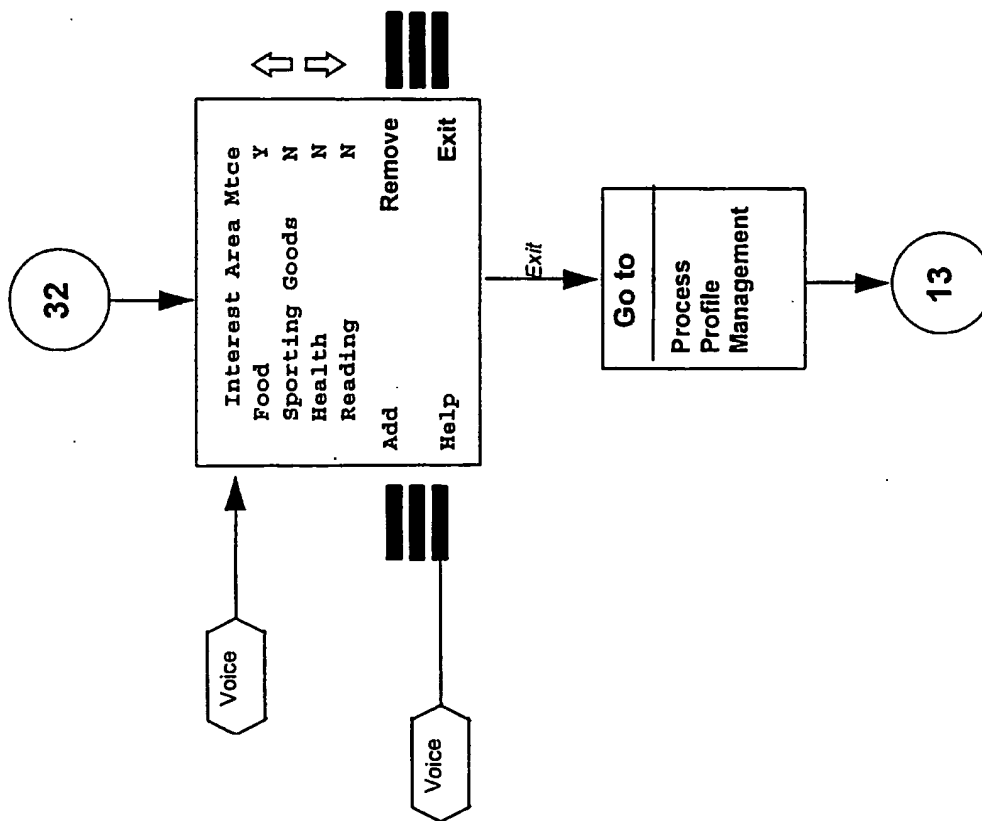


Figure 29 - 17

80/95

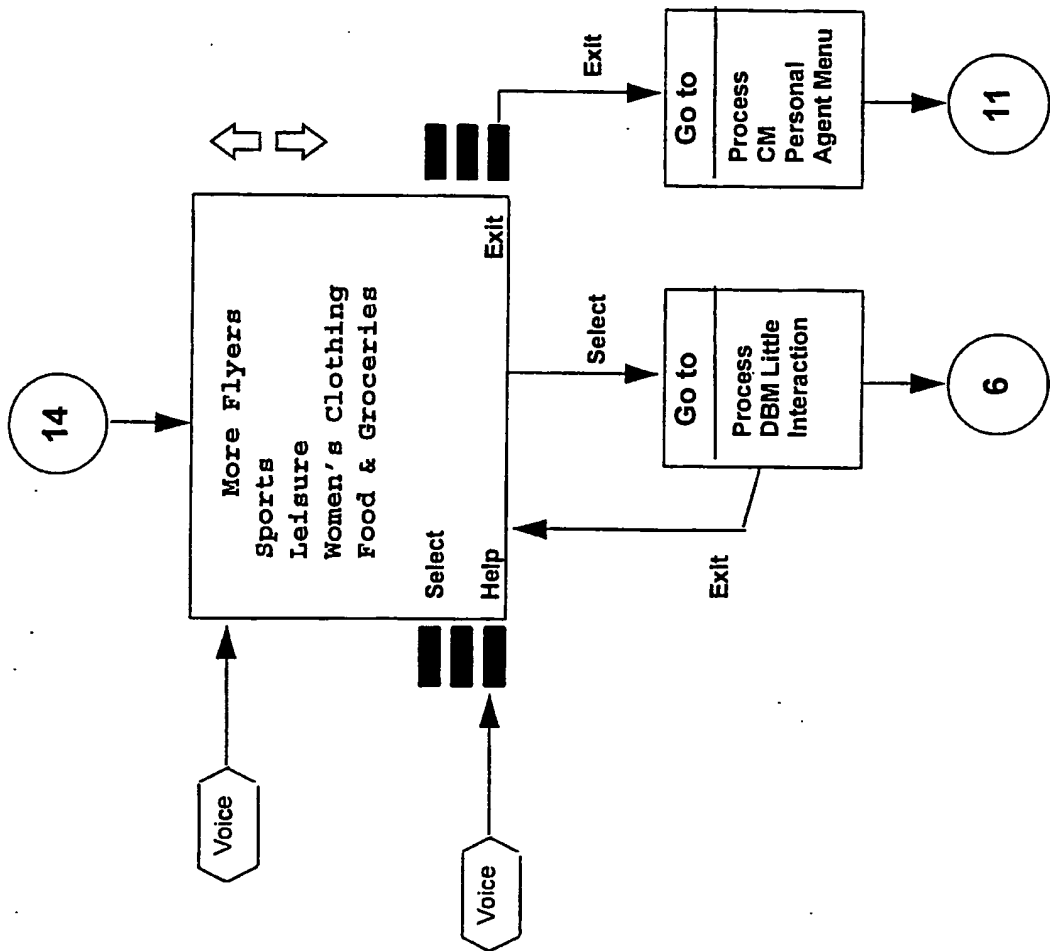


Figure 29 - 18

SUBSTITUTE SHEET



81/95

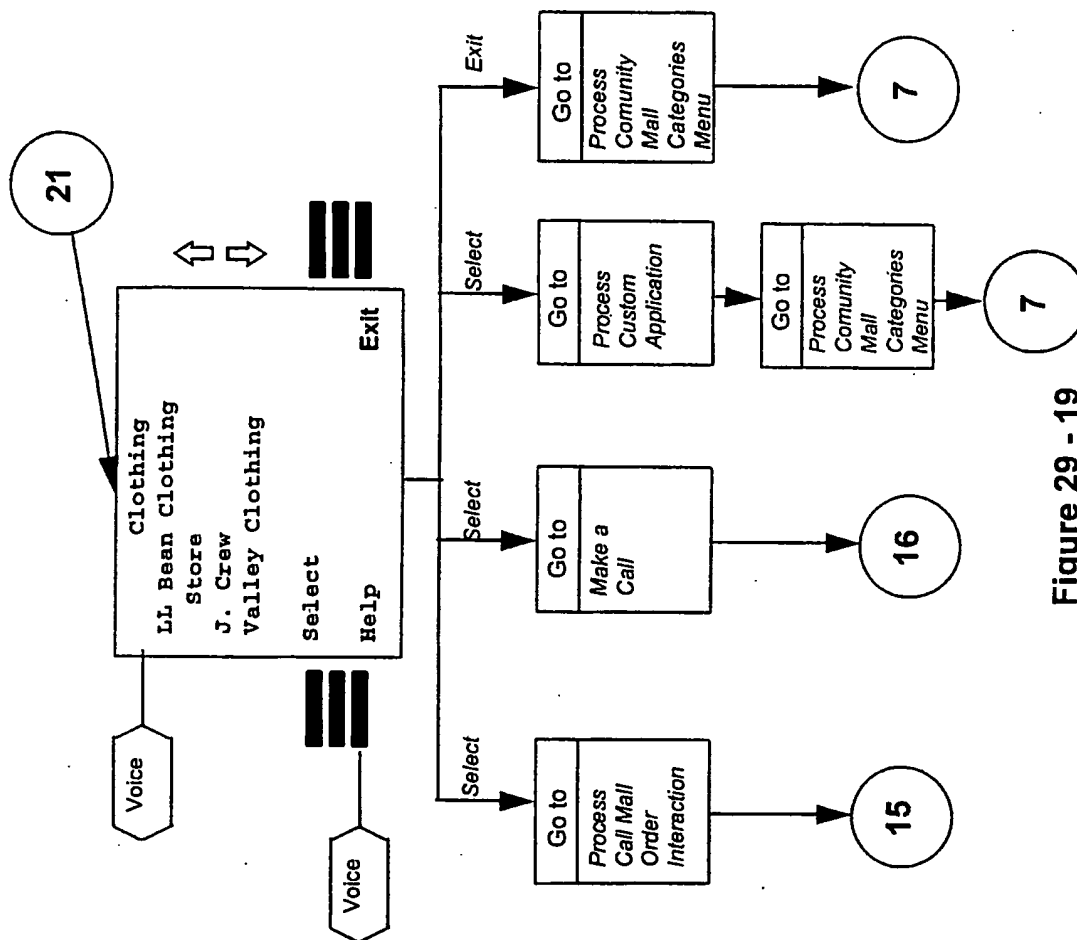


Figure 29 - 19

82/95

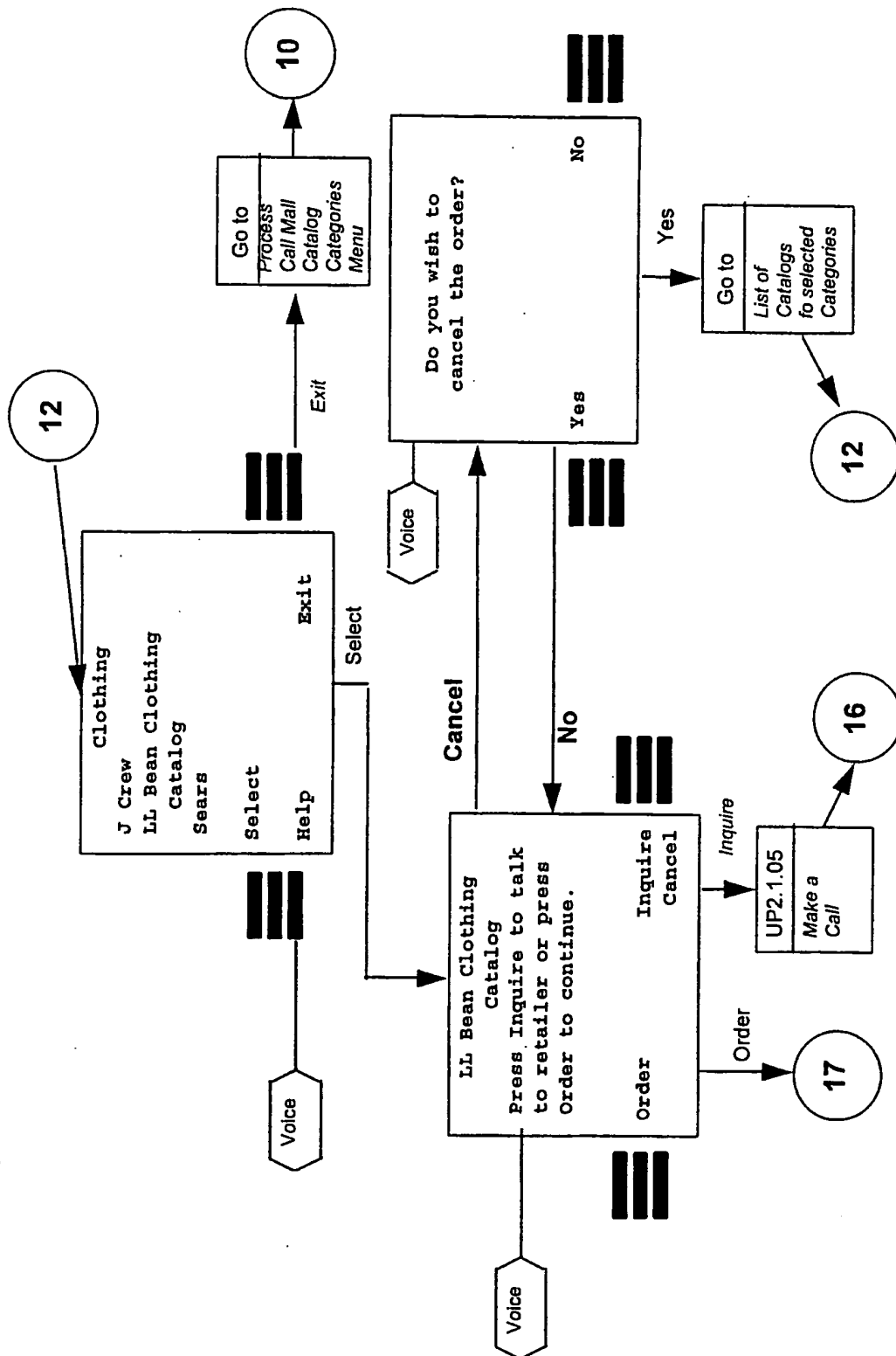


Figure 29 - 20

83/95

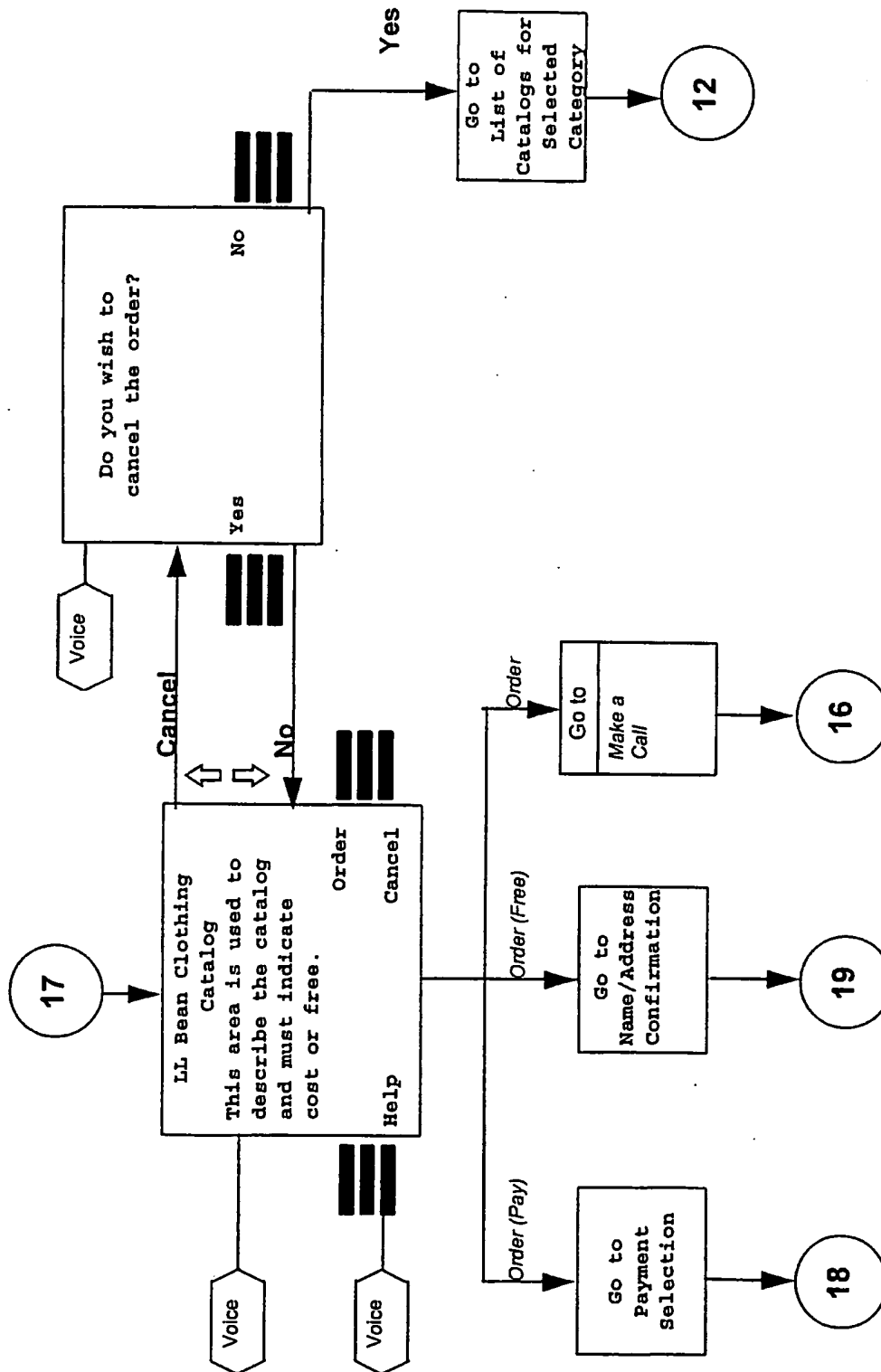


Figure 29 - 21

84/95

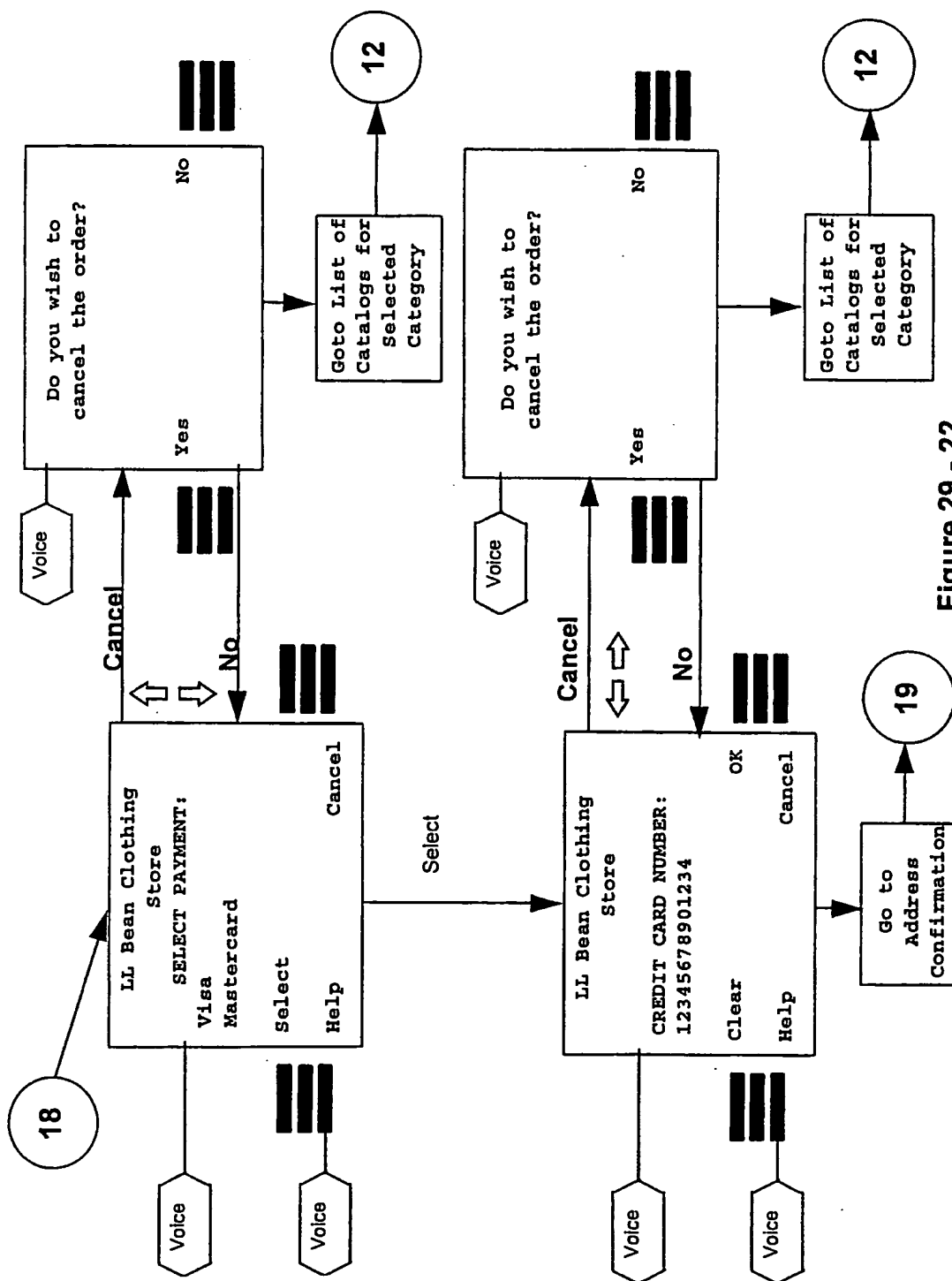


Figure 29 - 22

85/95

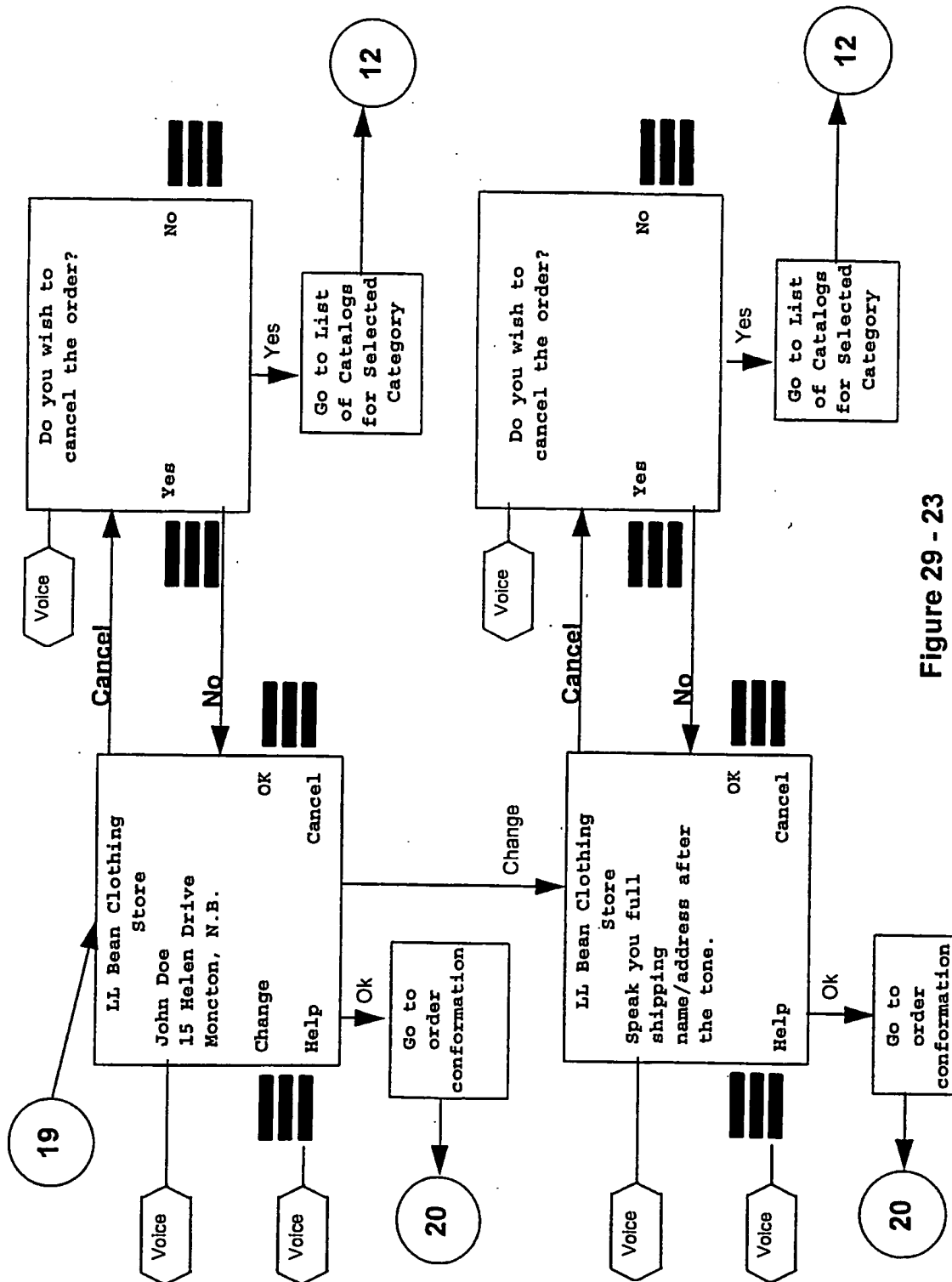


Figure 29 - 23

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

86/95

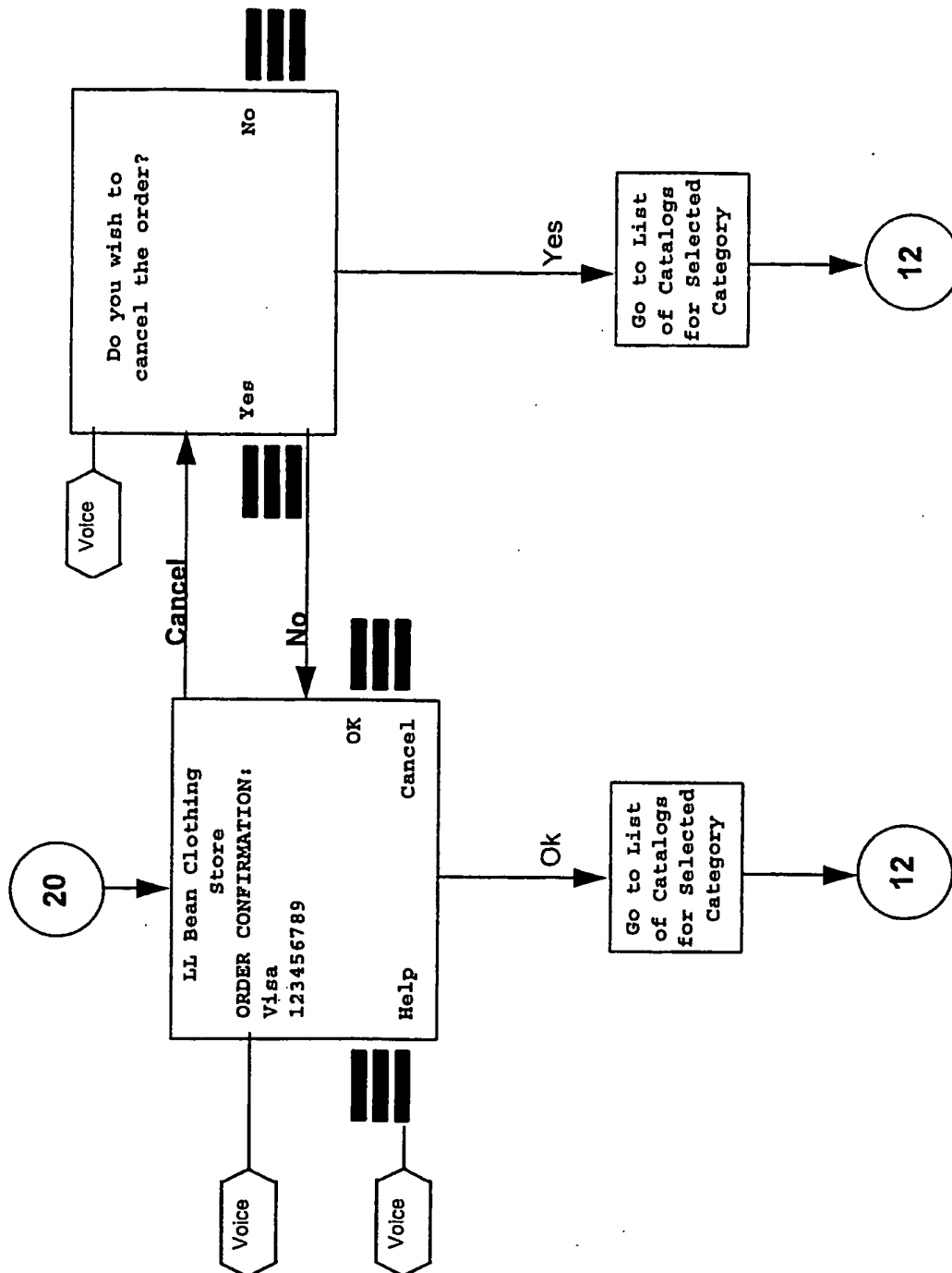


Figure 29 - 24

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

87/95

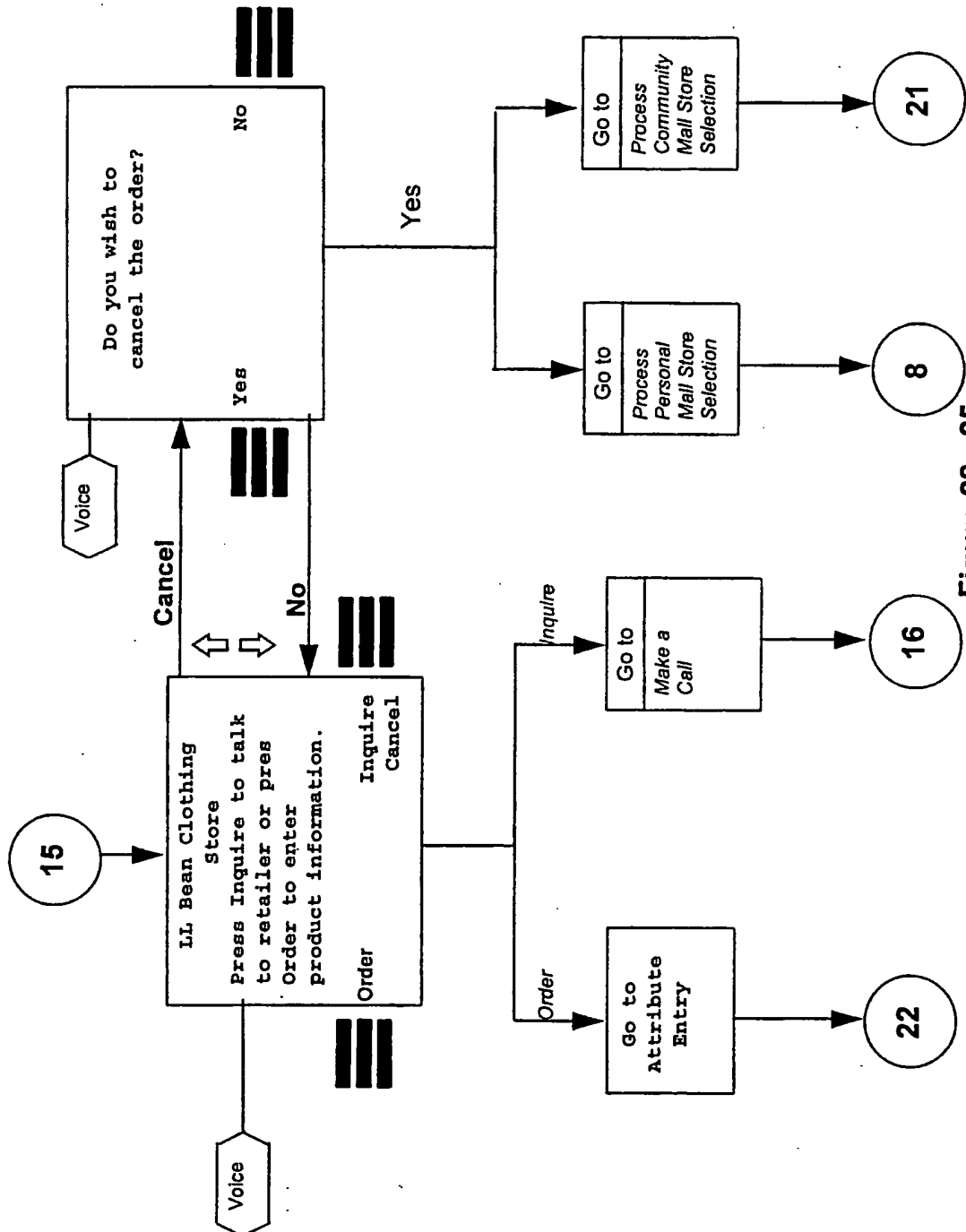


Figure 29 - 25

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

88/95

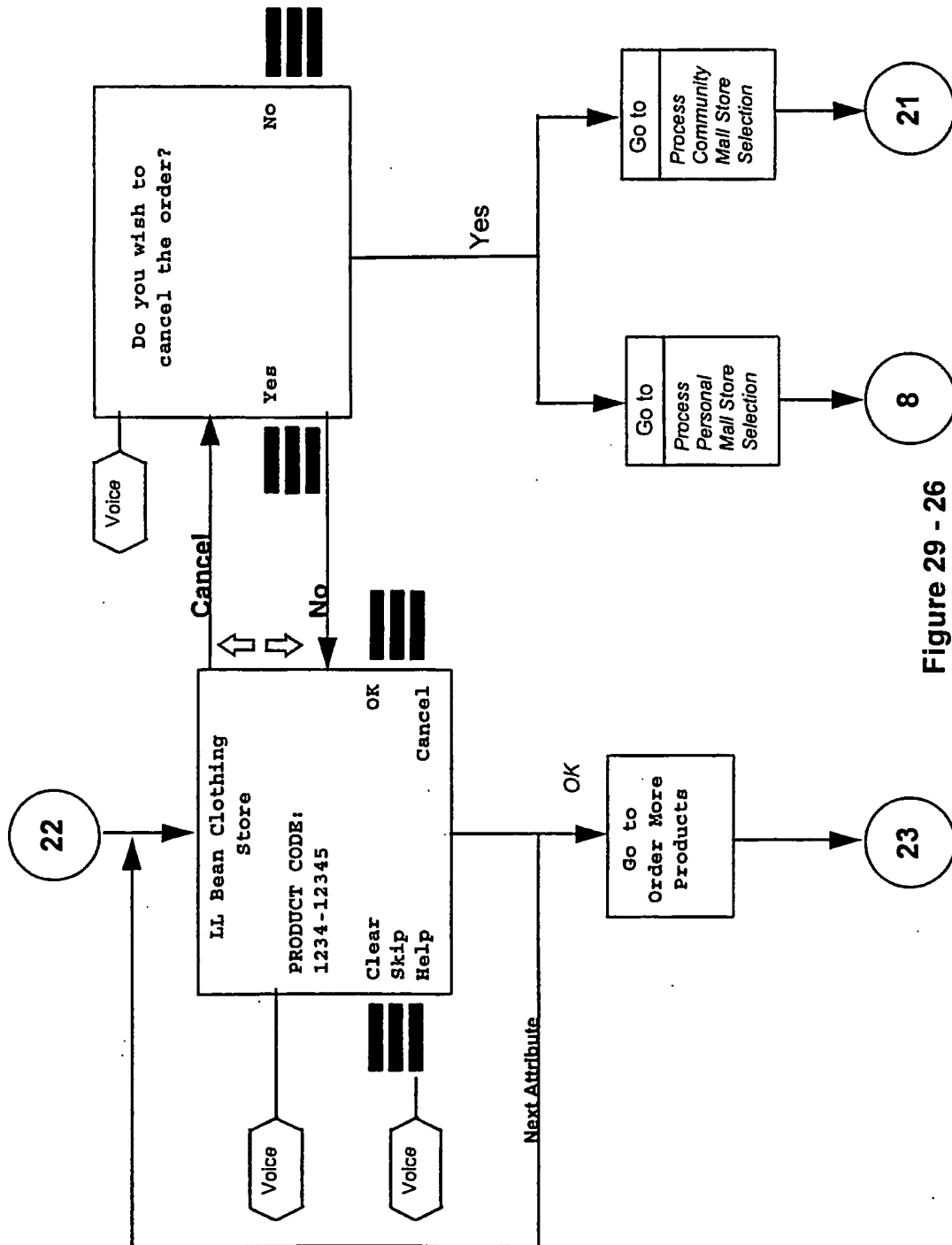


Figure 29 - 26



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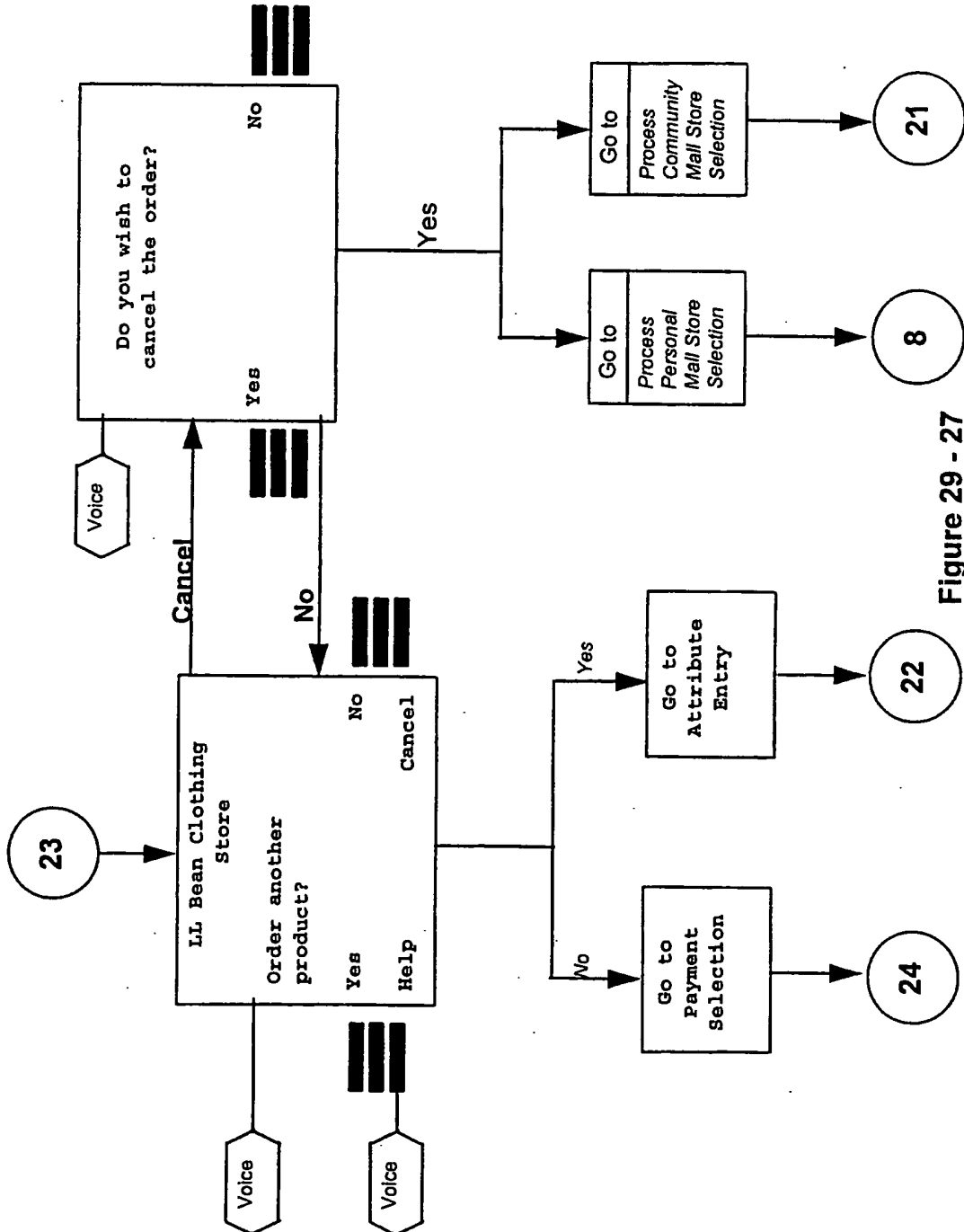


Figure 29 - 27

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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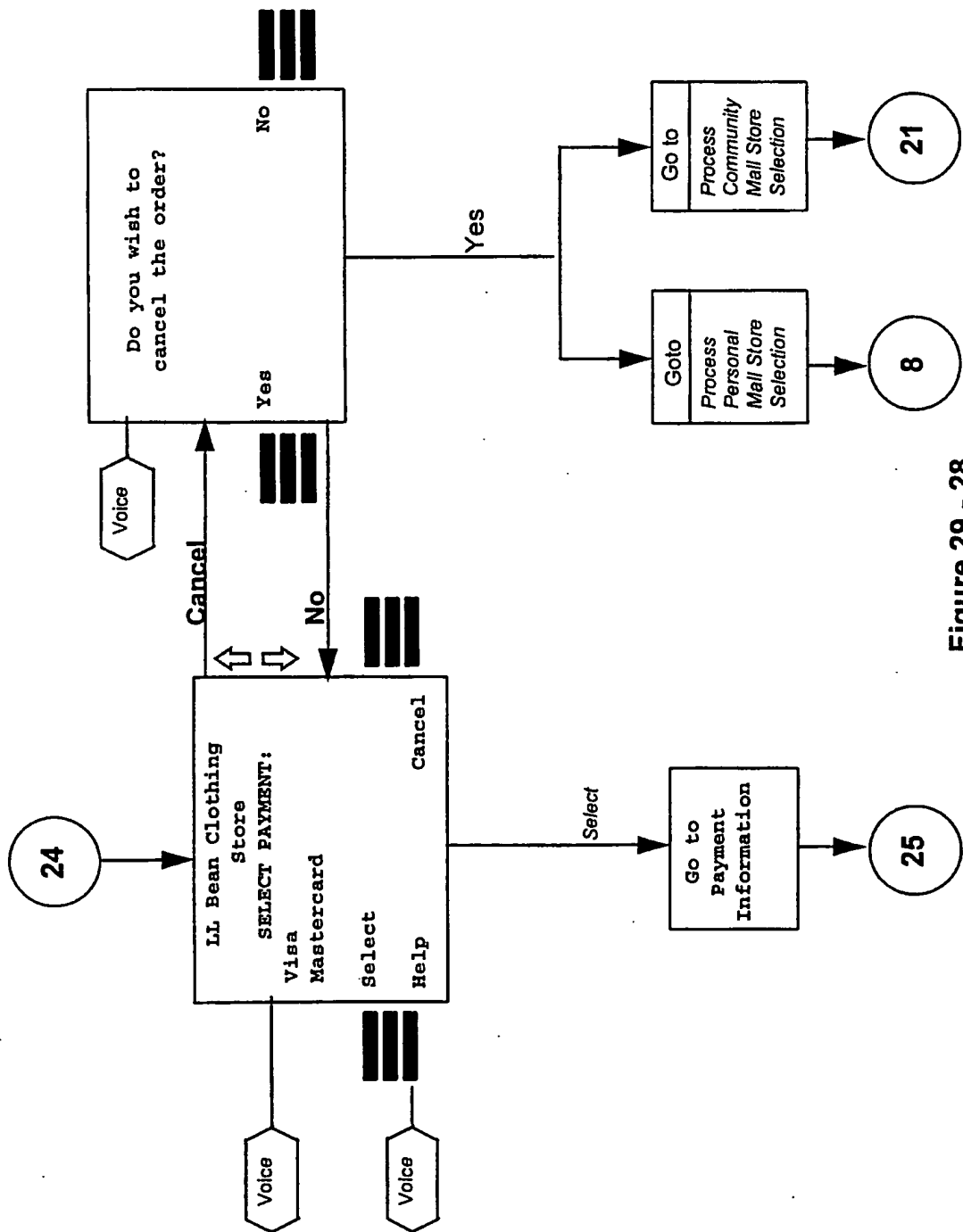


Figure 29 - 28

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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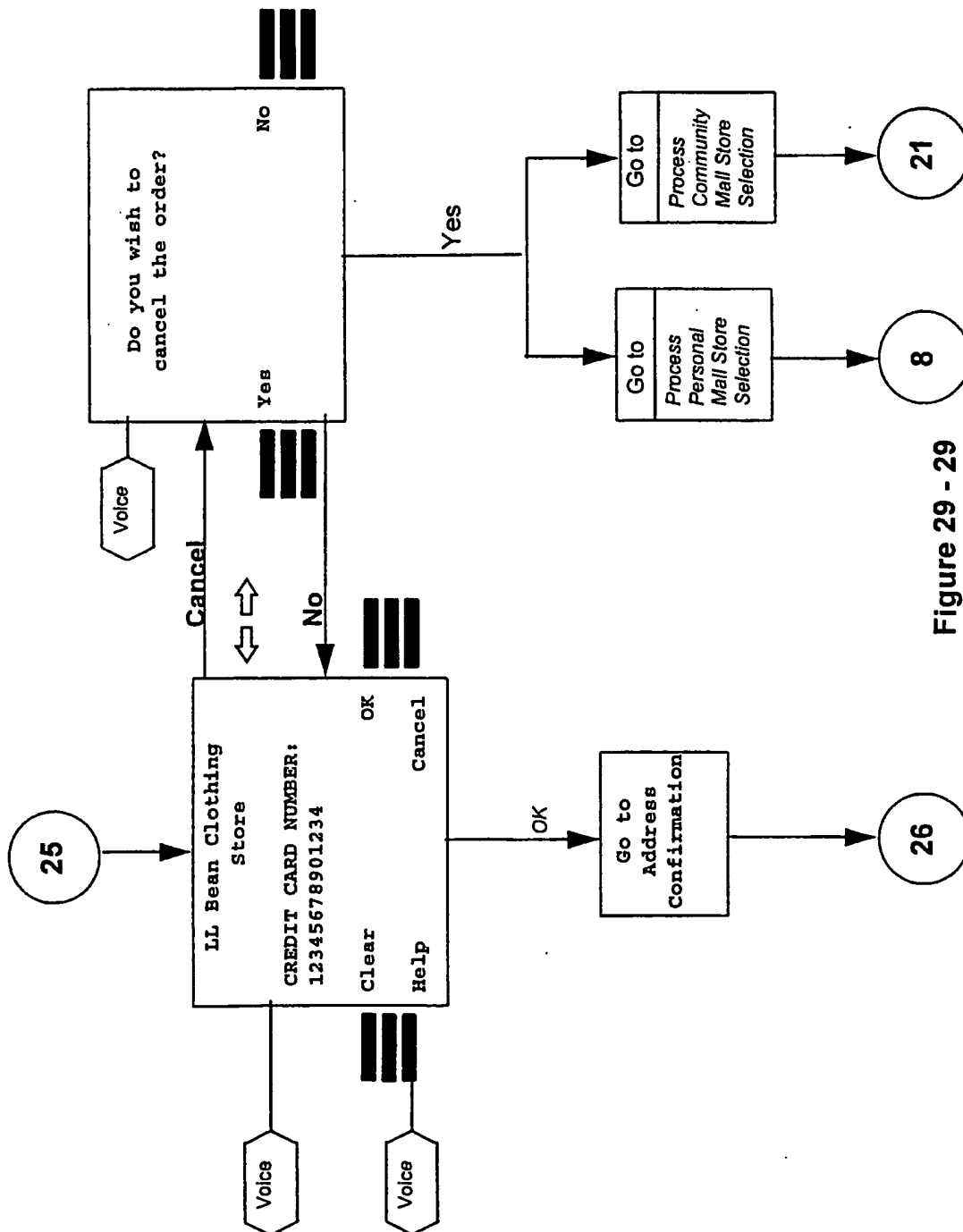


Figure 29 - 29

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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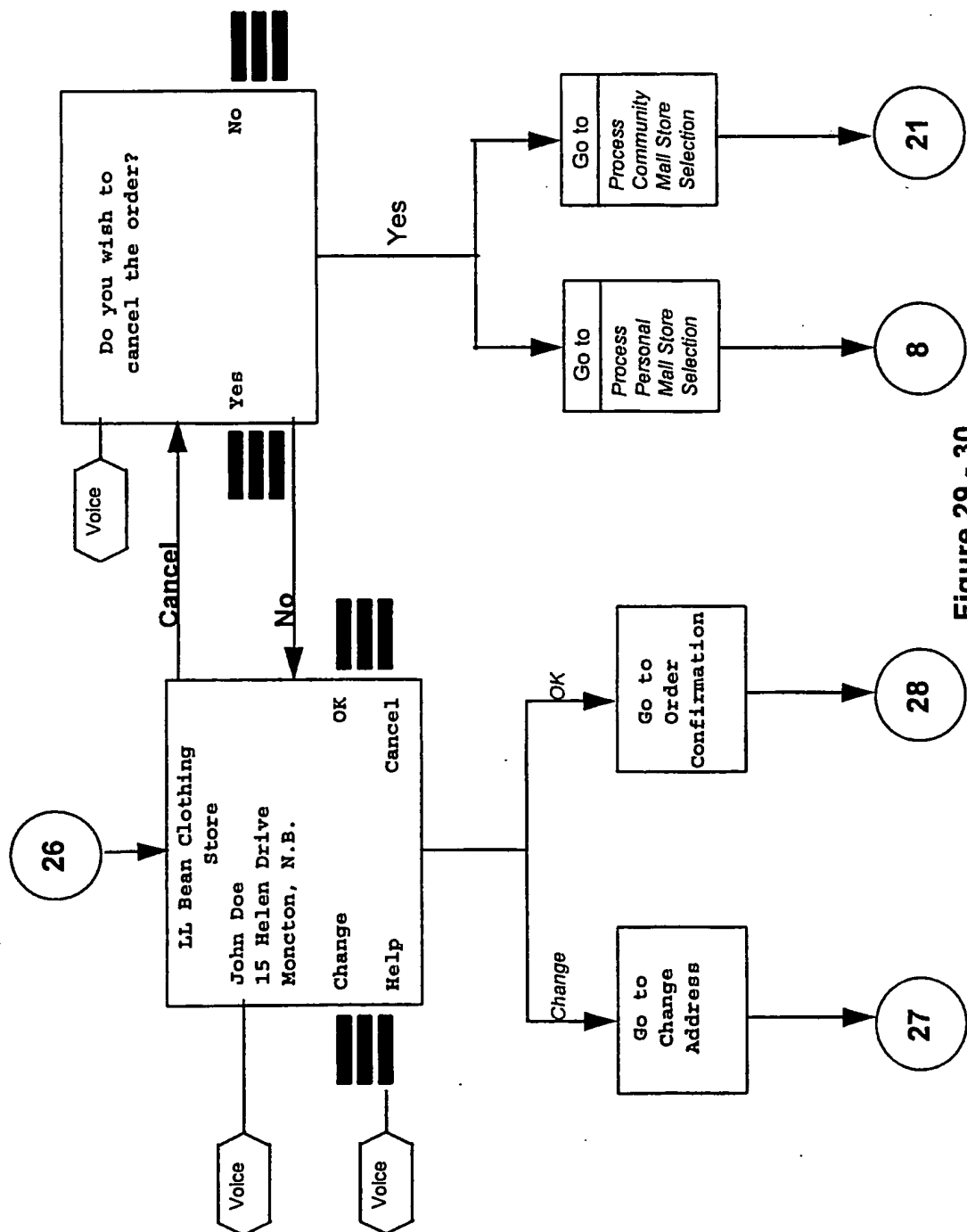


Figure 29 - 30

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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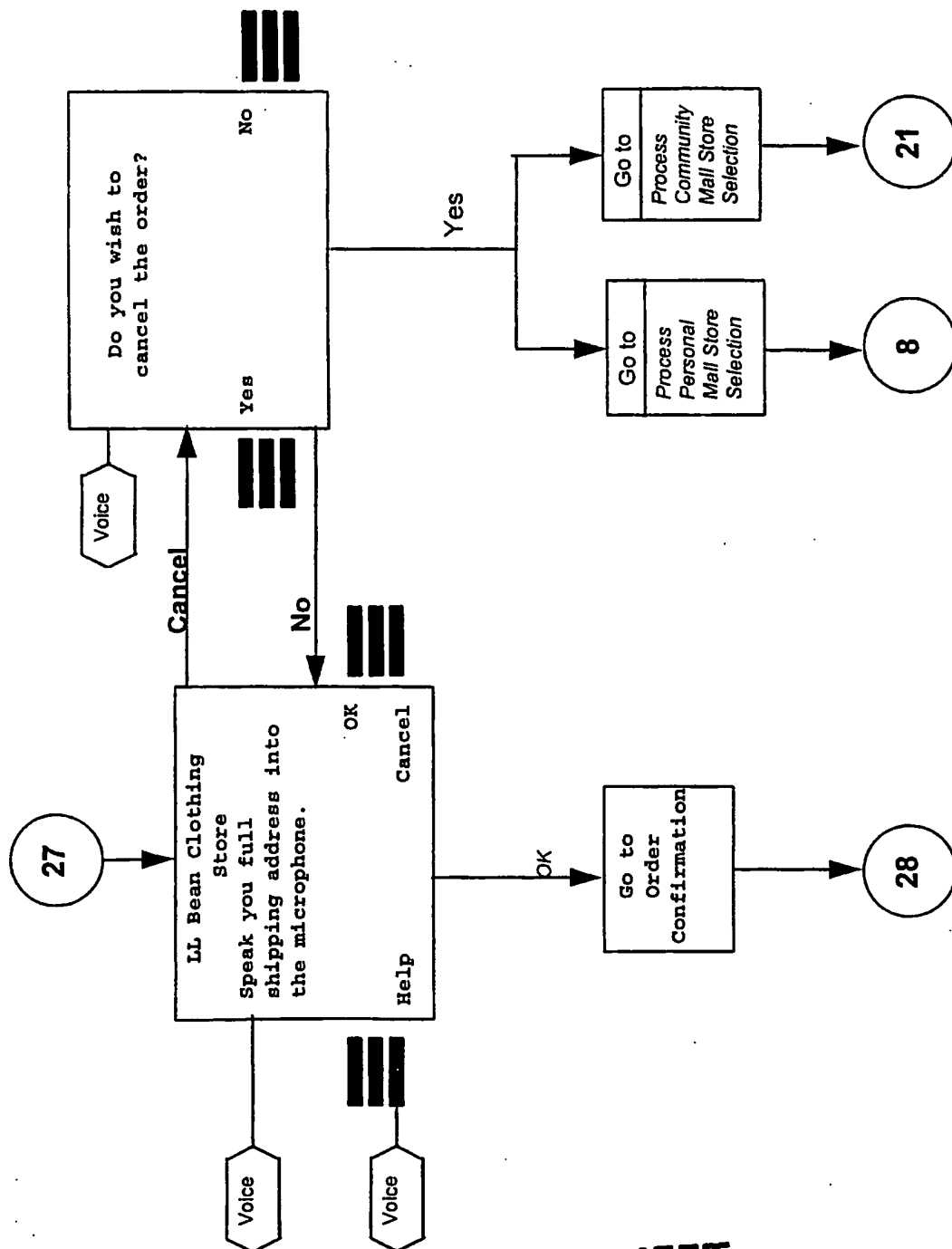
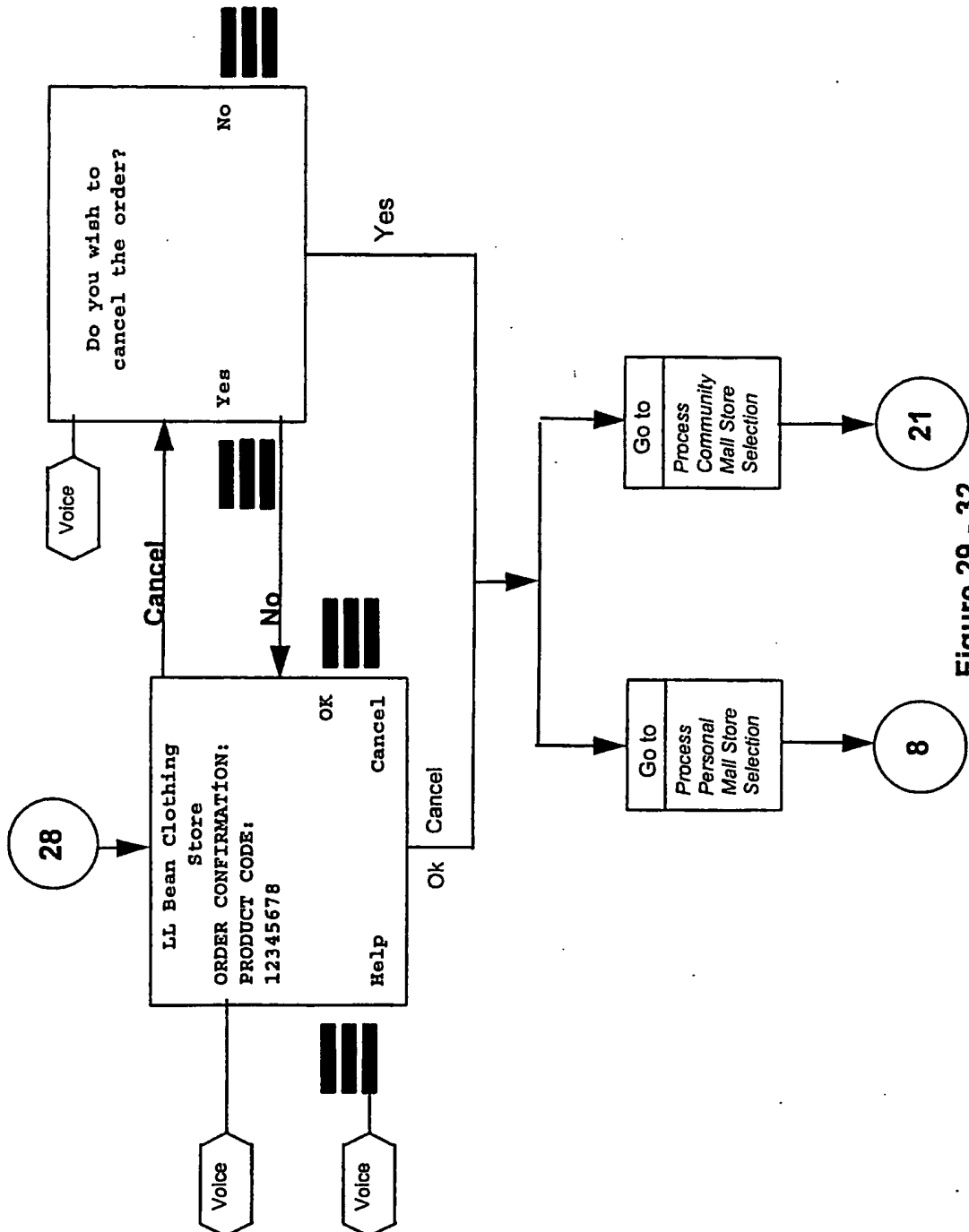


Figure 29 - 31

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

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**Figure 29 - 32**

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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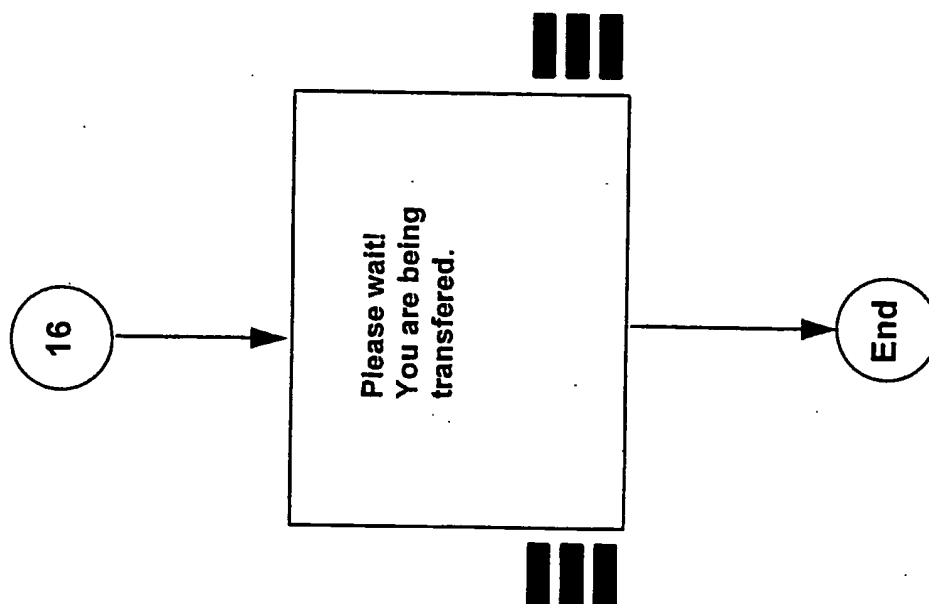


Figure 29 - 33

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/CA 94/00332

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  
IPC 5 H04M11/08 G09F27/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
IPC 5 H04M G09F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP,A,0 344 672 (ELECTRIC AVENUE, INC.) 6 December 1989 see abstract see column 2, line 50 - column 3, line 13 see column 5, line 4 - column 6, line 11 see column 8, line 23 - line 51 ---	1-8
A	WO,A,93 07713 (VISCORP) 15 April 1993 see page 2, line 28 - page 4, line 4 see page 11, line 13 - page 12, line 25 ---	1-8
A	EP,A,0 474 407 (AT&T) 11 March 1992 see abstract -----	3

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

27 September 1994

Date of mailing of the international search report

107. 10. 94

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Authorized officer

Mikkelsen, C



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/CA 94/00332

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
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		AU-B- 630302	22-10-92
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		CA-A- 2095668	01-03-92
		EP-A- 0565211	13-10-93
		JP-A- 4246961	02-09-92
		US-A- 5243644	07-09-93